

BECKHOFF New Automation Technology

Manual | EN

TE1000

TwinCAT 3 | PLC Library: Tc2_EtherCAT

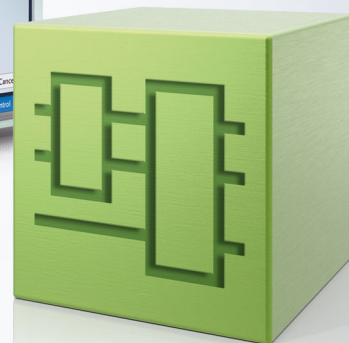
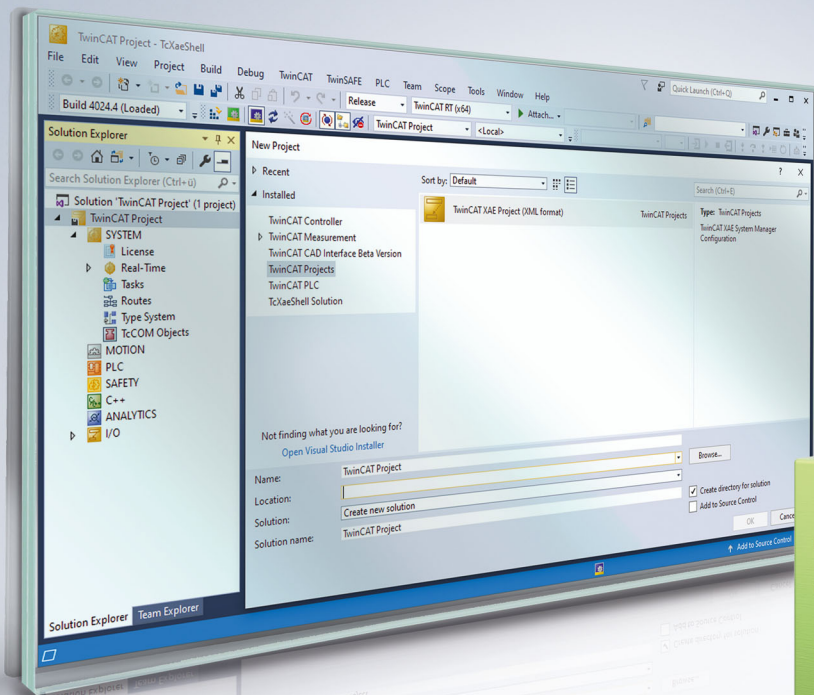


Table of Contents

| | | |
|----------|--|-----------|
| 1 | Foreword | 7 |
| 1.1 | Notes on the documentation | 7 |
| 1.2 | For your safety | 7 |
| 1.3 | Notes on information security..... | 9 |
| 2 | Overview | 10 |
| 3 | EtherCAT Commands | 11 |
| 3.1 | FB_EcPhysicalReadCmd | 11 |
| 3.2 | FB_EcPhysicalWriteCmd | 13 |
| 3.3 | FB_EcLogicalReadCmd | 15 |
| 3.4 | FB_EcLogicalWriteCmd | 16 |
| 4 | EtherCAT Diagnostic | 18 |
| 4.1 | FB_EcGetAllSlaveAbnormalStateChanges | 18 |
| 4.2 | FB_EcGetAllSlaveAddr | 19 |
| 4.3 | FB_EcGetAllCrcErrors | 20 |
| 4.4 | FB_EcGetAllSlavePresentStateChanges | 21 |
| 4.5 | FB_EcGetConfSlaves | 22 |
| 4.6 | FB_EcGetLastProtErrInfo | 23 |
| 4.7 | FB_EcGetMasterDevState | 25 |
| 4.8 | FB_EcGetScannedSlaves..... | 25 |
| 4.9 | FB_EcGetSlaveCount | 26 |
| 4.10 | FB_EcGetSlaveCrcError | 27 |
| 4.11 | FB_EcGetSlaveCrcErrorEx..... | 29 |
| 4.12 | FB_EcGetSlaveIdentity | 30 |
| 4.13 | FB_EcGetSlaveTopologyInfo | 31 |
| 4.14 | FB_EcMasterFrameCount | 32 |
| 4.15 | FB_EcMasterFrameStatistic | 33 |
| 4.16 | FB_EcMasterFrameStatisticClearCRC | 34 |
| 4.17 | FB_EcMasterFrameStatisticClearFrames..... | 35 |
| 4.18 | FB_EcMasterFrameStatisticClearTxRxErr..... | 36 |
| 4.19 | F_CheckVendorId | 36 |
| 4.20 | F_EcGetLinkedTaskOfSyncUnit | 37 |
| 4.21 | F_EcGetSyncUnitName | 38 |
| 5 | EtherCAT State Machine | 39 |
| 5.1 | FB_EcGetAllSlaveStates | 39 |
| 5.2 | FB_EcGetMasterState | 40 |
| 5.3 | FB_EcGetSlaveState | 41 |
| 5.4 | FB_EcReqMasterState | 42 |
| 5.5 | FB_EcReqSlaveState | 44 |
| 5.6 | FB_EcSetMasterState..... | 45 |
| 5.7 | FB_EcSetSlaveState..... | 46 |
| 6 | CoE interface | 49 |
| 6.1 | FB_EcCoeSdoRead | 49 |
| 6.2 | FB_EcCoeSdoReadEx..... | 50 |

| | | |
|-----------|--|-----------|
| 6.3 | FB_EcCoeSdoWrite | 51 |
| 6.4 | FB_EcCoeSdoWriteEx | 53 |
| 6.5 | FB_CoERead_ByDriveRef | 54 |
| 6.6 | FB_CoEWrite_ByDriveRef | 56 |
| 6.7 | FB_EcCoeReadBIC | 57 |
| 6.8 | FB_EcCoeReadBTN | 59 |
| 7 | FoE interface | 61 |
| 7.1 | FB_EcFoeAccess | 61 |
| 7.2 | FB_EcFoeClose | 62 |
| 7.3 | FB_EcFoeLoad | 63 |
| 7.4 | FB_EcFoeOpen | 64 |
| 7.5 | FB_EcFoeReadFile | 66 |
| 7.6 | FB_EcFoeWriteFile | 68 |
| 8 | SoE interface | 70 |
| 8.1 | FB_EcSoeRead | 70 |
| 8.2 | FB_EcSoeWrite | 72 |
| 8.3 | FB_SoERead_ByDriveRef | 73 |
| 8.4 | FB_SoEWrite_ByDriveRef | 75 |
| 9 | Conversion Functions | 77 |
| 9.1 | F_ConvBK1120CouplerStateToString | 77 |
| 9.2 | F_ConvMasterDevStateToString | 77 |
| 9.3 | F_ConvProductCodeToString | 78 |
| 9.4 | F_ConvSlaveStateToString | 78 |
| 9.5 | F_ConvSlaveStateToBits | 79 |
| 9.6 | F_ConvSlaveStateToBitsEx | 79 |
| 9.7 | F_ConvStateToString | 80 |
| 10 | Distributed Clocks | 81 |
| 10.1 | DCTIME32 | 81 |
| 10.1.1 | ConvertDcTimeToPos | 81 |
| 10.1.2 | ConvertPosToDcTime | 82 |
| 10.1.3 | ConvertDcTimeToPathPos | 83 |
| 10.1.4 | ConvertPathPosToDcTime | 84 |
| 10.2 | DCTIME64 | 85 |
| 10.2.1 | DCTIME_TO_DCTIME64 | 85 |
| 10.2.2 | DCTIME64_TO_DCTIME | 85 |
| 10.2.3 | DCTIME64_TO_DCTIMESTRUCT | 86 |
| 10.2.4 | DCTIME64_TO_FILETIME64 | 86 |
| 10.2.5 | DCTIME64_TO_STRING | 87 |
| 10.2.6 | DCTIME64_TO_SYSTEMTIME | 88 |
| 10.2.7 | DCTIMESTRUCT_TO_DCTIME64 | 88 |
| 10.2.8 | FILETIME64_TO_DCTIME64 | 89 |
| 10.2.9 | STRING_TO_DCTIME64 | 89 |
| 10.2.10 | SYSTEMTIME_TO_DCTIME64 | 90 |
| 10.2.11 | FB_EcDcTimeCtrl64 | 91 |
| 10.3 | DCTIME64 and ULINT | 92 |

| | | |
|-----------|--|------------|
| 10.3.1 | F_ConvExtTimeToDcTime64..... | 92 |
| 10.3.2 | F_ConvTcTimeToDcTime64..... | 93 |
| 10.3.3 | F_ConvTcTimeToExtTime64..... | 93 |
| 10.3.4 | F_GetActualDcTime64..... | 94 |
| 10.3.5 | F_GetCurDcTaskTime64..... | 94 |
| 10.3.6 | F_GetCurDcTickTime64..... | 95 |
| 10.3.7 | F_GetCurExtTime64..... | 95 |
| 10.3.8 | FB_EcExtSyncCalcTimeDiff64..... | 96 |
| 10.3.9 | FB_EcExtSyncCheck64..... | 97 |
| 10.4 | [obsolete]..... | 98 |
| 10.4.1 | [outdated DCTIME]..... | 98 |
| 10.4.2 | [outdated DCTIME and T_LARGE_INTEGER]..... | 105 |
| 10.4.3 | DCTIME64_TO_FILETIME..... | 111 |
| 10.4.4 | FILETIME_TO_DCTIME64..... | 112 |
| 11 | [Obsolete]..... | 113 |
| 11.1 | F_GetVersionTcEtherCAT..... | 113 |
| 12 | Data types..... | 114 |
| 12.1 | E_EcAdressingType..... | 114 |
| 12.2 | E_EcFoeMode..... | 114 |
| 12.3 | E_EcMbxProtType..... | 114 |
| 12.4 | ST_EcCrcError..... | 114 |
| 12.5 | ST_EcCrcErrorEx..... | 115 |
| 12.6 | ST_EcLastProtErrInfo..... | 115 |
| 12.7 | ST_EcMasterStatistic..... | 116 |
| 12.8 | ST_EcSlaveConfigData..... | 116 |
| 12.9 | ST_EcSlaveIdentity..... | 117 |
| 12.10 | ST_EcSlaveScannedData..... | 117 |
| 12.11 | ST_EcSlaveState..... | 119 |
| 12.12 | ST_EcSlaveStateBits..... | 120 |
| 12.13 | ST_EcSlaveStateBitsEx..... | 120 |
| 12.14 | ST_PortAddr..... | 121 |
| 12.15 | ST_TopologyDataEx..... | 121 |
| 12.16 | DCTIMESTRUCT..... | 122 |
| 12.17 | T_DCTIME32..... | 123 |
| 12.18 | T_DCTIME64..... | 123 |
| 12.19 | T_DCTIME..... | 124 |
| 12.20 | T_HFoe..... | 124 |
| 13 | Constants..... | 125 |
| 13.1 | Global constants..... | 125 |
| 13.2 | Library version..... | 126 |
| 13.3 | EtherCAT mailbox protocol error codes..... | 126 |
| 14 | Sample..... | 128 |

1 Foreword

1.1 Notes on the documentation

This description is intended exclusively for trained specialists in control and automation technology who are familiar with the applicable national standards.

For installation and commissioning of the components, it is absolutely necessary to observe the documentation and the following notes and explanations.

The qualified personnel is obliged to always use the currently valid documentation.

The responsible staff must ensure that the application or use of the products described satisfies all requirements for safety, including all the relevant laws, regulations, guidelines, and standards.

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The documentation has been prepared with care. The products described are, however, constantly under development.

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EP1590927, EP1789857, EP1456722, EP2137893, DE102015105702
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Safety regulations

Read the following explanations for your safety.

Always observe and follow product-specific safety instructions, which you may find at the appropriate places in this document.

Exclusion of liability

All the components are supplied in particular hardware and software configurations which are appropriate for the application. Modifications to hardware or software configurations other than those described in the documentation are not permitted, and nullify the liability of Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG.

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This description is only intended for trained specialists in control, automation, and drive technology who are familiar with the applicable national standards.

Signal words

The signal words used in the documentation are classified below. In order to prevent injury and damage to persons and property, read and follow the safety and warning notices.

Personal injury warnings**⚠ DANGER**

Hazard with high risk of death or serious injury.

⚠ WARNING

Hazard with medium risk of death or serious injury.

⚠ CAUTION

There is a low-risk hazard that could result in medium or minor injury.

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2 Overview

The PLC library Tc2_EtherCAT contains function blocks for executing services or functions on an EtherCAT master device and/or its slave devices.

3 EtherCAT Commands

3.1 FB_EcPhysicalReadCmd



The function block `FB_EcPhysicalReadCmd` can be used to send an EtherCAT read command (FPRD, APRD, BRD) to a particular EtherCAT slave or to all EtherCAT slaves. This command can be used by the PLC to read a register or the DPRAM of the EtherCAT slave controller.

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
  sNetId   : T_AmsNetId;
  adp      : UINT;
  ado      : UINT;
  len      : UDINT;
  eType    : E_EcAdressingType := eAdressingType_Fixed;
  pDstBuf  : PVOID;
  bExecute : BOOL;
  tTimeout : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|-------------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| adp | UINT | This value determines which EtherCAT slave is to be addressed with this command. The meaning of this value depends on the addressing mode selected with eType. (See adp value) |
| ado | UINT | Physical memory (DPRAM) or register to be read. |
| len | UDINT | Number of bytes to be read. |
| eType | E_EcAdressingType | Different EtherCAT commands are sent, depending on value of eType. (See eType) |
| pDstBuf | PVOID | The address (pointer) of the receive buffer. |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

adp value

This value determines which EtherCAT slave is to be addressed with this command. The meaning of this value depends on the addressing mode selected with eType:

| eType | Description |
|--------------------------|---|
| eAdressingType_Fixed | The slave is addressed by means of its configured EtherCAT address. These EtherCAT addresses can be read via the function block FB_EcGetAllSlaveAddr. |
| eAdressingType_AutoInc | The slave is addressed based on its position in the ring. The first device has the address 0 (adp=0); adp is decremented by one for all subsequent slaves: 1. Slave adp = 0 2. Slave adp = 16#ffff (-1) 3. Slave adp = 16#fffe(-2) 4. Slave adp = 16#fffd(-3) etc. |
| eAdressingType_BroadCAST | All slaves are addressed by this command. adp can be set to 0. |

eType

Different EtherCAT commands are sent, depending on value of eType:

| eType | Command |
|--------------------------|--|
| eAdressingType_Fixed | Configured Address Physical Read (FPRD) |
| eAdressingType_AutoInc | Auto Increment Physical Read (APRD) |
| eAdressingType_BroadCAST | Broadcast Read (BRD) |

The individual commands differ in terms of addressing mode (see adp).

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy   : BOOL;
  bError  : BOOL;
  nErrId  : UDINT;
  wkc     : UINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| wkc | UINT | The working counter is incremented by each EtherCAT slave that has processed this command successfully. If only one EtherCAT slave was addressed by this command, this value should therefore be 1. |

Example of an implementation in ST:

```
PROGRAM TEST_PhysicalReadCmd
VAR
  fbReadCmd : FB_EcPhysicalReadCmd;
  bExecute  : BOOL;
  value     : UINT;
  adp       : UINT:=16#3E9;
  ado       : UINT:=16#1100;
  eType     : E_EcAdressingType := eAdressingType_Fixed;
  sNetId    : T_AmsNetId:='192.168.1.5.3.1';
  wkc       : UINT;
  bError    : BOOL;
  nErrId    : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbReadCmd (sNetId:=sNetID, ado:=ado, adp:=adp, eType:=eType, LEN := SIZEOF(value), pDstBuf:=ADR(value), bExecute:=bExecute);
```

```
wkc := fbReadCmd.wkc;
bError:= fbReadCmd.bError;
nErrId:= fbReadCmd.nErrId;
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

3.2 FB_EcPhysicalWriteCmd



The function block FB_EcPhysicalWriteCmd can be used to send an EtherCAT write command (FPWR, APWR, BWR) to a particular EtherCAT slave or to all EtherCAT slaves. This command can be used by the PLC to write to a register or the DPRAM of the EtherCAT slave controller.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  sNetId : T_AmsNetId;
  adp : UINT;
  ado : UINT;
  len : UDINT;
  eType : E_EcAdressingType := eAdressingType_Fixed;
  pSrcBuf : PVOID;
  bExecute : BOOL;
  tTimeout : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|-------------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| adp | UINT | This value determines which EtherCAT slave is to be addressed with this command. The meaning of this value depends on the addressing mode selected with eType. (See adp value) |
| ado | UINT | Physical memory (DPRAM) or register to be read. |
| len | UDINT | Number of bytes to be written. |
| eType | E_EcAdressingType | Different EtherCAT commands are sent, depending on the value of eType: (See eType) |
| pSrcBuf | PVOID | Address (pointer) of the transmit buffer. |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

adp value

This value determines which EtherCAT slave is to be addressed with this command. The meaning of this value depends on the addressing mode selected with eType:

| eType | Description |
|--------------------------|---|
| eAdressingType_Fixed | The slave is addressed by means of its configured EtherCAT address. These EtherCAT addresses can be read via the function block FB_EcGetAllSlaveAddr. |
| eAdressingType_AutoInc | The slave is addressed based on its position in the ring. The first device has the address 0 (adp=0); adp is decremented by one for all subsequent slaves: 1. Slave adp = 0 2. Slave adp = 16#ffff (-1) 3. Slave adp = 16#fffe(-2) 4. Slave adp = 16#fffd(-3) etc. |
| eAdressingType_BroadCAST | All slaves are addressed by this command. adp should be set to 0. |

eType

Different EtherCAT commands are sent, depending on the value of eType:

| eType | Command |
|--------------------------|---|
| eAdressingType_Fixed | Configured Address Physical Write (FPWR) |
| eAdressingType_AutoInc | Auto Increment Physical Write (APWR) |
| eAdressingType_BroadCAST | Broadcast Write (BWR) |

The individual commands differ in terms of addressing mode (see adp).

🔴 Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy   : BOOL;
  bError  : BOOL;
  nErrId  : UDINT;
  wkc     : UINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| wkc | UINT | The working counter is incremented by each EtherCAT slave that has processed this command successfully. If only one EtherCAT slave was addressed by this command, this value should therefore be 1. |

Example of an implementation in ST:

```
PROGRAM Test_PhysicalWriteCmd
VAR
  fbWriteCmd : FB_EcPhysicalWriteCmd;
  bExecute   : BOOL;
  value      : UINT :=16#5555;
  adp        : UINT:=16#3E9;
  ado        : UINT:=16#1100;
  eType      : E_EcAdressingType := eAdressingType_Fixed;
  sNetId     : T_AmsNetId:='192.168.1.5.3.1';
  wkc        : UINT;
  bError     : BOOL;
  nErrId     : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbWriteCmd (sNetId:=sNetID, ado:=ado, adp:=adp, eType:=eType, LEN := SIZEOF(value), pSrcBuf:=ADR(value), bExecute:=bExecute);
```

```
wkc := fbWriteCmd.wkc;
bError:= fbWriteCmd.bError;
nErrId:= fbWriteCmd.nErrId;
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

3.3 FB_EcLogicalReadCmd



The master sends a logical EtherCAT read command (LRD) with the function block `FB_EcLogicalReadCmd`. In each slave, local address ranges (DPRAM) can be mapped to global logical address ranges. This command therefore addresses all EtherCAT slaves, which have mapping configured for the selected logical address range.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    sNetId    : T_AmsNetId;
    logAddr   : UDINT;
    len       : UDINT;
    pDstBuf   : PVOID;
    bExecute  : BOOL;
    tTimeout  : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| logAddr | UDINT | Logical address |
| len | UDINT | Number of bytes to be read |
| pDstBuf | PVOID | Address (pointer) to the receive buffer |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
    bBusy    : BOOL;
    bError   : BOOL;
    nErrId   : UDINT;
    wkc     : UINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| wkc | UINT | The working counter is incremented by each EtherCAT slave that has processed this command successfully. If only one EtherCAT slave was addressed by this command, this value should therefore be 1. |

Example of an implementation in ST:

```

PROGRAM Test_LogicalReadCmd
VAR
  fbReadCmd : FB_EcLogicalReadCmd;
  bExecute  : BOOL;
  value     : USINT;
  logAddr   : UDINT :=16#10000;
  sNetId    : T_AmsNetId:='192.168.1.5.3.1';
  wkc       : UINT;
  bError    : BOOL;
  nErrId    : UDINT;
END_VAR

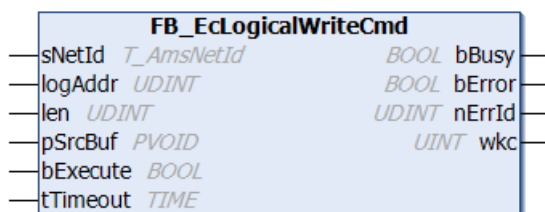
fbReadCmd (sNetId:=sNetID, logAddr:=logAddr, LEN := SIZEOF(value), pDstBuf:=ADR(value), bExecute:=bExecute);
wkc := fbReadCmd.wkc;
bError:= fbReadCmd.bError;
nErrId:= fbReadCmd.nErrId;

```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

3.4 FB_EcLogicalWriteCmd



The master sends a logical EtherCAT write command (LWR) with the function block `FB_EcLogicalWriteCmd`. In each slave, local address ranges (DPRAM) can be mapped to global logical address ranges. This command therefore addresses all EtherCAT slaves, which have mapping configured for the selected logical address range.

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
  sNetId    : T_AmsNetId;
  logAddr   : UDINT;
  len       : UDINT;
  pSrcBuf   : PVOID;
  bExecute  : BOOL;
  tTimeout  : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR

```


| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| logAddr | UDINT | Logical address |
| len | UDINT | Number of bytes to be written |
| pSrcBuf | PVOID | Address (pointer) to the transmit buffer |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

 **Outputs**

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy : BOOL;
  bError : BOOL;
  nErrId : UDINT;
  wkc : UINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| wkc | UINT | The working counter is incremented by each EtherCAT slave that has processed this command successfully. If only one EtherCAT slave was addressed by this command, this value should therefore be 1. |

Example of an implementation in ST:

```
PROGRAM Test_LogicalWriteCmd
VAR
  fbWriteCmd : FB_EcLogicalWriteCmd;
  bExecute : BOOL;
  value : USINT :=16#55;
  logAddr : UDINT :=16#10000;
  sNetId : T_AmsNetId:='192.168.1.5.3.1';
  wkc : UINT;
  bError : BOOL;
  nErrId : UDINT;
END_VAR

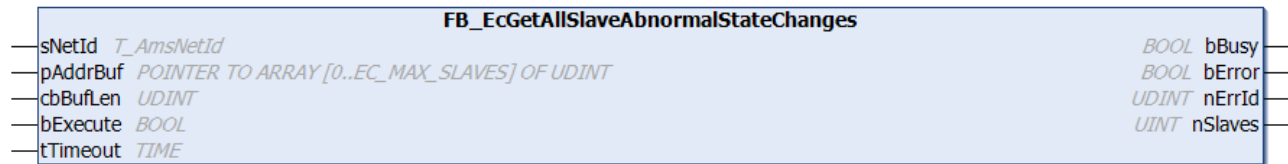
fbWriteCmd (sNetId:=sNetID, logAddr:=logAddr, LEN := SIZEOF(value), pSrcBuf:=ADR(value), bExecute:=bExecute);
wkc := fbWriteCmd.wkc;
bError :=fbWriteCmd.bError;
nErrId :=fbWriteCmd.nErrId;
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4 EtherCAT Diagnostic

4.1 FB_EcGetAllSlaveAbnormalStateChanges



The function block `FB_EcGetAllSlaveAbnormalStateChanges` can be used to read the unexpected EtherCAT state changes of all the slaves connected to the master. If the call is successful, the buffer transferred in the parameter `pBufAddr` contains the number of unexpected state changes of all slaves as an array of UDINTs. EtherCAT state changes are unexpected if they were not requested by the EtherCAT master, e.g. if an EtherCAT slave spontaneously switches from OP state to SAFEOP state.

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
  sNetId      : T_AmsNetId; (*AmsNetId of the EtherCAT master device*)
  pAddrBuf    : POINTER TO ARRAY [0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF UDINT;
               (*Contains the address of the buffer the counters for the state changes f.i. Op to SafeOp-
               Err are copied to.*)
  cbBufLen    : UDINT; (*Size of the buffer pAddrBuf. The size of the buffer must be at least nS
               lave *4 Bytes *)
  bExecute    : BOOL; Function Block execution is triggered by a rising edge at this input*)
  tTimeout    : TIME; (*States the time before the function is cancelled.*)
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|--|---|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| pAddrBuf | POINTER TO ARRAY [0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF UDINT | Address of an array of UDINTs, into which the number of unexpected state changes of the individual slaves is to be written. |
| cbBufLen | UDINT | Maximum available buffer size (in bytes) for the data to be read |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```

VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy      : BOOL;
  bError     : BOOL;
  nErrId     : UDINT;
  nSlaves    : UINT;
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. Error 1798 (0x706) indicates a null pointer at the buffer address. Error 1797 (0x705) indicates inadequate buffer size. |
| nSlaves | UINT | The number of slaves connected to the master. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.2 FB_EcGetAllSlaveAddr



The FB_EcGetAllSlaveAddr function block allows the addresses of all the slaves connected to the master to be read. When the call is successful, the buffer passed in the parameter pAddrBuf contains the addresses of all the slaves as an array of UINTs.

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
    sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
    pAddrBuf    : POINTER TO ARRAY[0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF UINT;
    cbBufLen    : UDINT;
    bExecute    : BOOL;
    tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|---|---|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| pAddrBuf | POINTER TO ARRAY [0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF UINT | Address of an array of UINTs into which the addresses of the individual slaves are to be written. |
| cbBufLen | UDINT | Maximum available buffer size (in bytes) for the data to be read. |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```

VAR_OUTPUT
    bBusy      : BOOL;
    bError     : BOOL;
    nErrId     : UDINT;
    nSlaves    : UINT;
END_VAR
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. Error 1798 (0x706) indicates a null pointer at the buffer address. Error 1797 (0x705) indicates inadequate buffer size. |
| nSlaves | UINT | The number of slaves connected to the master. |

Example of an implementation in ST:

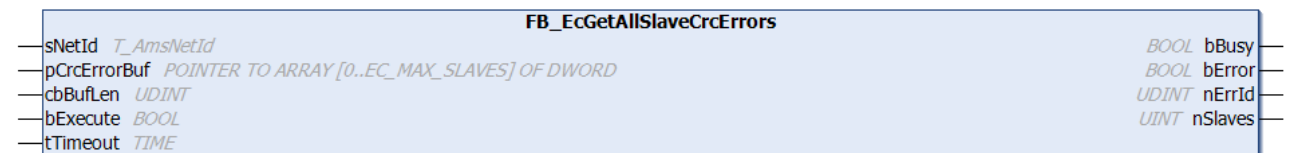
```
PROGRAM TEST_GetAllSlaveAddresses
VAR
  fbGetAllSlaveAddr : FB_EcGetAllSlaveAddr;
  sNetId            : T_AmsNetId := '172.16.2.131.2.1';
  bExecute         : BOOL;
  slaveAddresses   : ARRAY[0..255] OF UINT;
  nSlaves          : UINT := 0;
  bError           : BOOL;
  nErrId           : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbGetAllSlaveAddr(sNetId:= sNetId,pAddrBuf := ADR(slaveAddresses), cbBufLen:= SIZEOF(slaveAddresses)
, bExecute:=bExecute);
nSlaves := fbGetAllSlaveAddr.nSlaves;
bError := fbGetAllSlaveAddr.bError;
nErrId := fbGetAllSlaveAddr.nErrId;
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.3 FB_EcGetAllCrcErrors



The `FB_EcGetAllSlaveCrcErrors` function block allows the CRC error counters of all the slaves connected to the master to be read. The CRC errors at the individual ports of a slave are added.

In order to read the CRC errors of the individual ports (A, B and C) of a slave, it is necessary to call the `FB_EcGetSlaveCrcError` [► 27] function block.

In order to read the CRC errors of the individual ports (A, B, C and D) of a slave, it is necessary to call the `FB_EcGetSlaveCrcErrorEx` [► 29] function block.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
  pCrcErrorBuf : POINTER TO ARRAY[0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF DWORD;
  cbBufLen    : UDINT;
  bExecute    : BOOL;
  tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------------|--|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| pCrcErrorBuf | POINTER TO ARRAY [0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF DWORD | The address of an array of DWORDs into which the CRC error counter is to be written. |
| cbBufLen | UDINT | Maximum available buffer size (in bytes) for the data to be read |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

🔌 Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy      : BOOL;
  bError     : BOOL;
  nErrId     : UDINT;
  nSlaves    : UINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. Error 1798 (0x706) indicates a null pointer at the buffer address. Error 1797 (0x705) indicates inadequate buffer size. |
| nSlaves | UINT | The number of slaves connected to the master. |

Example of an implementation in ST:

```
PROGRAM TEST_GetAllSlaveCrcErrors
VAR
  fbGetAllSlaveCrcErrors : FB_EcGetAllSlaveCrcErrors;
  sNetId                 : T_AmsNetId := '172.16.2.131.2.1';
  bExecute               : BOOL;
  crcErrors              : ARRAY[0..255] OF DWORD;
  nSlaves                : UINT := 0;
  bError                 : BOOL;
  nErrId                 : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbGetAllSlaveCrcErrors(sNetId:= sNetId, pCrcErrorBuf := ADR(crcErrors), cbBufLen:= SIZEOF(crcErrors)
, bExecute:=bExecute);
nSlaves := fbGetAllSlaveCrcErrors.nSlaves;
bError := fbGetAllSlaveCrcErrors.bError;
nErrId := fbGetAllSlaveCrcErrors.nErrId;
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.4 FB_EcGetAllSlavePresentStateChanges



The function block `FB_EcGetAllSlavePresentStateChanges` can be used to read the EtherCAT state changes from state “slave is present” to “INIT_NO_COMM” of all slaves connected to the master. If the call is successful, the buffer transferred in the parameter `pBufAddr` contains the number of state changes of all slaves as an array of UDINTs. The EtherCAT state change from state “slave is present” to “INIT_NO_COMM” means that the connection to the slave has been interrupted. For example by disconnecting the EtherCAT cable.

🔌 Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  sNetId      : T_AmsNetId; (*AmsNetId of the EtherCAT master device*)
  pAddrBuf    : POINTER TO ARRAY [0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF UDINT; (*Contains the address of the buffer
the counters for the state changes from Present to INIT_NO_COMM are copied to.*)
  cbBufLen    : UDINT; (*Size of the buffer pAddrBuf. The size of the buffer must be at least nSlav
```

```
e *4 Bytes *)
  bExecute : BOOL; (*Function Block execution is triggered by a rising edge at this input*)
  tTimeout : TIME; (*States the time before the function is cancelled.*)
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|--|---|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| pAddrBuf | POINTER TO ARRAY [0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF UDINT | Address of an array of UDINTs, into which the number of state changes from "slave is present" to INIT_NO_COMM for the individual slaves is to be written. |
| bBufLen | UDINT | Maximum available buffer size (in bytes) for the data to be read |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

 **Outputs**

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy : BOOL;
  bError : BOOL;
  nErrId : UDINT;
  nSlaves : UINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. Error 1798 (0x706) indicates a null pointer at the buffer address. Error 1797 (0x705) indicates inadequate buffer size. |
| nSlaves | UINT | The number of slaves connected to the master. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.5 FB_EcGetConfSlaves



The function block `FB_EcGetConfSlaves` can be used to read a list of configured slaves from the EtherCAT master object directory.

 **Inputs**

```
VAR_INPUT
  sNetId : T_AmsNetId;
  pArrEcConfSlaveInfo : POINTER TO ARRAY [0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF ST_EcSlaveConfigData;
  cbBufLen : UDINT;
```

```
bExecute      : BOOL;
tTimeout     : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------------------|---|---|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| pArrEcConf SlaveInfo | POINTER TO ARRAY [0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF ST_EcSlaveConfigData | Address of an array of structures of type ST_EcSlaveConfigData [▶ 116], into which data of each configured slave are to be written. |
| cbBufLen | UDINT | Maximum available buffer size (in bytes) for the data to be read |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

🔌 Outputs

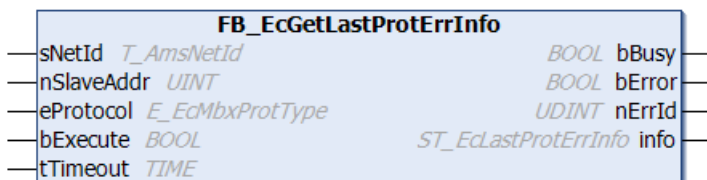
```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy      : BOOL;
  bError     : BOOL;
  nErrId     : UDINT;
  nSlaves    : UINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. Error 1798 (0x706) indicates a null pointer at the buffer address. Error 1797 (0x705) indicates inadequate buffer size. |
| nSlaves | UINT | Returns the number of configured slaves. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.6 FB_EcGetLastProtErrInfo



The function block `FB_EcGetLastProtErrInfo` can be used to read additional error information relating to the most recent mailbox protocol error. An error-free mailbox command resets the last error every time.

🔌 Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
  nSlaveAddr  : UINT;
```

```

eProtocol : E_EcMbxProtType := eEcMbxProt_FoE;
bExecute  : BOOL;
tTimeout  : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------|-----------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT slave, whose error information is to be read. |
| eProtocol | E_EcMbxProtType | EtherCAT mailbox protocol type [▶ 114] |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```

VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy   : BOOL;
  bError  : BOOL;
  nErrId  : UDINT;
  info    : ST_EcLastProtErrInfo;
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|----------------------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| info | ST_EcLastProtErrInfo | Structure with additional error information [▶ 115] |

Sample in ST:

A rising edge at bGet triggers reading of additional error information relating to the most recent mailbox protocol error.

```

PROGRAM MAIN
VAR
  fbGetInfo : FB_EcGetLastProtErrInfo := ( sNetID := '172.16.6.195.2.1',
                                           nSlaveAddr := 1004,
                                           eProtocol := eEcMbxProt_FoE,
                                           tTimeout := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT );

  bGet : BOOL;
  bBusy : BOOL;
  bError : BOOL;
  nErrID : UDINT;
  sInfo : T_MaxString;
END_VAR

fbGetInfo( bExecute:= bGet,
          bBusy=>bBusy,
          bError=>bError,
          nErrId=>nErrId );

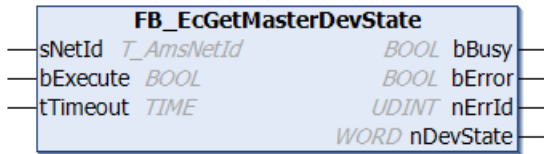
sInfo := BYTEARR_TO_MAXSTRING( fbGetInfo.info.binDesc );

```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.7 FB_EcGetMasterDevState



The function block `FB_EcGetMasterDevState` can be used to read the current state of the EtherCAT master.

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
  sNetId    : T_AmsNetId;
  bExecute  : BOOL;
  tTimeout  : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
  
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```

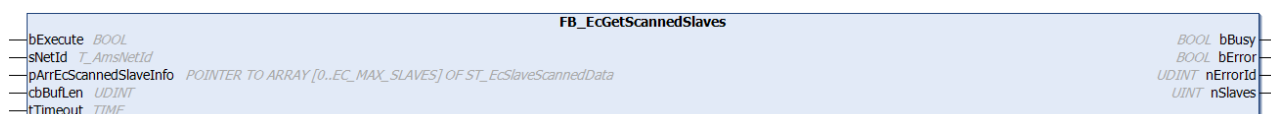
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy     : BOOL;
  bError    : BOOL;
  nErrId    : UDINT;
  nDevState : WORD;
END_VAR
  
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| nDevState | WORD | Current state of the master device |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.8 FB_EcGetScannedSlaves



The function block `FB_EcGetScannedSlaves` can be used to read a list of the currently available (scanned) slaves from the EtherCAT master object directory. To this end an online scan is executed, during which the EEPROMs of the EtherCAT slaves are read. The scanning process may take some time, depending on the number of connected slaves.

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
  bExecute          : BOOL;
  sNetId            : T_AmsNetId;
  pArrEcScannedSlaveInfo : POINTER TO ARRAY[0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF ST_EcSlaveScannedData;
  cbBufLen          : UDINT;
  tTimeout          : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------------------|---|---|
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| pArrEcScannedSlaveInfo | POINTER TO ARRAY[0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF ST_EcSlaveScannedData | Address of an array of structures of type ST_EcSlaveScannedData [► 117] , to which the data for each scanned slave are to be written. |
| cbBufLen | UDINT | Maximum available buffer size (in bytes) for the data to be read |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```

VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy   : BOOL;
  bError  : BOOL;
  nErrId  : UDINT;
  nSlaves : UINT;
END_VAR
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. Error 1798 (0x706) indicates a null pointer at the buffer address. Error 1797 (0x705) indicates inadequate buffer size. |
| nSlaves | UINT | Returns the number of scanned slaves. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.9 FB_EcGetSlaveCount



The function block `FB_EcGetSlaveCount` can be used to determine the number of slaves that are connected to the master.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
    bExecute    : BOOL;
    tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
    bBusy       : BOOL;
    bError      : BOOL;
    nErrId      : UDINT;
    nSlaves     : UINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| nSlaves | UINT | The number of slaves connected to the master |

Example of an implementation in ST:

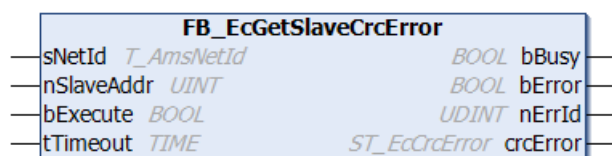
```
PROGRAM TEST_GetSlaveCount
VAR
    fbGetSlaveCount : FB_EcGetSlaveCount;
    sNetId          : T_AmsNetId := '172.16.2.131.2.1';
    bExecute        : BOOL;
    nSlaves         : UINT;
    bError          : BOOL;
    nErrId          : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbGetSlaveCount(sNetId:= sNetId, bExecute:=bExecute);
nSlaves := fbGetSlaveCount.nSlaves;
bError := fbGetSlaveCount.bError;
nErrId := fbGetSlaveCount.nErrId;
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.10 FB_EcGetSlaveCrcError



The function block `FB_EcGetSlaveCrcError` allows the CRC error counters of the individual ports (A, B and C) of a slave to be read. If the call is successful, the output variable `crcError`, whose type is `ST_EcCrcError`, contains the requested CRC error counter.

The function block `FB_EcGetSlaveCrcError` can only be used with slaves with up to 3 ports (e.g. EK1100). The function block `FB_EcGetSlaveCrcErrorEx` can also be used with slaves with up to 4 ports (e.g. EK1122).

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
  nSlaveAddr  : UINT;
  bExecute    : BOOL;
  tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT slave whose CRC error counter is to be read. |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy       : BOOL;
  bError      : BOOL;
  nErrId      : UDINT;
  crcError    : ST_EcCrcError;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|---------------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| crcError | ST_EcCrcError | CRC error [▶ 114] counters for the individual ports |

Example of an implementation in ST:

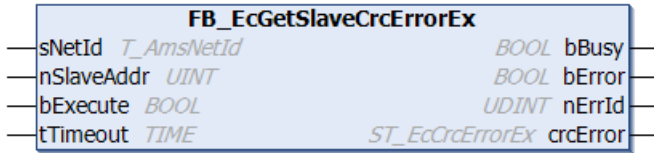
```
PROGRAM TEST_GetSlaveCrcError
VAR
  fbGetSlaveCrcError : FB_EcGetSlaveCrcError;
  sNetId : T_AmsNetId := '172.16.2.131.2.1';
  bExecute : BOOL;
  crcError : ST_EcCrcError;
  nSlaveAddr : UINT := 1001;
  bError : BOOL;
  nErrId : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbGetSlaveCrcError(sNetId:= sNetId, nSlaveAddr:= nSlaveAddr, bExecute:=bExecute);
crcError := fbGetSlaveCrcError.crcError;
bError := fbGetSlaveCrcError.bError;
nErrId := fbGetSlaveCrcError.nErrId;
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.11 FB_EcGetSlaveCrcErrorEx



The function block `FB_EcGetSlaveCrcErrorEx` allows the CRC error counters of the individual ports (A, D, B and C) of a slave to be read. If the call is successful, the output variable `crcError`, whose type is `ST_EcCrcErrorEx`, contains the requested CRC error counter.

The function block `FB_EcGetSlaveCrcErrorEx` can also be used with slaves with up to 4 ports (e.g. EK1122). The function block `FB_EcGetSlaveCrcError` can only be used with slaves with up to 3 ports (e.g. EK1100).

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  sNetId      : T_AmsNetId; (*AmsNetId of the EtherCAT master device*)
  nSlaveAddr  : UINT; (*Address of the slave device*)
  bExecute    : BOOL; (*Function block execution is triggered by a rising edge at this input.*)
  tTimeout    : TIME; (*States the time before the function is cancelled.*)
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device (type: T_AmsNetId). |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT slaves whose CRC error counter is to be read. |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

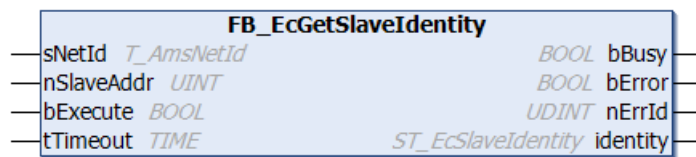
```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy       : BOOL;
  bError      : BOOL;
  nErrId      : UDINT;
  CrcError    : ST_EcCrcErrorEx; (*Crc error of the EtherCAT slave device*)
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|-----------------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| CrcError | ST_EcCrcErrorEx | CRC error counter of the individual ports (type: ST_EcCrcErrorEx.▶_115) |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.12 FB_EcGetSlaveIdentity



The function block `FB_EcGetSlaveIdentity` can be used to read the CANopen identity of an individual EtherCAT slave device. If the call is successful, the output variable `identity`, whose type is `ST_EcSlaveIdentity`, contains the requested identity information.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
    nSlaveAddr  : UINT;
    bExecute    : BOOL;
    tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------|------------|---|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type T_AmsNetId) |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT slave |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
    bBusy      : BOOL;
    bError     : BOOL;
    nErrId     : UDINT;
    identity   : ST_EcSlaveIdentity;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|--------------------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| identity | ST_EcSlaveIdentity | CANopen Identity [117] of the EtherCAT device |

Example of an implementation in ST:

```
PROGRAM TEST_GetSlaveIdentity
VAR
    fbGetSlaveIdentity : FB_EcGetSlaveIdentity;
    sNetId              : T_AmsNetId := '172.16.2.131.2.1';
    bExecute            : BOOL;
    identity            : ST_EcSlaveIdentity;
    nSlaveAddr         : UINT := 1001;
    bError              : BOOL;
    nErrId             : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbGetSlaveIdentity(sNetId:= sNetId, nSlaveAddr:= nSlaveAddr, bExecute:=bExecute);
identity := fbGetSlaveIdentity.identity;
bError := fbGetSlaveIdentity.bError;
nErrId := fbGetSlaveIdentity.nErrId;
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.13 FB_EcGetSlaveTopologyInfo

FB_EcGetSlaveTopologyInfo

| | |
|---|--|
| <p>— sNetId T_AmsNetId</p> <p>— pAddrBuf POINTER TO ARRAY [0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF ST_TopologyDataEx</p> <p>— cbBufLen UDINT</p> <p>— bExecute BOOL</p> <p>— tTimeout TIME</p> | <p>BOOL bBusy</p> <p>BOOL bError</p> <p>UDINT nErrId</p> <p>UINT nSlaves</p> |
|---|--|

The function block FB_EcGetSlaveTopologyInfo can be used to determine topology information.

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
    sNetId      : T_AmsNetId; (*AmsNetId of the EtherCAT master device*)
    pAddrBuf    : POINTER TO ARRAY [0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF ST_TopologyDataEx; (*Contains the address of
the buffer the topology data are copied to.*)
    cbBufLen    : UDINT; (*Size of the buffer pAddrBuf. The size of the buffer must be at least nSlave
* 64 Bytes*)
    bExecute    : BOOL; (*Function block execution is triggered by a rising edge at this input*)
    tTimeout    : TIME; (*States the time before the function is cancelled*)
END_VAR
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|--|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| pAddrBuf | POINTER TO ARRAY [0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF ST_TopologyDataEx | Address of an array of structures of type ST_TopologyDataEx [▶ 121], which contains the topology data. |
| cbBufLen | UDINT | Maximum available buffer size (in bytes) for the data to be read |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```

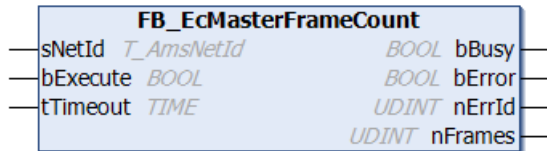
VAR_OUTPUT
    bBusy      : BOOL;
    bError     : BOOL;
    nErrId     : UDINT;
    nSlaves    : UINT;
END_VAR
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. Error 1798 (0x706) indicates a null pointer at the buffer address. Error 1797 (0x705) indicates inadequate buffer size. |
| nSlaves | UINT | The number of slaves connected to the master. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.14 FB_EcMasterFrameCount



The function block `FB_EcMasterFrameCount` can be used to determine the number of EtherCAT frames configured in the master.

 Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    sNetId    : T_AmsNetId;
    bExecute  : BOOL;
    tTimeout  : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

 Outputs

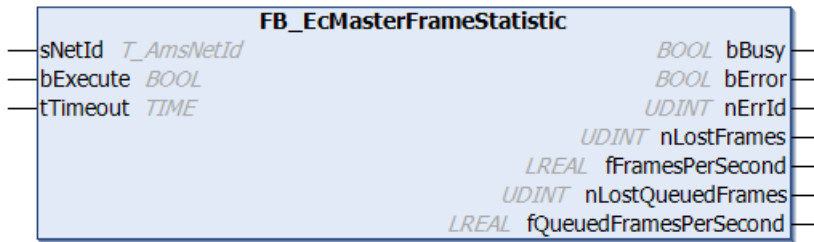
```
VAR_OUTPUT
    bBusy    : BOOL;
    bError   : BOOL;
    nErrId   : UDINT;
    nFrames  : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| nFrames | UDINT | Number of EtherCAT frames |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.15 FB_EcMasterFrameStatistic



The function block **FB_EcMasterFrameStatistic** can be used to read the frame statistics of the EtherCAT master. A distinction is made between cyclic and acyclic (queued) frames. Acyclic frames are used for the initialization or for parameter access to EtherCAT slaves. Frames are regarded as lost if they fail to return to the master or are invalid.

The number of lost frames (i.e. lost or invalid cyclic frames), the number of cyclic frames per second, the number of lost queued frames (i.e. lost or invalid acyclic frames) and the number of queued frames per second is provided at the function block output.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  sNetId    : T_AmsNetId;
  bExecute  : BOOL;
  tTimeout  : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

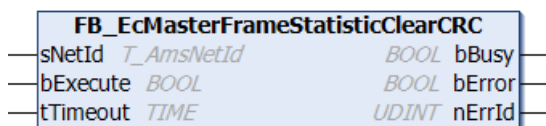
```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy      : BOOL;
  bError     : BOOL;
  nErrId     : UDINT;
  nLostFrames : UDINT;
  fFramesPerSecond : LREAL;
  nLostQueuedFrames : UDINT;
  fQueuedFramesPerSecond : LREAL;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------------------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| nLostFrames | UDINT | Returns the current number of lost or invalid cyclic frames. |
| fFramesPerSecond | LREAL | Returns the current number of cyclic frames per second. |
| nLostQueuedFrames | UDINT | Returns the current number of lost or invalid queued (acyclic) frames. |
| fQueuedFramesPerSecond | LREAL | Returns the current number of queued (acyclic) frames per second. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.16 FB_EcMasterFrameStatisticClearCRC



The function block `FB_EcMasterFrameStatisticClearCRC` can be used to delete the CRC error counters of all EtherCAT slaves.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  sNetId   : T_AmsNetId;
  bExecute : BOOL;
  tTimeout : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy   : BOOL;
  bError  : BOOL;
  nErrId  : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.17 FB_EcMasterFrameStatisticClearFrames



The function block `FB_EcMasterFrameStatisticClearFrames` can be used to delete the lost frame counters.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    sNetId    : T_AmsNetId;
    bExecute  : BOOL;
    tTimeout  : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

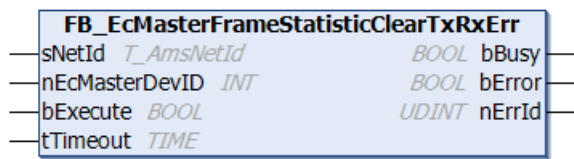
```
VAR_OUTPUT
    bBusy    : BOOL;
    bError   : BOOL;
    nErrId   : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.18 FB_EcMasterFrameStatisticClearTxRxErr



The function block `FB_EcMasterFrameStatisticClearTxRxErr` can be used to delete the error counters of the miniport driver of the network card.

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
    sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
    nEcMasterDevID : INT;
    bExecute    : BOOL;
    tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the CPU (PC). (Type: T_AMSNetId) |
| nEcMasterDevID | INT | Device ID of the EtherCAT master. |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```

VAR_OUTPUT
    bBusy : BOOL;
    bError : BOOL;
    nErrId : UDINT;
END_VAR

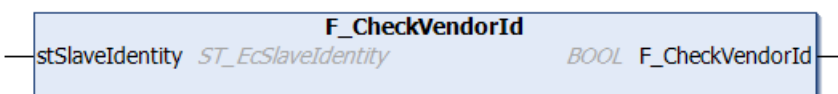
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.19 F_CheckVendorId



The function `F_CheckVendorId` returns `TRUE` if the VendorID is Beckhoff, otherwise it returns `FALSE`.

Return value

```

METHOD F_CheckVendorId : BOOL

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------------|------|--|
| F_CheckVendorId | BOOL | TRUE if the VendorID is Beckhoff, otherwise FALSE. |

Inputs

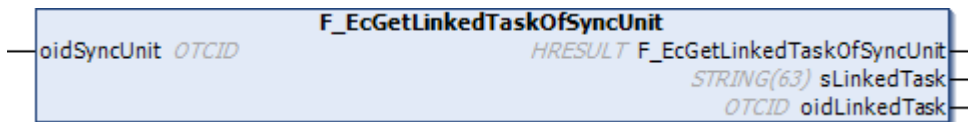
```
VAR_INPUT
  stSlaveIdentity : ST_EcSlaveIdentity;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| stSlaveIdentity | ST_EcSlaveIdentity | Slave Identity, which can be read with FB_EcGetSlaveIdentity [▶ 30]. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

4.20 F_EcGetLinkedTaskOfSyncUnit



The name and object ID of the linked task of an EtherCAT Sync Unit can be read with this function. The return value of the function signals whether the call was successful and outputs the corresponding error code in case of an error.

Return value

```
METHOD F_EcGetLinkedTaskOfSyncUnit : HRESULT
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------------------------|---------|--|
| F_EcGetLinkedTaskOfSyncUnit | HRESULT | Signals whether the call was successful and outputs the corresponding error code in the event of an error. |

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  oidSyncUnit : OTCID; // object ID of sync unit
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-------------|-------|---|
| oidSyncUnit | OTCID | The object ID of the Sync Unit is specified at this input. This can be found in the process image of the EtherCAT master. |

Outputs

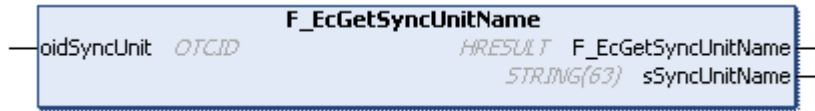
```
VAR_OUTPUT
  sLinkedTask : STRING;
  oidLinkedTask : OTCID; // object ID of linked task
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------------|--------|---|
| sLinkedTask | STRING | Returns the name of the linked task. |
| oidLinkedTask | OTCID | Returns the object ID of the linked task. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.4024.22 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT >= 3.3.17.0 |

4.21 F_EcGetSyncUnitName



The name of an EtherCAT Sync Unit can be read via its object ID using this function. The return value of the function signals whether the call was successful and outputs the relevant error code in the event of an error.

Return value

METHOD F_EcGetSyncUnitName : HRESULT

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------------------|---------|---|
| F_EcGetSyncUnitName | HRESULT | Signals whether the call was successful and outputs the relevant error code in the event of an error. |

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
    oidSyncUnit : OTCID; // object ID of sync unit
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-------------|-------|---|
| oidSyncUnit | OTCID | The object ID of the Sync Unit is specified at this input. This can be found in the process image of the EtherCAT master. |

Outputs

```

VAR_OUTPUT
    sSyncUnitName : STRING(63);
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------------|--------|------------------------------------|
| sSyncUnitName | STRING | Returns the name of the sync unit. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.4024.48 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT >= 3.4.2.0 |

5 EtherCAT State Machine

5.1 FB_EcGetAllSlaveStates



The FB_EcGetAllSlaveStates function block allows the EtherCAT status and the Link status of all the slaves connected to the master to be read. When the call is successful, the buffer passed in the parameter pStateBuf contains the requested status information as an array of ST_EcSlaveState.

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
    sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
    pStateBuf   : POINTER TO ARRAY[0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF ST_EcSlaveState;
    cbBufLen    : UDINT;
    bExecute    : BOOL;
    tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------|---|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| pStateBuf | POINTER TO ARRAY[0..EC_MAX_SLAVES] OF ST_EcSlaveState | The address of an array of ST_EcSlaveStates [► 119] into which the slave states are to be written. |
| cbBufLen | UDINT | Maximum available buffer size (in bytes) for the data to be read |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```

VAR_OUTPUT
    bBusy       : BOOL;
    bError      : BOOL;
    nErrId      : UDINT;
    nSlaves     : UINT;
END_VAR
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. Error 1798 (0x706) indicates a null pointer at the buffer address. Error 1797 (0x705) indicates inadequate buffer size. |
| nSlaves | UINT | The number of slaves connected to the master |

Example of an implementation in ST:

```

PROGRAM TEST_GetAllSlaveStates
VAR
    fbGetAllSlaveStates : FB_EcGetAllSlaveStates;
    sNetId              : T_AmsNetId := '172.16.2.131.2.1';
    bExecute            : BOOL;
    devStates           : ARRAY[0..255] OF ST_EcSlaveState;
END_VAR
    
```

```

nSlaves      : UINT := 0;
bError       : BOOL;
nErrId       : UDINT;
END_VAR

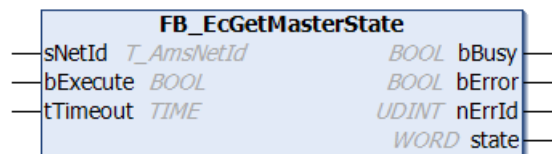
fbGetAllSlaveStates(sNetId:= sNetId, pStateBuf := ADR(devStates), cbBufLen:=SIZEOF(devStates), bExecute:=bExecute);
nSlaves := fbGetAllSlaveStates.nSlaves;
bError := fbGetAllSlaveStates.bError;
nErrId := fbGetAllSlaveStates.nErrId;

```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

5.2 FB_EcGetMasterState



The function block FB_EcGetMasterState can be used to read the EtherCAT state of the master. If the call is successful, the State output variable of type WORD contains the requested status information.

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
bExecute    : BOOL;
tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```

VAR_OUTPUT
bBusy      : BOOL;
bError     : BOOL;
nErrId     : UDINT;
state     : WORD;
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| state | WORD | Current EtherCAT state of the master. (See State) |

state

Current EtherCAT state of the master. The possible values are:

| Constant | Value | Description |
|------------------------|-------|------------------------------------|
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_INIT | 0x01 | Master is in Init state |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_PREOP | 0x02 | Master is in Pre-operational state |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_SAFEOP | 0x04 | Master is Safe-operational state |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_OP | 0x08 | Master is Operational state |

Example of an implementation in ST:

```
PROGRAM TEST_GetMasterState
VAR
    fbGetMasterState : FB_EcGetMasterState;
    sNetId           : T_AmsNetId := '172.16.2.131.2.1';
    bExecute         : BOOL;
    state            : WORD;
    bError           : BOOL;
    nErrId           : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbGetMasterState(sNetId:= sNetId, bExecute:=bExecute);
state := fbGetMasterState.state;
bError := fbGetMasterState.bError;
nErrId := fbGetMasterState.nErrId;
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

5.3 FB_EcGetSlaveState



The function block `FB_EcGetSlaveState` allows the EtherCAT status and the Link status of an individual EtherCAT slave to be read. If the call is successful, the output variable `state`, whose type is `ST_EcSlaveState`, contains the requested status information.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    sNetId       : T_AmsNetId;
    nSlaveAddr   : UINT;
    bExecute     : BOOL;
    tTimeout     : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT slave whose state is to be read. |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
    bBusy       : BOOL;
    bError      : BOOL;
    nErrId      : UDINT;
    state       : ST_EcSlaveState;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-----------------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| state | ST_EcSlaveState | Structure that contains the EtherCAT status and the Link status of the slave. (Type: ST_EcSlaveState [► 119]) |

Example of an implementation in ST:

```

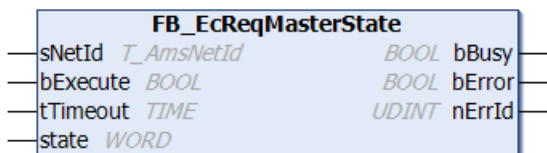
PROGRAM TEST_GetSlaveState
VAR
    fbGetSlaveState : FB_EcGetSlaveState;
    sNetId           : T_AmsNetId := '172.16.2.131.2.1';
    bExecute        : BOOL;
    state           : ST_EcSlaveState;
    nSlaveAddr      : UINT := 1001;
    bError          : BOOL;
    nErrId          : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbGetSlaveState(sNetId:= sNetId, nSlaveAddr:= nSlaveAddr, bExecute:=bExecute);
state := fbGetSlaveState.state;
bError := fbGetSlaveState.bError;
nErrId := fbGetSlaveState.nErrId;
    
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

5.4 FB_EcReqMasterState



With this function block the EtherCAT state of a master device can be requested and set. The requested EtherCAT state is transferred in the state variable. The function block becomes inactive as soon as it has requested the EtherCAT state. Unlike the function block FB_EcSetMasterState it does not wait until the new state is set.

See also: [FB_EcSetMasterState](#) [► 45]

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
    sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
    bExecute    : BOOL;
    tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
    state       : WORD;
END_VAR
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |
| state | WORD | EtherCAT state requested from the master. (See state) |

State

EtherCAT state requested from the master. The possible State values are:

| Constant | Value | Description |
|------------------------|-------|--|
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_INIT | 0x01 | Request Init state from master |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_PREOP | 0x02 | Request Pre-operational state from master |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_SAFEOP | 0x04 | Request Safe-operational state from master |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_OP | 0x08 | Request Operational state from master |

 **Outputs**

```
VAR_OUTPUT
    bBusy : BOOL;
    bError : BOOL;
    nErrId : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |

Example of an implementation in ST:

```
PROGRAM TEST_ReqMasterState
VAR
    fbReqMasterState : FB_EcReqMasterState;
    sNetId           : T_AmsNetId:= '172.16.2.131.2.1';
    bExecute         : BOOL;
    state            : WORD :=EC_DEVICE_STATE_INIT;
    bError           : BOOL;
    nErrId           : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbReqMasterState(sNetId:= sNetId, bExecute:=bExecute, state:=state);
bError := fbReqMasterState.bError;
nErrId := fbReqMasterState.nErrId;
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

5.5 FB_EcReqSlaveState



With this function block a slave can be set to a specified EtherCAT state. The requested EtherCAT state is transferred in the state variable. The function block becomes inactive as soon as it has sent the command to change state. Unlike the function block FB_EcSetSlaveState it does not wait until the EtherCAT slave has attained the new state.

See also: [FB_EcSetSlaveState](#) [► 46]

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
  sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
  nSlaveAddr  : UINT;
  bExecute    : BOOL;
  tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
  state       : WORD;
END_VAR
  
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT slave whose EtherCAT state is to be set. |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |
| state | WORD | EtherCAT state requested from the master. (See State) |

State

EtherCAT state to which the slave is to be set. The possible State values are:

| Constant | Value | Description |
|---------------------------|-------|---|
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_INIT | 0x01 | Set slave to Init state |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_PREOP | 0x02 | Set slave to Pre-operational state |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_BOOTSTRAP | 0x03 | Set slave to Bootstrap state. This state is used for firmware downloads. |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_SAFEOP | 0x04 | Set slave to Safe-operational state |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_OP | 0x08 | Set slave to Operational state |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_ERROR | 0x10 | If the error bit in the status byte is set in the EtherCAT slave (state.deviceState & EC_DEVICE_STATE_ERROR = TRUE), the error bit can be reset by setting EC_DEVICE_STATE_ERROR. |

🔌 Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy : BOOL;
  bError : BOOL;
  nErrId : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |

Example of an implementation in ST:

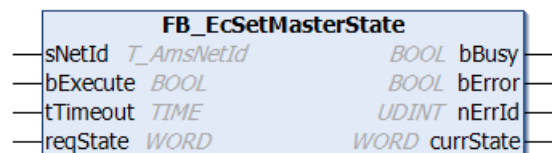
```
PROGRAM TEST_ReqSlaveState
VAR
  fbGetSlaveState : FB_EcReqSlaveState;
  sNetId : T_AmsNetId := '172.16.2.131.2.1';
  bExecute : BOOL;
  state : WORD := EC_DEVICE_STATE_INIT;
  nSlaveAddr : UINT := 1001;
  bError : BOOL;
  nErrId : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbGetSlaveState(sNetId:= sNetId, nSlaveAddr:= nSlaveAddr, bExecute:=bExecute, state:=state);
bError := fbGetSlaveState.bError;
nErrId := fbGetSlaveState.nErrId;
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

5.6 FB_EcSetMasterState



With this function block the EtherCAT state of a master device can be requested and set. The requested EtherCAT state is transferred with the reqState variable. The function block requests the EtherCAT state and, unlike the function block FB_EcReqMasterState, remains active until the new state is set or the maximum time tTimeout is exceeded. The current state is output in the currState variable.

See also: [FB_EcReqMasterState](#) [► 42]

🔌 Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  sNetId : T_AmsNetId;
  bExecute : BOOL;
  tTimeout : TIME := T#10s;
  reqState : WORD;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|------------|---|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |
| reqState | WORD | (See reqState) |

reqState

EtherCAT state requested from the master. The possible values for reqState are:

| Constant | Value | Description |
|------------------------|-------|--|
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_INIT | 0x01 | Request Init state from master |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_PREOP | 0x02 | Request Pre-operational state from master |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_SAFEOP | 0x04 | Request Safe-operational state from master |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_OP | 0x08 | Request Operational state from master |

🔌 Outputs

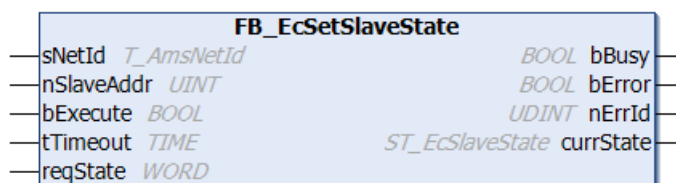
```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy      : BOOL;
  bError     : BOOL;
  nErrId    : UDINT;
  currState  : WORD;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| currState | WORD | Current EtherCAT state of the master |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

5.7 FB_EcSetSlaveState



With this function block a slave can be set to a specified EtherCAT state. The requested EtherCAT state is transferred with the reqState variable. The function block sends the command to change state and, unlike the function block FB_EcRegSlaveState, remains active until the EtherCAT slave has attained the new state or the maximum time tTimeout is exceeded. The current state is output in the currState variable.

See also: [FB_EcReqSlaveState](#) [▶ 44]

 **Inputs**

```
VAR_INPUT
  sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
  nSlaveAddr  : UINT;
  bExecute    : BOOL;
  tTimeout    : TIME := T#10s;
  reqState    : WORD;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT slave whose EtherCAT state is to be set. |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |
| reqState | WORD | EtherCAT state to which the slave is to be set. (See reqState) |

reqState

EtherCAT state to which the slave is to be set. The possible values for reqState are:

| Constant | Value | Description |
|---------------------------|-------|---|
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_INIT | 0x01 | Set slave to Init state |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_PREOP | 0x02 | Set slave to Pre-operational state |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_BOOTSTRAP | 0x03 | Set slave to Bootstrap state. This state is used for firmware downloads. |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_SAFEOP | 0x04 | Set slave to Safe-operational state |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_OP | 0x08 | Set slave to Operational state |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_ERROR | 0x10 | If the error bit in the status byte is set in the EtherCAT slave (currState.deviceState AND EC_DEVICE_STATE_ERROR = TRUE), the error bit can be reset by setting EC_DEVICE_STATE_ERROR. |

 **Outputs**

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy       : BOOL;
  bError      : BOOL;
  nErrId      : UDINT;
  currState   : ST_EcSlaveState;
END_VAR
```

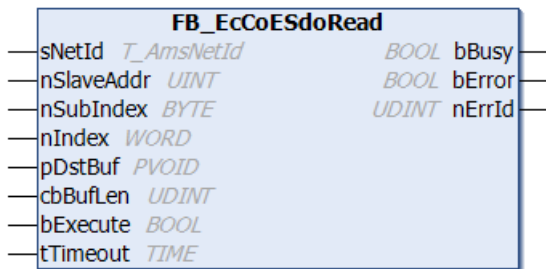
| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------|-----------------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| currState | ST_EcSlaveState | Current EtherCAT state [▶ 119] of the slave |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

6 CoE interface

6.1 FB_EcCoeSdoRead



The FB_EcCoeSdoRead function block allows data to be read from an object dictionary of an EtherCAT slave through an SDO (Service Data Object) access. This requires the slave to have a mailbox and to support the “CANopen over EtherCAT” (CoE) protocol. The nSubIndex and nIndex parameters allow the object that is to be read to be selected. The function block [FB_EcCoeSdoReadEx](#) [► 50] must be used for access to the complete parameter, including subelements.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
  nSlaveAddr  : UINT;
  nSubIndex   : BYTE;
  nIndex      : WORD;
  pDstBuf     : PVOID;
  cbBufLen    : UDINT;
  bExecute    : BOOL;
  tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT slave to which the SDO upload command should be sent. |
| nSubIndex | BYTE | Subindex of the object that is to be read. |
| nIndex | WORD | Index of the object that is to be read. |
| pDstBuf | PVOID | Address (pointer) to the receive buffer. |
| cbBufLen | UDINT | Maximum available buffer size (in bytes) for the data to be read. |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy      : BOOL;
  bError     : BOOL;
  nErrId     : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |

Example of an implementation in ST:

```

PROGRAM TEST_SdoRead
VAR
  fbSdoRead : FB_EcCoESdoRead;
  sNetId    : T_AmsNetId := '172.16.2.131.2.1';
  bExecute  : BOOL;
  nSlaveAddr : UINT := 1006;
  nIndex    : WORD := 16#1018;
  nSubIndex : BYTE :=1;
  vendorId  : UDINT;
  bError    : BOOL;
  nErrId    : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbSdoRead(sNetId:= sNetId,nSlaveAddr :=nSlaveAddr, nIndex:=nIndex, nSubIndex :=nSubIndex, pDstBuf:=
ADR(vendorId), cbBufLen:=SIZEOF(vendorId),bExecute:=bExecute);
bError:=fbSdoRead.bError;
nErrId:=fbSdoRead.nErrId;

```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

6.2 FB_EcCoeSdoReadEx



The `FB_EcCoeSdoReadEx` function block allows data to be read from an object dictionary of an EtherCAT slave through an SDO (Service Data Object) access. This requires the slave to have a mailbox and to support the “CANopen over EtherCAT” (CoE) protocol. The `nSubIndex` and `nIndex` parameters allow the object that is to be read to be selected. The parameter with subelements can be read via `bCompleteAccess := TRUE`.

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
  sNetId      : T_AmsNetId; (* AmsNetId of the EtherCAT master device.*)
  nSlaveAddr  : UINT; (* Address of the slave device.*)
  nSubIndex   : BYTE; (* CANopen Sdo subindex.*)
  nIndex      : WORD; (* CANopen Sdo index.*)
  pDstBuf     : PVOID; (* Contains the address of the buffer for the received data. *)
  cbBufLen   : UDINT; (* Contains the max. number of bytes to be received. *)
  bExecute    : BOOL; (* Function block execution is triggered by a rising edge at this input. *)
  tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;

```

```
(* States the time before the function is cancelled. *)
  bCompleteAccess : BOOL; (* access complete object*)
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT slave to which the SDO upload command should be sent. |
| nSubIndex | BYTE | Subindex of the object that is to be read. |
| nIndex | WORD | Index of the object that is to be read. |
| pDstBuf | PVOID | Address (pointer) to the receive buffer |
| cbBufLen | UDINT | Maximum available buffer size (in bytes) for the data to be read |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |
| bCompleteAccess | BOOL | If bCompleteAccess is set, the whole parameter can be read in a single access. |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy : BOOL;
  bError : BOOL;
  nErrId : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

6.3 FB_EcCoeSdoWrite



The `FB_EcCoeSdoWrite` function block permits an object from the object directory of an EtherCAT slave to be written by means of an SDO download. This requires the slave to have a mailbox and to support the “CANopen over EtherCAT” (CoE) protocol. The `nSubIndex` and `nIndex` parameters allow the object that is to be written to be selected. The function block `FB_EcCoeSdoWriteEx` [53] must be used for access to the complete parameter, including subelements.

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
  sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
  nSlaveAddr  : UINT;
  nSubIndex   : BYTE;
  nIndex      : WORD;
  pSrcBuf     : PVOID;
  cbBufLen    : UDINT;
  bExecute    : BOOL;
  tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT slave to which the SDO download command should be sent. |
| nSubIndex | BYTE | Subindex of the object that is supposed to be written. |
| nIndex | WORD | Index of the object that is supposed to be written. |
| pSrcBuf | PVOID | Address (pointer) to the transmit buffer |
| cbBufLen | UDINT | Number of data to be sent in bytes |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```

VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy      : BOOL;
  bError     : BOOL;
  nErrId     : UDINT;
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |

Example of an implementation in ST:

```

PROGRAM TEST_SdoWrite

VAR
  fbSdoWrite : FB_EcCoESdoWrite;
  sNetId     : T_AmsNetId := '172.16.2.131.2.1'; (* NetId of EtherCAT Master *)
  nSlaveAddr : UINT := 1005; (* Port Number of EtherCAT Slave *)
  nIndex     : WORD := 16#4062; (* CoE Object Index *)
  nSubIndex  : BYTE := 1; (* Subindex of CoE Object *)
  nValue     : UINT := 2; (* variable to be written to the CoE Object *)
  bExecute   : BOOL; (* rising edge starts writing to the CoE Object *)
  bError     : BOOL;
  nErrId     : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbSdoWrite(
  sNetId      := sNetId,
  nSlaveAddr  := nSlaveAddr,
  nIndex      := nIndex,
  nSubIndex   := nSubIndex,
  pSrcBuf     := ADR(nValue),
  cbBufLen    := SIZEOF(nValue),
  bExecute    := bExecute
);

```

```

IF NOT fbSdoWrite.bBusy THEN
  bExecute := FALSE;
  IF NOT fbSdoWrite.bError THEN
    (* write successful *)
    bError := FALSE;
    nErrId := 0;
  ELSE
    (* write failed *)
    bError := fbSdoWrite.bError;
    nErrId := fbSdoWrite.nErrId;
  END_IF
  fbSdoWrite(bExecute := FALSE);
END_IF

```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

6.4 FB_EcCoeSdoWriteEx



The FB_EcCoeSdoWriteEx function block permits an object from the object directory of an EtherCAT slave to be written by means of an SDO download. This requires the slave to have a mailbox and to support the “CANopen over EtherCAT” (CoE) protocol. The nSubIndex and nIndex parameters allow the object that is to be written to be selected. Via bCompleteAccess := TRUE the parameter can be written with sub-elements.

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
  sNetId      : T_AmsNetId; (* AmsNetId of the EtherCAT master device.*)
  nSlaveAddr  : UINT; (* Address of the slave device.*)
  nSubIndex   : BYTE; (* CANopen Sdo subindex.*)
  nIndex      : WORD; (* CANopen Sdo index.*)
  pSrcBuf     : PVOID; (* Contains the address of the buffer containing the data to be send. *)
)
  cbBufLen    : UDINT; (* Contains the max. number of bytes to be received. *)
  bExecute    : BOOL; (* Function block execution is triggered by a rising edge at this input. *)
)
  tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
(* States the time before the function is cancelled. *)
  bCompleteAccess : BOOL; (* access complete object*)
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT slave to which the SDO download command should be sent. |
| nSubIndex | BYTE | Subindex of the object that is supposed to be written. |
| nIndex | WORD | Index of the object that is supposed to be written. |
| pSrcBuf | PVOID | Address (pointer) to the transmit buffer |
| cbBufLen | UDINT | Number of data to be sent in bytes |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |
| bCompleteAccess | BOOL | If bCompleteAccess is set, the whole parameter can be written in a single access. |

🔌 Outputs

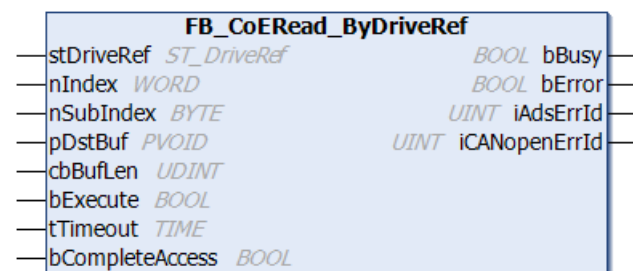
```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy : BOOL;
  bError : BOOL;
  nErrId : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

6.5 FB_CoERead_ByDriveRef



The function block **FB_CoERead_ByDriveRef** can be used to read drive parameters by means of the "CANopen over EtherCAT (CoE)" protocol. This requires the slave to have a mailbox and to support the "CANopen over EtherCAT" (CoE) protocol. The nSubIndex and nIndex parameters allow the object that is to be read to be selected. Via bCompleteAccess := TRUE the parameter can be read with subelements.

🔌 Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  stDriveRef : ST_DriveRef; (*Contains sNetID of EcMaster, nSlaveAddr of EcDrive, nDriveNo
of EcDrive, either preset or read from NC*)
  nIndex : WORD; (*SoE IDN: e.g. "S_0_IDN+1" for S-0-0001 or "P_0_IDN+23" for
P-0-0023*)
  nSubIndex : BYTE;
```

```

pDstBuf      : PVOID; (*Contains the address of the buffer for the received data*)
cbBufLen     : UDINT; (*Contains the max. number of bytes to be received*)
bExecute     : BOOL; (*Function block execution is triggered by a rising edge at this
input*)
tTimeout     : TIME; (*States the time before the function is cancelled*)
bCompleteAccess : BOOL;
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------------|-------------|--|
| stDriveRef | ST_DriveRef | Structure containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device and the address of the slave device. The reference to the drive can be linked directly to the PLC in the System Manager. To this end an instance of ST_PlcDriveRef must be used and the NETID of the Byte array converted to a string. |
| nIndex | WORD | Index of the object that is to be read. |
| nSubIndex | BYTE | Subindex of the object that is to be read. |
| pDstBuf | PVOID | Address (pointer) to the receive buffer. |
| cbBufLen | UDINT | Maximum available buffer size (in bytes) for the data to be read |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |
| bComplete Access | BOOL | If bCompleteAccess is set, the whole parameter can be read in a single access. |

 **Outputs**

```

VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy      : BOOL;
  bError     : BOOL;
  iAdsErrId  : UINT;
  iCANopenErrId : UINT;
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------------|------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| iAdsErrId | UINT | Returns the ADS error code of the last executed command when the bError output is set. |
| iCANopenErrId | UINT | Returns the CANopen error code if the bError output is set. |

Example of an implementation in ST:

```

PROGRAM MAIN
VAR
  fbCoERead      : FB_CoERead_ByDriveRef;
  stDriveRef     : ST_DriveRef;
  nIndex         : WORD := 16#1018;
  nSubIndex      : BYTE := 1;
  bExecute       : BOOL := TRUE;
  tTimeout       : TIME := T#5S;
  bCompleteAccess : BOOL := TRUE;
  vendorId       : UDINT;
  bError         : BOOL;
  nAdsErrId     : UDINT;
  nCANopenErrId : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbCoERead(
  stDriveRef:= stDriveRef,
  nIndex:= nIndex,
  nSubIndex:= nSubIndex,
  pDstBuf:= ADR(vendorId),
  cbBufLen:= SIZEOF(vendorId),
  bExecute:= bExecute,
  tTimeout:= tTimeout,
  bCompleteAccess:= bCompleteAccess,
);

```

```

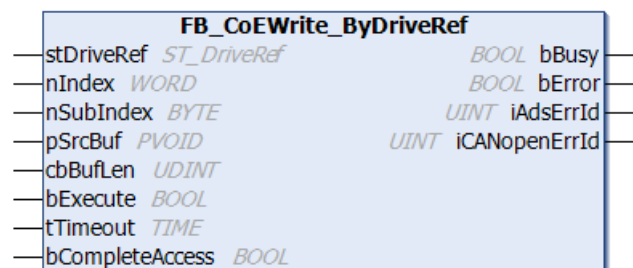
IF NOT fbCoERead.bBusy THEN
  bError:=fbCoERead.bError;
  nAdsErrId:=fbCoERead.iAdsErrId;
  nCANopenErrId:=fbCoERead.iCANopenErrId;
  bExecute := FALSE;
  fbCoERead(bExecute := bExecute);
END_IF

```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

6.6 FB_CoEWrite_ByDriveRef



The function block `FB_CoEWrite_ByDriveRef` can be used to write drive parameters based on the “CANopen over EtherCAT (CoE)” protocol. This requires the slave to have a mailbox and to support the “CANopen over EtherCAT” (CoE) protocol. The `nSubIndex` and `nIndex` parameters allow the object that is to be written to be selected. Via `bCompleteAccess := TRUE` the parameter can be written with sub-elements.

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
  stDriveRef      : ST_DriveRef; (*Contains sNetID of EcMaster, nSlaveAddr EcDrive, nDriveNo of EcDrive, either preset or read from NC*)
  nIndex          : WORD; (*SoE IDN: e.g. "S_0_IDN+1" for S-0-0001 or "P_0_IDN+23" for P-0-0023*)
  nSubIndex       : BYTE; (*SoE element*)
  pSrcBuf         : PVOID; (*Contains the address of the buffer containing the data to be sent*)
  cbBufLen        : UDINT; (*Contains the max. number of bytes to be received*)
  bExecute        : BOOL; (*Function block execution is triggered by a rising edge at this input*)
  tTimeout        : TIME; (*States the time before the function is cancelled*)
  bCompleteAccess : BOOL;
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------------|-------------|---|
| stDriveRef | ST_DriveRef | Structure containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device and the address of the slave device. The reference to the drive can be linked directly to the PLC in the System Manager. To this end an instance of <code>ST_PlcDriveRef</code> must be used and the NETID of the Byte array converted to a string. |
| nIndex | WORD | Index of the object that is supposed to be written. |
| nSubIndex | BYTE | Subindex of the object that is supposed to be written. |
| pSrcBuf | PVOID | Address (pointer) to the transmit buffer |
| cbBufLen | UDINT | Maximum available buffer size for the data to be sent in bytes. |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |
| bComplete Access | BOOL | If <code>bCompleteAccess</code> is set, the whole parameter can be read in a single access. |

🚀 Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy      : BOOL;
  bError     : BOOL;
  iAdsErrId  : UINT;
  iCANopenErrId : UINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------------|------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| iAdsErrId | UINT | Returns the ADS error code of the last executed command when the bError output is set. |
| iCANopenErrId | UINT | Returns the CANopen error code if the bError output is set. |

Example of an implementation in ST:

```
PROGRAM MAIN
VAR
  fbCoEWrite      : FB_CoEWrite_ByDriveRef;
  stDriveRef      : ST_DriveRef;
  nIndex          : WORD := 16#1018;
  nSubIndex       : BYTE := 1;
  bExecute        : BOOL := TRUE;
  tTimeout        : TIME := T#5S;
  bCompleteAccess : BOOL := TRUE;
  vendorId        : UDINT := 2;
  bError          : BOOL;
  nAdsErrId       : UDINT;
  nCANopenErrId   : UDINT;
END_VAR

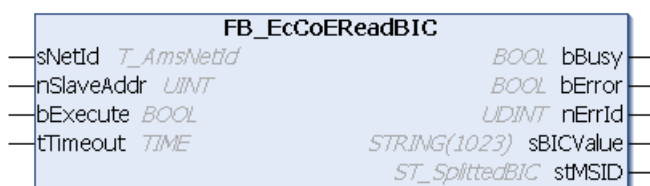
fbCoEWrite(
  stDriveRef:= stDriveRef,
  nIndex:= nIndex,
  nSubIndex:= nSubIndex,
  pSrcBuf:= ADR(vendorId),
  cbBufLen:= SIZEOF(vendorId),
  bExecute:= bExecute,
  tTimeout:= tTimeout,
  bCompleteAccess:= bCompleteAccess,
);

IF NOT fbCoEWrite.bBusy THEN
  bError:= fbCoEWrite.bError;
  nAdsErrId:= fbCoEWrite.iAdsErrId;
  nCANopenErrId:= fbCoEWrite.iCANopenErrId;
  bExecute := FALSE;
  fbCoEWrite(bExecute := bExecute);
END_IF
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

6.7 FB_EcCoeReadBIC



The function block FB_EcCoeReadBIC can be used to read the BIC from the object directory of an EtherCAT slave via SDO (Service Data Object) access. For this the slave must have a mailbox and support the "CANopen over EtherCAT (CoE)" protocol and the object directory must contain an object 0x10E2:01 with the BIC.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
  nSlaveAddr  : UINT;
  bExecute    : BOOL;
  tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT slave to which the SDO upload command should be sent. |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy       : BOOL;
  bError      : BOOL;
  nErrId      : UDINT;
  sBICValue   : STRING
  stMSID     : ST_SplittedBIC
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------|----------------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| sBICValue | STRING(1023) | This output contains (after an error-free run) the BIC of the EtherCAT slave after the bBusy output has been reset, e.g. "1P193995SBTN0002agdw1KEL7411 Q1 2P112104020018". |
| stMSID | ST_SplittedBIC | This output contains (after an error-free run) the substrings of the BIC of the EtherCAT slave after the bBusy output has been reset. The following substrings are assigned for the above BIC: sItemNo = "193995" sBTN = "0002agdw" sDescription = "EL7411" sQuantity = "1" sBatchNo = "112104020018" |

Sample of an implementation in ST

```
PROGRAM TEST_EcCoeReadBIC
VAR
  fbCoEBIC : FB_EcCoeReadBIC;
  sNetId   : T_AmsNetId := '172.16.2.131.2.1';
  bExecute : BOOL := TRUE;
  nSlaveAddr : UINT := 1006;
  sCoEBIC   : STRING(1023);
  stCoEBIC  : ST_SplittedBIC;
  bError    : BOOL;
  nErrId    : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

```
fbCoEBIC(sNetId:= sNetID, nSlaveAddr:= nPort, bExecute:= bExecute, tTimeout:= T#5s);;
IF NOT fbCoEBIC.bBusy THEN
  bExecute := FALSE;
  IF NOT fbCoEBIC.bError THEN
    stCoEBIC := fbCoEBIC.stMSID;
    sCoEBIC := fbCoEBIC.sBICValue;
  END_IF
  fbCoEBIC(bExecute:= bExecute);
END_IF
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

6.8 FB_EcCoeReadBTN



The function block FB_EcCoeReadBTN can be used to read the BTN from the object directory of an EtherCAT slave via SDO (Service Data Object) access. For this the slave must have a mailbox and support the "CANopen over EtherCAT (CoE)" protocol and the object directory must contain an object 0xF083 with the BTN.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
  nSlaveAddr  : UINT;
  bExecute    : BOOL;
  tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT slave to which the SDO upload command should be sent. |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy      : BOOL;
  bError     : BOOL;
  nErrId     : UDINT;
  sBTN       : STRING(9)
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|--------|--|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| sBTN | STRING | This output contains (after an error-free run) the BTN of the EtherCAT slave after the bBusy output has been reset, e.g. "0002agdw". |

Sample of an implementation in ST

```

PROGRAM TEST_ EcCoEReadBtn
VAR
  fbCoEBTN   : FB_EcCoEReadBtn;
  sNetId     : T_AmsNetId := '172.16.2.131.2.1';
  bExecute   : BOOL := TRUE;
  nSlaveAddr : UINT := 1006;
  sCoEBTN    : STRING;
  bError     : BOOL;
  nErrId     : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbCoEBTN(sNetId:= sNetID, nSlaveAddr:= nPort, bExecute:= bExecute, tTimeout:= T#5S);
IF NOT fbCoEBTN.bBusy THEN
  bExecute := FALSE;
  IF NOT fbCoEBTN.bError THEN
    sCoEBTN := fbCoEBTN.sBTN;
  END_IF
  fbCoEBTN(bExecute:= bExecute);
END_IF

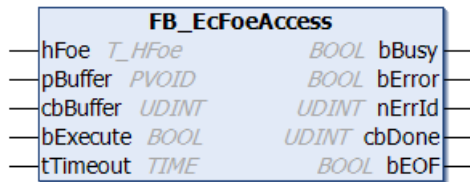
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

7 FoE interface

7.1 FB_EcFoeAccess



This function block writes or reads data via the communication port of the “File access over EtherCAT” mailbox protocol.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  hFoe      : T_HFoe;
  pBuffer   : DWORD;
  cbBuffer  : UDINT;
  bExecute  : BOOL;
  tTimeout  : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|-------------------|--|
| hFoe | T_HFoe [▶_124] | "File access over EtherCAT" handle |
| pBuffer | DWORD | Contains the address of the buffer into which the data are to be read (read access) or the address of buffer containing the data to be written (write access). The buffer can be a single variable, an array or a structure, whose address can be found with the ADR operator. |
| cbBuffer | UDINT | Contains the number of data bytes to be written or read. |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

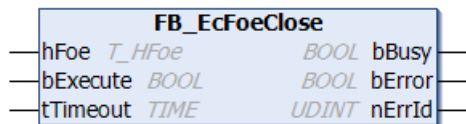
```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy     : BOOL;
  bError    : BOOL;
  nErrId    : UDINT;
  cbDone    : UDINT;
  bEOF      : BOOL;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|--|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| cbDone | UDINT | Number of the most recent successfully written or read data bytes |
| bEOF | BOOL | End of File, this variable becomes TRUE if the end of the file is reached during read access. For write access this variable has no purpose. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

7.2 FB_EcFoeClose



This function block closes the communication port for the “File access over EtherCAT” mailbox protocol.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  hFoe      : T_HFoe;
  bExecute  : BOOL;
  tTimeout  : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------|-------------------|---|
| hFoe | T_HFoe [▶ 124] | "File access over EtherCAT" handle |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

Outputs

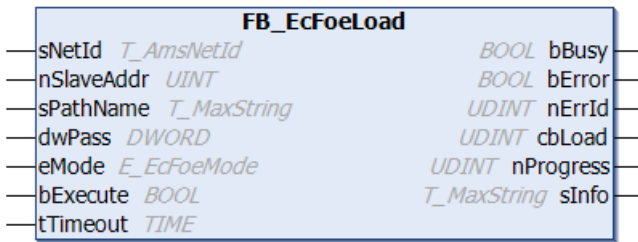
```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy    : BOOL;
  bError   : BOOL;
  nErrId   : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

7.3 FB_EcFoeLoad



The function block FB_EcFoeLoad can be used to download or upload files to or from an EtherCAT device via the “File access over EtherCAT” mailbox protocol.

i The file path can only point to the local file system on the computer. This means that network paths cannot be used here. To upload or download files via the FoE protocol, the function block automatically resets the EtherCAT device to BOOTSTRAP mode. Finally, the function block tries to reset the device to the original state.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    sNetId      : T_AmsNetId ;
    nSlaveAddr  : UINT;
    sPathName   : T_MaxString;
    dwPass      : DWORD := 0;
    eMode       : E_EcFoeMode := eFoeMode_Write;
    bExecute    : BOOL;
    tTimeout    : TIME := T#200s;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------|--|---|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT slave whose file is to be uploaded or downloaded. |
| sPathName | T_MaxString | Contains the path and filenames of the file to be written or read. (e.g.: 'C:\FOE_Test\EL6751\ECATFW__EL6751_C6_V0030.efw') |
| dwPass | DWORD | Password (default: 0) |
| eMode | E_EcFoeMode [► 114] | "File access over EtherCAT" access mode (default: write access) |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time that must not be exceeded when the function block is executed (default: 200 s). |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
    bBusy       : BOOL;
    bError      : BOOL;
    nErrId      : UDINT;
    cbLoad      : UDINT;
    nProgress   : UDINT;
    sInfo       : T_MaxString;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| cbLoad | UDINT | Number of successfully written or read data bytes |
| nProgress | UDINT | Write access progress (range: 0 - 100%). This variable is currently not used for read access, in which case it is always 0. |
| sInfo | T_MaxString | Additional command information as string (reserved) |

Sample in ST:

A rising edge at the bLoad variable triggers the firmware download via the “File access over EtherCAT” mailbox protocol.

```

PROGRAM MAIN
VAR
  fbDownload : FB_EcFoeLoad := (
    sNetID      := '5.0.34.38.3.1',
    nSlaveAddr  := 1004,
    sPathName   := 'C:\FOE_Test\EL6751\ECATFW__EL6751_C6_V0030.efw',
    dwPass      := 0,
    eMode       := eFoeMode_Write );
  bLoad       : BOOL;
  bBusy       : BOOL;
  bError      : BOOL;
  nErrID      : UDINT;
  nBytesWritten : UDINT;
  nPercent    : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbDownload( bExecute := bLoad,
            bBusy => bBusy,
            bError => bError,
            nErrId => nErrID,
            cbLoad => nBytesWritten,
            nProgress => nPercent );

```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

7.4 FB_EcFoeOpen



This function block is used to open the communication port for the “File access over EtherCAT” mailbox protocol.

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
  sNetId : T_AmsNetId;
  nPort  : UINT;

```



```
sPathName : T_MaxString;
dwPass    : DWORD;
eMode     : E_EcFoeMode;
bExecute  : BOOL;
tTimeout  : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------|------------------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. |
| nPort | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT device |
| sPathName | T_MaxString | File path name (e.g.: 'c:\TwinCAT\FOE\Data.fwp') (See below for further explanations of sPathName.) |
| dwPass | DWORD | Password |
| eMode | E_EcFoeMode [▶ 114] | Access mode (write/read access) |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

sPathName

By default, only the filename (without filename extension) is extracted from the file path (e.g. 'c:\TwinCAT\FOE\Data.fwp') that was entered and used as the filename for the FoE protocol (in our example: 'Data'). From library version 3.3.12.0, filenames including the filename extension can also be used (in our example: 'Data.fwp').

Via the global boolean variable

```
Tc2_EtherCAT.bEcFoeOpenFileNameWithFileExt
```

the use of the filename extension can be enabled or disabled for all instances of the FB_EcFoeOpen function block. By default, the variable has the value FALSE (no filename extension). If you set the value to TRUE then the use of filename extensions is enabled.

Note that the FoE function blocks were originally used for firmware updates where no filename extension was used. If you want to update the firmware, you may have to make sure that the global variable has its original default value, i.e. FALSE.

 **Outputs**

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy   : BOOL;
  bError  : BOOL;
  nErrId  : UDINT;
  hFoe    : T_HFoe;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|----------------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| hFoe | T_HFoe [▶ 124] | "File access over EtherCAT" handle |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

7.5 FB_EcFoeReadFile



The FB_EcFoeReadFile function block can be used to download files from an EtherCAT device to the local data carrier via the "File access over EtherCAT" mailbox protocol.



The file path can only point to the local file system on the computer. This means that network paths cannot be used here.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  sFSrvNetId      : T_AmsNetId := '';
  sFSrvPathName  : T_MaxString;
  sEcNetId       : T_AmsNetId;
  nSlaveAddr     : UINT;
  sFoEPathName   : T_MaxString;
  dwPass         : DWORD := 0;
  bExecute       : BOOL;
  tTimeout       : TIME := T#200s;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------------|-------------|--|
| sFSrvNetId | T_AmsNetId | AMS network ID of the computer on which the file that was read is to be written. (Default: local computer) |
| sFSrvPathName | T_MaxString | Contains the path and filename of the file to be written (e.g. 'C:\Data\LogData.csv'). |
| sEcNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Address of the EtherCAT slave |
| sFoEPathName | T_MaxString | Name of the file on the EtherCAT slave (e.g. 'LogData') |
| dwPass | DWORD | Password |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. (Default: 200 s.) |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy      : BOOL;
  bError     : BOOL;
  nErrId     : UDINT;
  cbRead     : UDINT;
  sInfo      : T_MaxString;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| cbRead | UDINT | Number of successfully read data bytes |
| slInfo | T_MaxString | Additional FoE error information (reserved) |

Sample in ST:

A rising edge at the bExecute variable triggers reading of the specified file via the "File access over EtherCAT" mailbox protocol. The file named in sFoEPathName is read by the selected EtherCAT slave (sEcNetId & nSlaveAddr). The file is stored on the selected computer (sFSrvNetID) under the name specified in sFSrvPathName. If a password is required for reading the file from the EtherCAT slave, this can be specified via dwPass.

The read and write operation is not completed until bBusy switches to FALSE. Only then can the error information or the number of bytes read be evaluated.

```

PROGRAM MAIN
VAR
    fbEcReadFile : FB_EcFoeReadFile := (
        sFSrvNetID      := '5.0.34.38.1.1', (* NetID for target file *)
        sFSrvPathName  := 'C:\Data\LogData.csv', (* Pathname for target file *)
        sEcNetId       := '5.0.34.38.3.1', (* NetID of EtherCAT master *)
        nSlaveAddr     := 1004, (* EtherCAT slave address *)
        sFoEPathName   := 'LogData', (* Name of source file *)
        dwPass         := 0
    );
    bExecute          : BOOL := TRUE;
    bBusy             : BOOL;
    bError            : BOOL;
    nErrID            : UDINT;
    nBytesRead        : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbEcReadFile (
    bExecute := bExecute,
    bBusy => bBusy,
    bError => bError,
    nErrId => nErrID
);
IF NOT bBusy THEN
    bExecute := FALSE;

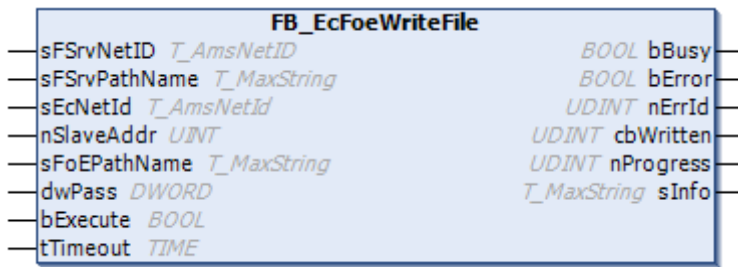
    IF NOT bError THEN
        (* done, no error *)
        nBytesRead := fbEcReadFile.cbRead;
    ELSE
        (* evaluate error *)
        nBytesRead := 0;
    END_IF
    fbEcReadFile (bExecute := FALSE);
END_IF

```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT >= 3.3.14 |

7.6 FB_EcFoeWriteFile



The function block FB_EcFoeWriteFile can be used to write files from a local data carrier to an EtherCAT device via the "File access over EtherCAT" mailbox protocol.



The file path can only point to the local file system on the computer. This means that network paths cannot be used here.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  sFSrvNetId      : T_AmsNetId := '';
  sFSrvPathName  : T_MaxString;
  sEcNetId       : T_AmsNetId;
  nSlaveAddr     : UINT;
  sFoEPathName   : T_MaxString;
  dwPass         : DWORD := 0;
  bExecute       : BOOL;
  tTimeout       : TIME := T#200s;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------------|-------------|---|
| sFSrvNetId | T_AmsNetId | AMS network ID of the computer from which the file to be written is to be read. (Default: local computer) |
| sFSrvPathName | T_MaxString | Contains the path and filename of the file to be read (e.g.: 'C:\Data\LogData.csv'). |
| sEcNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Address of the EtherCAT slave |
| sFoEPathName | T_MaxString | Name of the file on the EtherCAT slave (e.g. 'LogData') |
| dwPass | DWORD | Password |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. (Default: 200 s.) |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy      : BOOL;
  bError     : BOOL;
  nErrId     : UDINT;
  cbWritten  : UDINT;
  nProgress  : UDINT;
  sInfo      : T_MaxString;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------|-------------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| cbWritten | UDINT | Number of successfully written data bytes |
| nProgress | UDINT | Write access progress (range: 0 - 100%). |
| sInfo | T_MaxString | Additional FoE error information (reserved) |

Sample in ST:

A rising edge at the bExecute variable triggers writing of the specified file via the "File access over EtherCAT" mailbox protocol. The file named in sFSrvPathName is read from the selected computer (sFSrvNetID). The file is stored on the selected EtherCAT slave (sEcNetId & nSlaveAddr) under the name specified in sFoEPathName. If a password is required for writing the file to the EtherCAT slave, this can be specified via dwPass.

The read and write operation is not completed until bBusy switches to FALSE. Only then can the error information or the number of bytes read be evaluated.

```

PROGRAM MAIN
VAR
    fbEcWriteFile : FB_EcFoeWriteFile := (
        sFSrvNetID      := '5.0.34.38.1.1', (* NetID for source file *)
        sFSrvPathName  := 'C:\Data\LogData.csv', (* Pathname for source file *)
        sEcNetId       := '5.0.34.38.3.1', (* NetID of EtherCAT master *)
        nSlaveAddr     := 1004, (* EtherCAT slave address *)
        sFoEPathName   := 'LogData', (* Name of target file *)
        dwPass         := 0
    );
    bExecute          : BOOL := TRUE;
    bBusy             : BOOL;
    bError            : BOOL;
    nErrID            : UDINT;
    nBytesWritten     : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbEcWriteFile (
    bExecute := bExecute,
    bBusy => bBusy,
    bError => bError,
    nErrId => nErrID
);
IF NOT bBusy THEN
    bExecute := FALSE;

    IF NOT bError THEN
        (* done, no error *)
        nBytesWritten := fbEcWriteFile.cbWritten;
    ELSE
        (* evaluate error *)
        nBytesWritten := 0;
    END_IF
    fbEcWriteFile (bExecute := FALSE);
END_IF

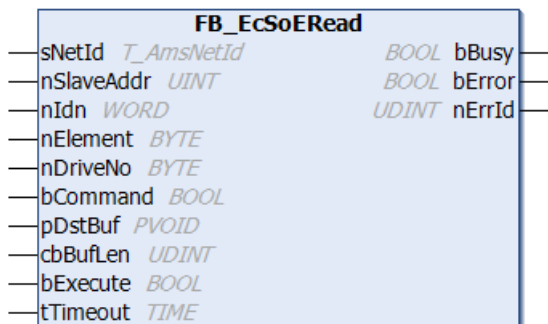
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.4024.56 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT >= 3.5.1.0 |

8 SoE interface

8.1 FB_EcSoeRead



The function block `FB_EcSoeRead` can be used to read drive parameters by means of the “Servo drive profile over EtherCAT (SoE)” protocol. To this end the slave must have a mailbox and support the SoE protocol. The drive parameter to be read is specified with the parameters `nIdn` (identification number), `nElement` and `nDriveNo`.

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
  sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
  nSlaveAddr  : UINT;
  nIdn        : WORD;
  nElement    : BYTE;
  nDriveNo    : BYTE;
  bCommand    : BOOL;
  pDstBuf     : PVOID;
  cbBufLen    : UDINT;
  bExecute    : BOOL;
  tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT slave to which the SoE read command is to be sent. |
| nIdn | WORD | Identification number of the parameter to be read |
| nElement | BYTE | Element number of the parameter to be read (See nElement) |
| nDriveNo | BYTE | Drive number |
| bCommand | BOOL | This parameter should be set if internal command execution is to be used. |
| pDstBuf | PVOID | Address (pointer) to the receive buffer |
| cbBufLen | UDINT | Maximum available buffer size (in bytes) for the data to be read |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

nElement

Element number of the parameter to be read. The following values are permitted:

| Value | Description |
|-------|------------------|
| 0x01 | Data status |
| 0x02 | Name (read only) |
| 0x04 | Attribute |
| 0x08 | Unit |
| 0x10 | Minimum |
| 0x20 | Maximum |
| 0x40 | Value |
| 0x80 | Default |

 **Outputs**

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy : BOOL;
  bError : BOOL;
  nErrId : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |

Example of an implementation in ST:

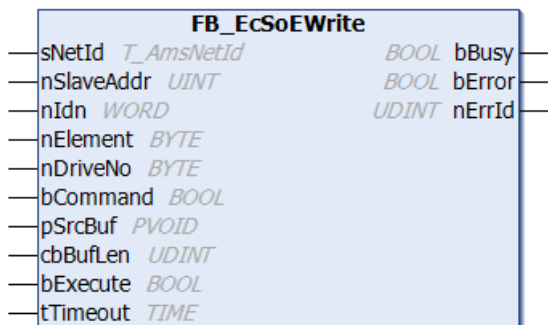
```
PROGRAM TEST_SoERead
VAR
  fbSoERead : FB_EcSoERead;
  sNetId : T_AmsNetId:= '172.16.2.131.2.1';
  bExecute : BOOL;
  nSlaveAddr : UINT := 1006;
  nIdn : WORD := 15;
  nElement : BYTE := 0;
  nDriveNo : BYTE := 0;
  bCommand : BOOL := FALSE;
  val : UINT;
  bError : BOOL;
  nErrId : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbSoERead(sNetId:= sNetId,nSlaveAddr :=nSlaveAddr, nIdn := nIdn, nElement:=nElement, nDriveNo := nDriveNo, bCommand:=bCommand, pDstBuf:= ADR(val), cbBufLen:=SIZEOF(val),bExecute:=bExecute);
bError := fbSoERead.bError;
nErrId := fbSoERead.nErrId;
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

8.2 FB_EcSoEWrite



The function block `FB_EcSoEWrite` can be used to write drive parameters by means of the “Servo drive profile over EtherCAT (SoE)” protocol. To this end the slave must have a mailbox and support the SoE protocol. The drive parameter to be written is specified with the parameters `nIdn` (identification number), `nElement` and `nDriveNo`.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  sNetId      : T_AmsNetId;
  nSlaveAddr  : UINT;
  nIdn        : WORD;
  nElement    : BYTE;
  nDriveNo    : BYTE;
  pCommand    : BOOL;
  pSrcBuf     : PVOID;
  cbBufLen    : UDINT;
  bExecute    : BOOL;
  tTimeout    : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------|------------|--|
| sNetId | T_AmsNetId | String containing the AMS network ID of the EtherCAT master device. (Type: T_AmsNetId) |
| nSlaveAddr | UINT | Fixed address of the EtherCAT slave to which the SoE write command is to be sent. |
| nIdn | WORD | Identification number of the parameter to be written. |
| nElement | BYTE | Element number of the parameter to be written (See nElement) |
| nDriveNo | BYTE | Drive number |
| bCommand | BOOL | This parameter should be set if internal command execution is to be used. |
| pSrcBuf | PVOID | Address (pointer) to the transmit buffer |
| cbBufLen | UDINT | Number of data to be sent in bytes |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

nElement

Element number of the parameter to be written. The following values are permitted:

| Value | Description |
|-------|------------------|
| 0x01 | Data status |
| 0x02 | Name (read only) |
| 0x04 | Attribute |
| 0x08 | Unit |
| 0x10 | Minimum |
| 0x20 | Maximum |
| 0x40 | Value |
| 0x80 | Default |

🔌 Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
    bBusy : BOOL;
    bError : BOOL;
    nErrId : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| nErrId | UDINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |

Example of an implementation in ST:

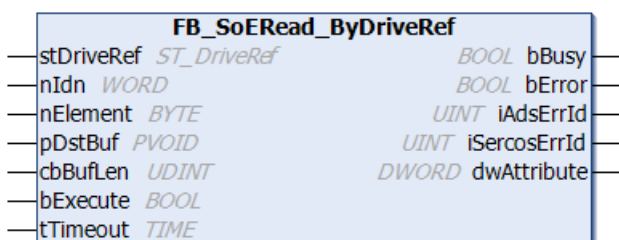
```
PROGRAM TEST_SoEWrite
VAR
    fbSoEWrite : FB_EcSoEWrite;
    sNetId : T_AmsNetId:= '172.16.2.131.2.1';
    bExecute : BOOL;
    nSlaveAddr : UINT := 1006;
    nIdn : WORD := 15;
    nElement : BYTE := 0;
    nDriveNo : BYTE := 0;
    bCommand : BOOL := FALSE;
    val : UINT;
    bError : BOOL;
    nErrId : UDINT;
END_VAR

fbSoEWrite(sNetId:= sNetId,nSlaveAddr :=nSlaveAddr, nIdn := nIdn, nElement:=nElement, nDriveNo := nDriveNo,bCommand:=bCommand, pSrcBuf:= ADR(val), cbBufLen:=SIZEOF(val),bExecute:=bExecute);
bError := fbSoEWrite.bError;
nErrId := fbSoEWrite.nErrId;
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

8.3 FB_SoERead_ByDriveRef



The `FB_SoeRead_ByRef` function block can be used to read drive parameters by means of the “Servo drive profile over EtherCAT (SoE)” protocol. To this end the slave must have a mailbox and support the SoE protocol. The drive parameter to be read is specified with the parameters `nIdn` (identification number), `nElement` and `stDriveRef`.

The global variable `bSeqReadDrvAttrAndValue := TRUE` from the `Tc2_EtherCAT` library can be used to enforce sequential access to attribute and value. The default value of this variable is `FALSE`. Devices of the AX5xx series enable parallel and sequential access to attribute and value. For third-party devices it may be necessary to separate access to attribute and value, which overall slows down access by several cycles.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  stDriveRef : ST_DriveRef; (* contains sNetID of EcMaster, nSlaveAddr of EcDrive, nDriveNo of EcDrive, either preset or read from NC *)
  nIdn       : WORD; (* SoE IDN: e.g. "S_0_IDN + 1" for S-0-0001 or "P_0_IDN + 23" for P-0-0023*)
  nElement   : BYTE; (* SoE element.*)
  pDstBuf    : PVOID; (* Contains the address of the buffer for the received data. *)
  cbBufLen   : UDINT; (* Contains the max. number of bytes to be received. *)
  bExecute   : BOOL; (* Function block execution is triggered by a rising edge at this input.*)
  tTimeout   : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT; (* States the time before the function is cancelled. *)
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| <code>stDriveRef</code> | <code>ST_DriveRef</code> | The reference to the drive can be linked directly to the PLC in the System Manager. To this end an instance of <code>ST_PlcDriveRef</code> must be used and the <code>NetID</code> of the Byte array converted to a string. |
| <code>nIdn</code> | <code>WORD</code> | Identification number of the parameter to be read |
| <code>nElement</code> | <code>BYTE</code> | Element number of the parameter to be read (See <code>nElement</code>) |
| <code>pDstBuf</code> | <code>PVOID</code> | Address (pointer) to the read buffer |
| <code>cbBufLen</code> | <code>UDINT</code> | Maximum available buffer size (in bytes) for the data to be read |
| <code>bExecute</code> | <code>BOOL</code> | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| <code>tTimeout</code> | <code>TIME</code> | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

nElement

Element number of the parameter to be read. The following values are permitted:

| Value | Description |
|-------|------------------|
| 0x01 | Data status |
| 0x02 | Name (read only) |
| 0x04 | Attribute |
| 0x08 | Unit |
| 0x10 | Minimum |
| 0x20 | Maximum |
| 0x40 | Value |
| 0x80 | Default |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy       : BOOL;
  bError      : BOOL;
  iAdsErrId   : UINT;
  iSercosErrId : UINT;
  dwAttribute : DWORD;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------------|-------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| iAdsErrId | UINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| iSercosErrId | UINT | In the case of a set bError output returns the Sercos error of the last executed command. |
| dwAttribute | DWORD | Returns the attributes of the Sercos parameter. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

8.4 FB_SoEWrite_ByDriveRef



The function block `FB_SoEWrite_ByRef` can be used to write drive parameters by means of the “Servo drive profile over EtherCAT (SoE)” protocol. To this end the slave must have a mailbox and support the SoE protocol. The drive parameter to be written is specified with the parameters `nIdn` (identification number), `nElement` and `stDriveRef`.

The global variable `bSeqReadDrvAttrAndValue := TRUE` from the `Tc2_EtherCAT` library can be used to enforce sequential access to attribute and value. The default value of this variable is `FALSE`. Devices of the AX5xx series enable parallel and sequential access to attribute and value. For third-party devices it may be necessary to separate access to attribute and value, which overall slows down access by several cycles.

 **Inputs**

```

VAR_INPUT
    stDriveRef : ST_DriveRef; (* contains sNetID of EcMaster, nSlaveAddr of EcDrive, nDriveNo of EcDrive, either preset or read from NC *)
    nIdn       : WORD; (* SoE IDN: e.g. "S_0_IDN + 1" for S-0-0001 or "P_0_IDN + 23" for P-0-0023*)
    nElement   : BYTE; (* SoE element.*)
    pSrcBuf    : PVOID; (* Contains the address of the buffer containing the data to be send. *)
    cbBufLen   : UDINT; (* Contains the max. number of bytes to be received. *)
    bExecute   : BOOL; (* Function block execution is triggered by a rising edge at this input.*)
    tTimeout   : TIME := DEFAULT_ADS_TIMEOUT; (* States the time before the function is cancelled. *)
END_VAR
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------|-------------|---|
| stDriveRef | ST_DriveRef | The reference to the drive can be linked directly to the PLC in the System Manager. To this end an instance of ST_PlcDriveRef must be used and the NetID of the Byte array converted to a string. |
| nIdn | WORD | Identification number of the parameter to be read |
| nElement | BYTE | Element number of the parameter to be read (See nElement) |
| pSrcBuf | | Address (pointer) to the send buffer |
| cbBufLen | | Maximum available buffer size (in bytes) for the data to be read |
| bExecute | BOOL | The function block is activated by a positive edge at this input. |
| tTimeout | TIME | Maximum time allowed for the execution of the function block. |

nElement

Element number of the parameter to be read. The following values are permitted:

| Value | Description |
|-------|------------------|
| 0x01 | Data status |
| 0x02 | Name (read only) |
| 0x04 | Attribute |
| 0x08 | Unit |
| 0x10 | Minimum |
| 0x20 | Maximum |
| 0x40 | Value |
| 0x80 | Default |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bBusy      : BOOL;
  bError     : BOOL;
  iAdsErrId  : UINT;
  iSercosErrId : UINT;
END_VAR
```

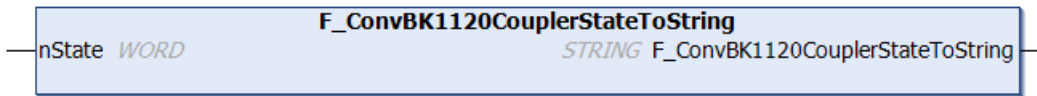
| Name | Type | Description |
|--------------|------|---|
| bBusy | BOOL | This output is set when the function block is activated, and remains set until a feedback is received. |
| bError | BOOL | This output is set after the bBusy output has been reset when an error occurs in the transmission of the command. |
| iAdsErrId | UINT | Supplies the ADS error code associated with the most recently executed command if the bError output is set. |
| iSercosErrId | UINT | Returns the Sercos error of the last executed command when the bError output is set. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

9 Conversion Functions

9.1 F_ConvBK1120CouplerStateToString



The function `F_ConvBK1120CouplerStateToString` returns the coupler state of the BK1120/BK1150/BK1250 as string. For `nState = 0` 'No error' is returned, otherwise 'K-bus error' is returned, e.g. for `nState = 1`. If several errors are pending, they are separated by commas.

Inputs

```

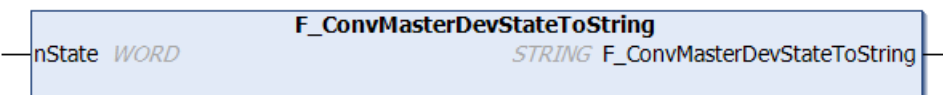
VAR_INPUT
  nState : WORD;
END_VAR
  
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|------|--|
| nState | WORD | Coupler state; can be linked in the System Manager from the inputs of the BK1120/BK1250 to the PLC. 0x0000 = 'No error' 0x0001 = 'K-Bus error' 0x0002 = 'Configuration error' 0x0010 = 'Outputs disabled' 0x0020 = 'K-Bus overrun' 0x0040 = 'Communication error (Inputs)' 0x0080 = 'Communication error (Outputs)' |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

9.2 F_ConvMasterDevStateToString



The function `F_ConvMasterDevStateToString` converts the device status of the EtherCAT master to string.

For `nState = 0` 'OK' is returned, otherwise, 'Not OK – Link error', e.g. for `nState = 1`. If several errors are pending, they are separated by hyphens.

Inputs

```

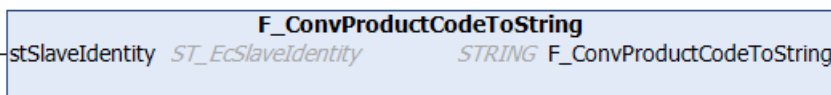
VAR_INPUT
  nState : WORD;
END_VAR
  
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|------|---|
| nState | WORD | <p>Device state of the EtherCAT master; can be linked as DevState in the System Manager from the inputs of the EtherCAT master to the PLC.</p> <p>0x0001 = 'Link error' 0x0002 = 'I/O locked after link error (I/O reset required)' 0x0004 = 'Link error (redundancy adapter)' 0x0008 = 'Missing one frame (redundancy mode)' 0x0010 = 'Out of send resources (I/O reset required)' 0x0020 = 'Watchdog triggered' 0x0040 = 'Ethernet driver (miniport) not found' 0x0080 = 'I/O reset active' 0x0100 = 'At least one device in 'INIT' state' 0x0200 = 'At least one device in 'PRE-OP' state' 0x0400 = 'At least one device in 'SAFE-OP' state' 0x0800 = 'At least one device indicates an error state' 0x1000 = 'DC not in sync'</p> |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

9.3 F_ConvProductCodeToString



The function `F_ConvProductToString` returns the product code as string, e.g. 'EL6731-0000-0017'. From version 3.3.8.0 of the `Tc2_EtherCAT` library this function also supports ELM and EPP slaves such as 'EPP4374-0002-0018' and 'ELM3704-0001-0016'.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    stSlaveIdentity : ST_EcSlaveIdentity;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------------|--------------------|---|
| stSlaveIdentity | ST_EcSlaveIdentity | Slave Identity as it can be read with the FB EcGetSlaveIdentity [▶ 30]. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

9.4 F_ConvSlaveStateToString



The function `F_ConvSlaveStateToString` returns the EtherCAT slave state as string. For conversion to the string see [F_ConvStateToString](#) [▶ 80].

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    state : ST_EcSlaveState;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-------|-----------------|---|
| state | ST_EcSlaveState | EtherCAT slave state structure (consisting of: deviceState : BYTE; linkState : BYTE;) |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

9.5 F_ConvSlaveStateToBits



The function `F_ConvSlaveStateToBits` returns the EtherCAT slave state as structure `TYPE ST_EcSlaveStateBits` [► 120].

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    stEcSlaveState : ST_EcSlaveState;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------------|-----------------|---|
| stEcSlaveState | ST_EcSlaveState | EtherCAT slave state structure (consisting of: deviceState : BYTE; linkState : BYTE;) |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

9.6 F_ConvSlaveStateToBitsEx



The function `F_ConvSlaveStateToBitsEx` returns the EtherCAT slave state as structure `ST_EcSlaveStateBitsEx` [► 120].

Inputs

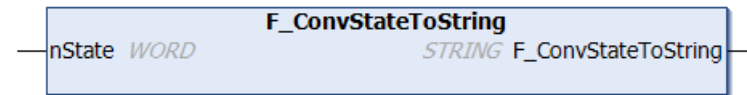
```
VAR_INPUT
    stEcSlaveState : ST_EcSlaveState;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|----------------|-----------------|---|
| stEcSlaveState | ST_EcSlaveState | EtherCAT slave state structure (consisting of: deviceState : BYTE; linkState : BYTE;) |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

9.7 F_ConvStateToString



The function `F_ConvStateToString` returns the EtherCAT slave state as string. For `nState = 0` ' ' is returned, otherwise, 'INIT' is returned, e.g. for `nState = 1`. If several messages are pending, they are separated by spaces.

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    nState : WORD;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|------|---|
| nState | WORD | EtherCAT slave state as WORD 0x__1_ = 'INIT' 0x__2_ = 'PREOP' 0x__3_ = 'BOOT' 0x__4_ = 'SAFEOP' 0x__8_ = 'OP' 0x001_ = 'Slave signals error' 0x002_ = 'Invalid vendorId, productCode... read' 0x004_ = 'Initialization error occurred' 0x008_ = 'Slave disabled' 0x010_ = 'Slave not present' 0x020_ = 'Slave signals link error' 0x040_ = 'Slave signals missing link' 0x080_ = 'Slave Slave signals unexpected link' 0x100_ = 'Communication port A' 0x200_ = 'Communication port B' 0x400_ = 'Communication port C' 0x800_ = 'Communication port D' |

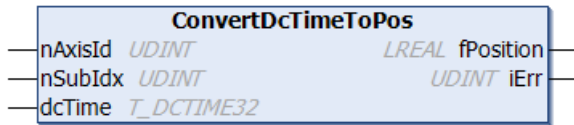
Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10 Distributed Clocks

10.1 DCTIME32

10.1.1 ConvertDcTimeToPos



This function block converts a 32-bit distributed clock system time variable of type `T_DCTIME32` [► 123] to a corresponding NC axis position (i.e. the NC axis position at precisely this time).

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  nAxisId : UDINT;
  nSubIdx : UDINT;
  dcTime  : T_DCTIME32; (* 32 bit distributed clock time *)
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------|------------|--|
| nAxisId | UDINT | ID of the NC axis |
| nSubIdx | UDINT | This 32-bit input variable contains two different items of information, and is therefore divided into two 16-bit values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The LowWord (the least significant 16 bits) contains the subindex for relative addressing of an encoder subelement at an axis. The subindex is counted upwards from zero. For the typical case of an axis that has just one encoder, the null subindex is correct. The HighWord (the most significant 16 bits) contains a control word (bit mask) that affects the way in which the position is calculated (e.g. the type of interpolation or extrapolation). A bit mask value of 0x0001 means that the set acceleration of the axis is to be included in the calculation. |
| dcTime | T_DCTIME32 | 32-bit "Distributed Clock System Time" variable. This input variable is converted into the corresponding NC axis position. |



The 32-bit time may only be used in the narrow range of $\pm 2,147$ seconds around the current system time, to ensure that it is unambiguous. Within the function block this prerequisite cannot be checked.

Outputs

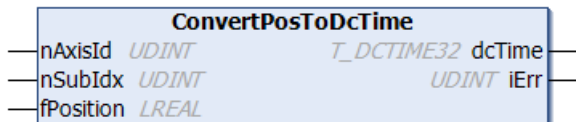
```
VAR_OUTPUT
  fPosition : LREAL;
  iErr      : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------|-------|---|
| fPosition | LREAL | Supplies the NC axis position corresponding to dcTime. This is an NC axis position that has been scaled and provided with an offset, having, for instance, physical units of degrees or of millimeters. |
| iErr | UDINT | Returns the error number if an error occurs, e.g. error 0x4012 (axis ID is not allowed, or axis does not exist within the system). |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.1.2 ConvertPosToDcTime



This function block converts an NC axis position to a corresponding 32-bit distributed clock system time variable of type `T_DCTIME32` [► 123] (i.e. the time which precisely this NC axis position was or will be reached).

 **Inputs**

```
VAR_INPUT
  nAxisId   : UDINT;
  nSubIdx   : UDINT;
  fPosition : LREAL;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------|-------|---|
| nAxisId | UDINT | ID of the NC axis |
| nSubIdx | UDINT | This 32-bit input magnitude is composed of two different items of information, and is divided into two 16-bit values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The LowWord (the least significant 16 bits) contains the subindex for relative addressing of an encoder subelement at an axis. The subindex is counted upwards from zero. For the typical case of an axis that has just one encoder, the null subindex is correct. • The HighWord (the most significant 16 bits) contains a control word (bit mask) that affects the way in which the position is calculated (e.g. the type of interpolation or extrapolation). A bit mask value of 0x0001 means that the set acceleration of the axis is to be included in the calculation. |
| fPosition | LREAL | NC axis position that is converted to the corresponding 32-bit "Distributed Clock System Time" variable. If the "Distributed Clock System Time" associated with the position is outside the expected time window of ± 2.147 seconds, this conversion is rejected with an error number. |

 **Outputs**

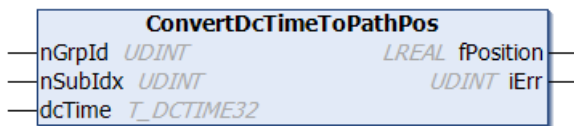
```
VAR_OUTPUT
  dcTime : T_DCTIME32; (* 32 bit distributed clock time *)
  iErr   : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|------------|--|
| dcTime | T_DCTIME32 | Returns the 32-bit "Distributed Clock System Time" variable that corresponds to input fPosition. |
| iErr | UDINT | Supplies an error number if an error occurs, e.g. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Error 0x4012: axis ID is not allowed, or axis is not present in the system. • Error 0x4361: time range exceeded (future) • Error 0x4362: time range exceeded (past) • Error 0x4363: position cannot be determined mathematically. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.1.3 ConvertDcTimeToPathPos



This function block converts a 32-bit distributed clock system time variable of type T_DCTIME32 [► 123] to a relative Nci path distance on the contour of the currently active Nci program (i.e. the function block returns a positive or negative relative interval, depending on the timing).

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  nGrpId : UDINT;
  nSubIdx : UDINT;
  dcTime : T_DCTIME32; (* 32 bit distributed clock time *)
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------|------------|--|
| nGrpId | UDINT | Group ID of the corresponding Nci channel |
| nSubIdx | UDINT | This 32-bit input variable contains two different items of information, and is therefore divided into two 16-bit values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The LowWord (the least significant 16 bits) contains the subindex for relative addressing of an encoder subelement at an axis. The subindex is counted upwards from zero. For the typical case of an axis that has just one encoder, the null subindex is correct. • The HighWord (the most significant 16 bits) contains a control word (bit mask) that affects the way in which the position is calculated (e.g. the type of interpolation or extrapolation). The bit mask 0x0001 means that the set acceleration of the axis is to be included in the calculation. Bit mask 0x0010 means that the calculation is relative and is currently mandatory. Otherwise the call is rejected with an error. |
| dcTime | T_DCTIME32 | 32-bit "Distributed Clock System Time" variable. This input variable is converted to the corresponding relative Nci path distance on the contour. |



The 32-bit time may only be used in the narrow range of ± 2,147 seconds around the current system time, to ensure that it is unambiguous. Within the function block this prerequisite cannot be checked.

🔌 Outputs

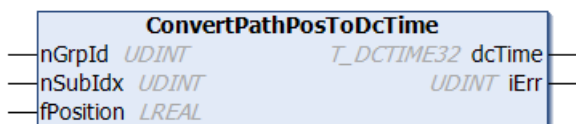
```
VAR_OUTPUT
    fPosition : LREAL;
    iErr      : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------|-------|---|
| fPosition | LREAL | Returns the relative Nci path distance on the contour that corresponds to the dcTime. |
| iErr | UDINT | Returns an error number in the event of an error |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.1.4 ConvertPathPosToDcTime



This function block converts a relative Nci path distance to a corresponding 32-bit distributed clock system time variable of type `T_DCTIME32` [▶ 123] (i.e. the time that corresponds or corresponded to the relative Nci path distance).

🔌 Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    nGrpId : UDINT;
    nSubIdx : UDINT;
    fPosition : LREAL;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------|-------|--|
| nGrpId | UDINT | Group ID of the corresponding Nci channel |
| nSubIdx | UDINT | This 32-bit input variable contains two different items of information, and is therefore divided into two 16-bit values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The LowWord (the least significant 16 bits) contains the subindex for relative addressing of an encoder subelement at an axis. The subindex is counted upwards from zero. For the typical case of an axis that has just one encoder, the null subindex is correct. The HighWord (the most significant 16 bits) contains a control word (bit mask) that affects the way in which the position is calculated (e.g. the type of interpolation or extrapolation). The bit mask 0x0001 means that the set acceleration of the axis is to be included in the calculation. Bit mask 0x0010 means that the calculation is relative and is currently mandatory. Otherwise the call is rejected with an error. |
| fPosition | LREAL | Relative Nci path distance converted to the corresponding 32-bit "Distributed Clock System Time". If the "Distributed Clock System Time" associated with the relative Nci path distance is outside the expected time window of ± 2.147 seconds, this conversion is rejected with an error number. |

📡 Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
    dcTime : T_DCTIME32; (* 32 bit distributed clock time *)
    iErr   : UDINT;
END_VAR
```

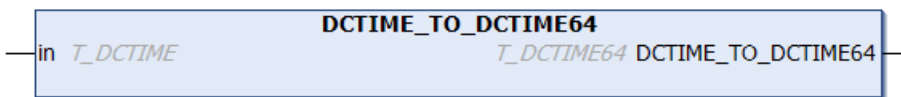
| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|------------|--|
| dcTime | T_DCTIME32 | Returns the 32-bit "Distributed Clock System Time" variable that corresponds to input fPosition. |
| iErr | UDINT | Supplies an error number if an error occurs, e.g. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Error 0x4361: time range exceeded (future) • Error 0x4362: time range exceeded (past) • Error 0x4363: position cannot be determined mathematically |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.2 DCTIME64

10.2.1 DCTIME_TO_DCTIME64



The function converts a distributed clock system time variable of type [T_DCTIME](#) [[▶ 124](#)] to a 64-bit distributed clock system time variable of type [T_DCTIME64](#) [[▶ 123](#)].

FUNCTION DCTIME_TO_DCTIME64: T_DCTIME64

📡 Inputs

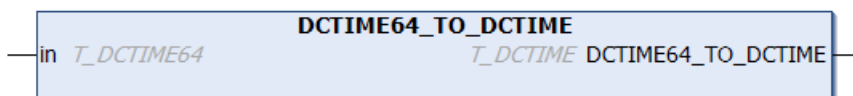
```
VAR_INPUT
    in : T_DCTIME;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|----------|--|
| in | T_DCTIME | The "Distributed Clock System Time" variable to be converted |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.2.2 DCTIME64_TO_DCTIME



The function converts a distributed clock system time variable of type [T_DCTIME64](#) [[▶ 123](#)] to a 32-bit distributed clock system time variable of type [T_DCTIME](#) [[▶ 124](#)].

FUNCTION DCTIME64_TO_DCTIME: T_DCTIME

Inputs

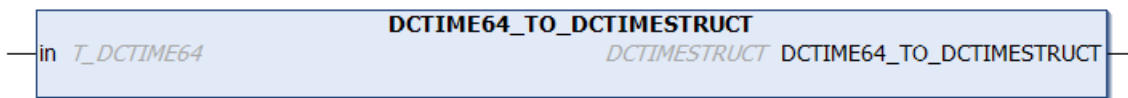
```
VAR_INPUT
    in : T_DCTIME64;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|------------|--|
| in | T_DCTIME64 | The "Distributed Clock System Time" variable to be converted |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.2.3 DCTIME64_TO_DCTIMESTRUCT



The function converts a 64-bit distributed clock system time variable of type T_DCTIME64 [▶ 123] to a structured variable of type DCTIMESTRUCT [▶ 122].

FUNCTION DCTIME64_TO_DCTIMESTRUCT

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    in : T_DCTIME64;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|------------|--|
| in | T_DCTIME64 | The "Distributed Clock System Time" variable to be converted |

Sample:

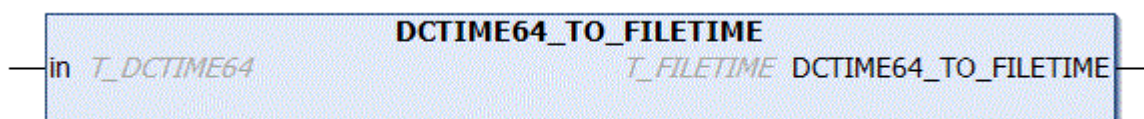
```
PROGRAM P_TEST
VAR
    dcStruct : DCTIMESTRUCT;
    dcTime : T_DCTIME64;
END_VAR

dcTime : F_GetCurDcTickTime64();
dcStruct := DCTIME64_TO_DCTIMESTRUCT (dcTIME);
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.2.4 DCTIME64_TO_FILETIME64



The function converts a 64-bit "Distributed Clock System Time" variable of type T_DCTIME64 [▶ 123] to a 64-bit "Windows File Time" variable of type T_FILETIME64.

FUNCTION DCTIME64_TO_FILETIME64: T_FILETIME64

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  in : T_DCTIME64;
END_VAR;
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|------------|--|
| in | T_DCTIME64 | The "Distributed Clock System Time" variable to be converted |

Sample:

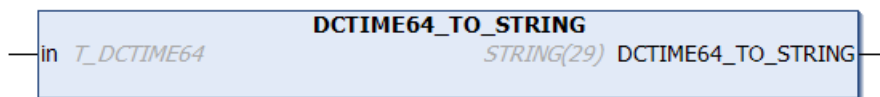
```
PROGRAM P_TEST
VAR
  ft : T_FILETIME64;
  dct : T_DCTIME64;
END_VAR

dct := F_GetCurDcTickTime64();
ft := DCTIME64_TO_FILETIME64(dct);
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.4024 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT >= 3.3.16.0 |

10.2.5 DCTIME64_TO_STRING



The function converts a 64-bit distributed clock system time variable of type `T_DCTIME64` [► 123] to a string.

The string resulting the conversion has the following format: 'YYYY-MM-DD-hh:mm:ss.nnnnnnnnn'

- YYYY: year;
- MM: month;
- DD: day;
- hh: hour;
- mm: minute;
- ss: second;
- nnnnnnnnn: nanoseconds

FUNCTION DCTIME64_TO_STRING: STRING (29)

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  in : T_DCTIME64; (*Distributed Clock Time*)
END_VAR;
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|------------|--|
| in | T_DCTIME64 | The "Distributed Clock System Time" variable to be converted |

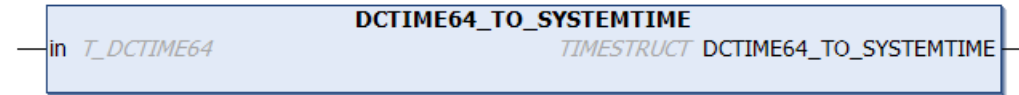
Example:

See description of the function: `F_GetCurDcTickTime64` [► 95].

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.2.6 DCTIME64_TO_SYSTEMTIME



The function converts a 64-bit distributed clock system time variable of type T_DCTIME64 [▶ 123] to a structured Windows system time variable of type TIMESTRUCT.

DCTIME64_TO_SYSTEMTIME: TIMESTRUCT

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    in : T_DCTIME64;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|------------|--|
| in | T_DCTIME64 | The "Distributed Clock System Time" variable to be converted |

Sample:

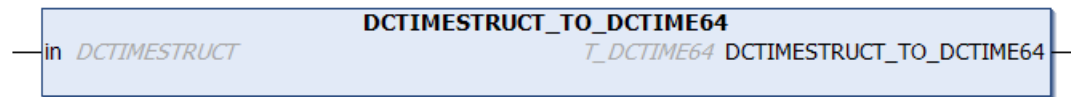
```
PROGRAM P_TEST
VAR
    syst : TIMESTRUCT
END_VAR

syst := DCTIME64_TO_SYSTEMTIME ( F_GetCurDcTickTime64() )
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.2.7 DCTIMESTRUCT_TO_DCTIME64



The function converts a structured variable of type of type DCTIMESTRUCT [▶ 122] to a 64-bit distributed clock system time variable T_DCTIME64 [▶ 123]. The structure components wDayOfWeek is ignored in the conversion. The structure components wYear must be greater than or equal to 2000 and less than 2584. For invalid values of the structure components the function returns the value zero.

FUNCTION DCTIMESTRUCT_TO_DCTIME64: T_DCTIME64

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    in : DCTIMESTRUCT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|--------------|---|
| in | DCTIMESTRUCT | The structured variable to be converted |

Sample:

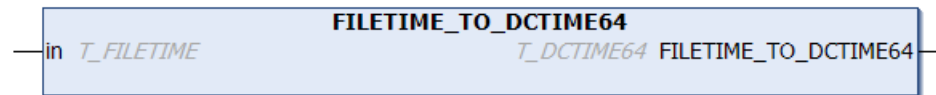

```
PROGRAM P_TEST
VAR
    dcStruct : DTIMESTRUCT := ( wYear := 2008, wMonth := 3, wDay := 13,
                               wHour := 1, wMinute := 2, wSecond :=3,
                               wMilliseconds := 123, wMicroseconds := 456, wNanoseconds := 789 );
    dc64 : T_DCTIME64;
END_VAR

dc64 := DTIMESTRUCT_TO_DCTIME64( dcStruct );
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.2.8 FILETIME64_TO_DCTIME64



The function converts a 64-bit "Windows File Time" variable of type T_FILETIME64 to a 64-bit "Distributed Clock System Time" variable of type T_DCTIME64 [► 123]. In the event of a conversion error the function returns the value zero.

FUNCTION FILETIME64_TO_DCTIME64: T_DCTIME64

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    in : T_FILETIME64;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|--------------|--|
| in | T_FILETIME64 | The "Windows File Time" variable to be converted |

Sample:

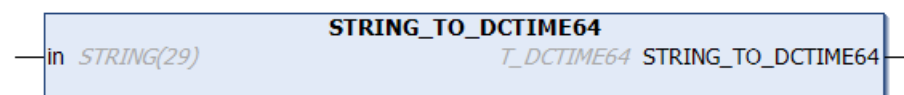
```
PROGRAM P_TEST
VAR
    ft : T_FILETIME64;
    dct : T_DCTIME64;
END_VAR

ft := F_GetSystemTime();
dct := FILETIME64_TO_DCTIME64(ft);
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.4024 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT >= 3.3.16.0 |

10.2.9 STRING_TO_DCTIME64



The function converts a string to a distributed clock system time variable of type T_DCTIME64 [► 123].

FUNCTION STRING_TO_DCTIME64: T_DCTIME64

 **Inputs**

```
VAR_INPUT
  in : STRING(29);
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|--------|---|
| in | STRING | The string to be converted The string must have the following format: 'YYYY-MM-DD-hh:mm:ss:nnnnnnnnn' <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • YYYY: year; • MM: month; • DD: day; • hh: hour; • mm: minute; • ss: second; • nnnnnnnn: nanoseconds |

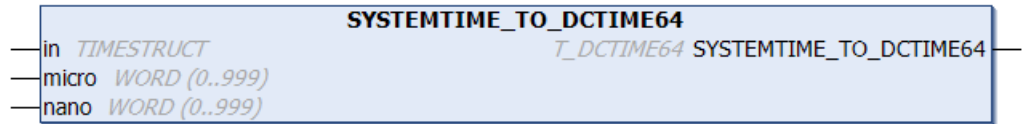
Sample:

See description of the function [F_GetCurDcTickTime64 \[► 95\]](#).

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.2.10 SYSTEMTIME_TO_DCTIME64



The function converts a structured Windows system time variable of type `TIMESTRUCT` to a 64-bit distributed clock system time variable of type `T_DCTIME64` [► 123]. In the event of a conversion error the function returns the value zero.

FUNCTION SYSTEMTIME_TO_DCTIME64: T_DCTIME64

 **Inputs**

```
VAR_INPUT
  in : TIMESTRUCT;
  micro : WORD(0..999); (* Microseconds: 0..999 *)
  nano : WORD(0..999); (* Nanoseconds: 0..999 *)
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-------|------------|--|
| in | TIMESTRUCT | The "Windows System Time" variable to be converted |
| micro | WORD | Microseconds |
| nano | WORD | Nanoseconds |

Sample:

```
PROGRAM P_TEST
VAR
  syst : TIMESTRUCT := ( wYear := 2009, wMonth := 9, wDay := 16, wHour := 12, wMinute := 22, wSeco
```

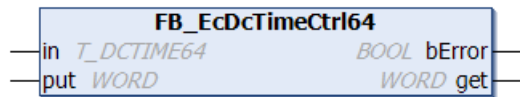
```
nd := 44, wMilliseconds := 123 );
END_VAR

dct := SYSTEMTIME_TO_DCTIME64( syst, 456, 789 );
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.2.11 FB_EcDcTimeCtrl64



This function block can be used to read the individual components such as year, month, day etc. of a 64-bit "Distributed Clock System Time" variable of type T_DCTIME64 [▶_123]. The function block has several A_GETXYZ actions. Once the required action has been called, the value of the XYZ component is available in the "get" output variable. The "put" input variable is currently not used.

The function block features the following tasks:

- A_GetYear
- A_GetMonth
- A_GetDay
- A_GetDayOfWeek
- A_GetHour
- A_GetMinute
- A_GetSecond
- A_GetMilli
- A_GetMicro
- A_GetNano

Inputs

```
VAR_IN_OUT
  put : WORD;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|------|--------------------------------------|
| put | WORD | Input parameter (currently not used) |

Inputs/outputs

```
VAR_IN_OUT
  in : T_DCTIME64;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|------------|--|
| in | T_DCTIME64 | The "Distributed Clock System Time" variable to be converted |

Outputs

```
VAR_IN_OUT
  bError : BOOL;
  get : WORD;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|------|---|
| bError | BOOL | This output is set if an error has occurred during the action call. |
| get | WORD | Output parameter (year, month, day, etc.) |

Example of an implementation in ST:

```

PROGRAM P_TEST
VAR
    dcStruct    : DCTIMESTRUCT;
    dcTime      : T_DCTIME64;
    fbCtrl      : FB_EcDcTimeCtrl;

    wYear       : WORD;
    wMonth      : WORD;
    wDay        : WORD;
    wDayOfWeek  : WORD;
    wHour       : WORD;
    wMinute     : WORD;
    wSecond     : WORD;
    wMilli      : WORD;
    wMicro      : WORD;
    wNano       : WORD;
END_VAR

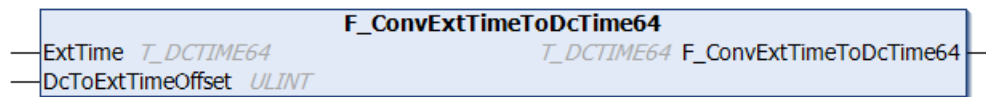
dcTime := F_GetCurDcTickTime64();
fbCtrl.A_GetYear( in := dcTime, get => wYear );
fbCtrl.A_GetMonth( in := dcTime, get => wMonth );
fbCtrl.A_GetDay( in := dcTime, get => wDay );
fbCtrl.A_GetDayOfWeek( in := dcTime, get => wDayOfWeek );
fbCtrl.A_GetHour( in := dcTime, get => wHour );
fbCtrl.A_GetMinute( in := dcTime, get => wMinute );
fbCtrl.A_GetSecond( in := dcTime, get => wSecond );
fbCtrl.A_GetMilli( in := dcTime, get => wMilli );
fbCtrl.A_GetMicro( in := dcTime, get => wMicro );
fbCtrl.A_GetNano( in := dcTime, get => wNano );
    
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.3 DCTIME64 and ULINT

10.3.1 F_ConvExtTimeToDcTime64



The function F_ConvExtTimeToDcTime64 converts an external time to the TwinCAT distributed clock system time.

FUNCTION F_ConvExtTimeToDcTime64: T_DCTIME64

Inputs

```

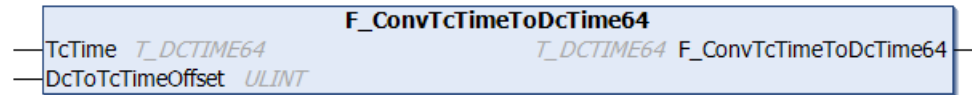
VAR_INPUT
    ExtTime          : T_DCTIME64;
    DcToExtTimeOffset : ULINT;
END_VAR
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------------------|------------|--|
| ExtTime | T_DCTIME64 | External time in TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time format |
| DcToExtTime Offset | ULINT | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and an external time |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.3.2 F_ConvTcTimeToDcTime64



The function F_ConvTcTimeToDcTime64 converts the TwinCAT system time to the TwinCAT distributed clock system time.

FUNCTION F_ConvTcTimeToDcTime64: T_DCTIME64

Inputs

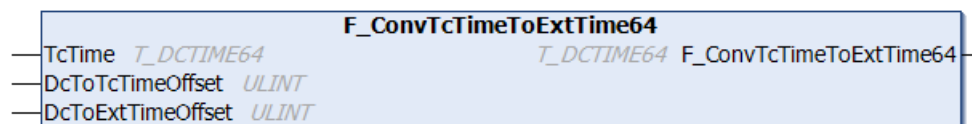
```
VAR_INPUT
  TcTime      : T_DCTIME64;
  DcToTcTimeOffset : ULINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------------|------------|---|
| TcTime | T_DCTIME64 | TwinCAT system time in TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time format |
| DcToTcTimeOffset | ULINT | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and the TwinCAT system time |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.3.3 F_ConvTcTimeToExtTime64



The function F_ConvTcTimeToExtTime64 converts the TwinCAT distributed clock system time to an external time.

FUNCTION F_ConvTcTimeToExtTime64: T_DCTIME64

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  TcTime      : T_DCTIME64;
  DcToTcTimeOffset : ULINT;
  DcToExtTimeOffset : ULINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-------------------|------------|---|
| TcTime | T_DCTIME64 | TwinCAT system time in "Distributed Clock" format |
| DcToTcTimeOffset | ULINT | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and the TwinCAT system time |
| DcToExtTimeOffset | ULINT | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and an external time |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.3.4 F_GetActualDcTime64

F_GetActualDcTime64
T_DCTIME64 F_GetActualDcTime64

This function returns the current time in TwinCAT distributed clock system time format (T_DCTIME64 [► 123]).

FUNCTION F_GetActaulDCTime: T_DCTIME64

 Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
(*none*)
END_VAR
```

Sample in ST:

```
PROGRAM MAIN
VAR
    actDC : T_DCTIME64;
    sAct : STRING;
END_VAR

actDC := F_GetActualDcTime64();
sAct := DCTIME64_TO_STRING( actDC );
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.3.5 F_GetCurDcTaskTime64

F_GetCurDcTaskTime64
T_DCTIME64 F_GetCurDcTaskTime64

This function returns the task start time, the time at which the task should start, in TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time format (T_DCTIME64 [► 123]). The function always returns the start time of the task in which it was called.

FUNCTION F_GetCurDcTaskTime64: T_DCTIME64

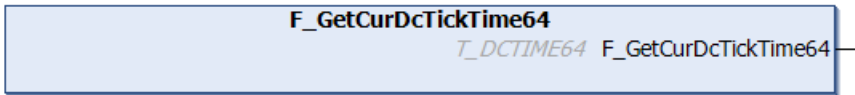
 Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
(*none*)
END_VAR
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.3.6 F_GetCurDcTickTime64



The function returns the time of the current (last) tick in TwinCAT distributed clock system time format ([T_DCTIME64](#) [[▶ 123](#)]).

FUNCTION F_GetCurDcTickTime64: T_DCTIME64

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
(*none*)
END_VAR
```

Sample:

```
PROGRAM MAIN
VAR
    tDC : T_DCTIME64;
    sDC : STRING;
    tDCBack : T_DCTIME64;

    sDCZero : STRING; (* DCTIME64 = zero time starts on 01.01.2000 *)
    tDCBackFromZero : T_DCTIME64;

    tDCFromString : T_DCTIME64;
    sDCBackFromString : STRING;
END_VAR

tDC := F_GetCurDcTickTime64();
sDC := DCTIME64_TO_STRING( tDC );
tDCBack := STRING_TO_DCTIME64( sDC );

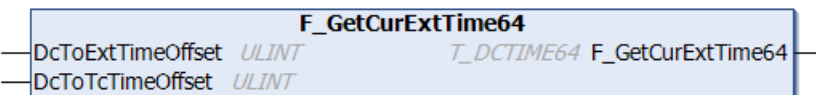
sDCZero := DCTIME64_TO_STRING( ULARGE_INTEGER(0, 0) );
tDCBackFromZero := STRING_TO_DCTIME64( sDCZero );

tDCFromString := STRING_TO_DCTIME64( '2007-03-09-11:31:09.223456789' );
sDCBackFromString := DCTIME64_TO_STRING( tDCFromString );
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.3.7 F_GetCurExtTime64



The function returns the external time in TwinCAT distributed clock system time format ([T_DCTIME64](#) [[▶ 123](#)]).

FUNCTION F_GetCurExtTime64: T_DCTIME64

Inputs

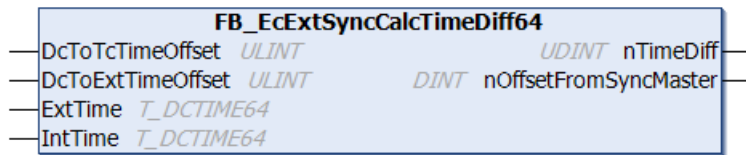
```
VAR_INPUT
    DcToExtTimeOffset : ULINT;
    DcToTcTimeOffset : ULINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------------------|-------|---|
| DcToExtTime Offset | ULINT | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and an external time |
| DcToTcTime Offset | ULINT | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and the TwinCAT system time |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.3.8 FB_EcExtSyncCalcTimeDiff64



The function block FB_EcExtSyncCalcTimeDiff64 calculates the difference between external and internal time, taking into account the time offsets.

Inputs/outputs

```

VAR_IN_OUT
  DcToTcTimeOffset : ULINT;
  DcToExtTimeOffset : ULINT;
  ExtTime          : T_DCTIME64;
  IntTime          : T_DCTIME64;
END_VAR
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-------------------|------------|---|
| DcToTcTimeOffset | ULINT | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and the TwinCAT system time |
| DcToExtTimeOffset | ULINT | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and an external time |
| ExtTime | T_DCTIME64 | External time in TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time format |
| IntTime | T_DCTIME64 | Internal time in TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time format |

Outputs

```

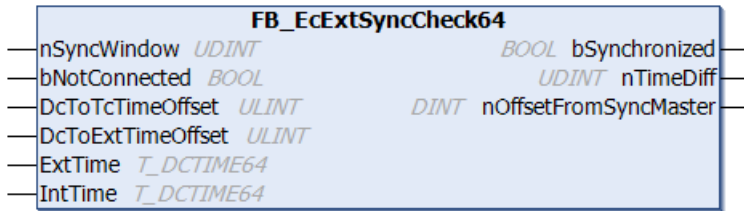
VAR_OUTPUT
  nTimeDiff          : UDINT; (*with difference greater than 32 bit timeDiff = 0xffffffff*)
  nOffsetFromSyncMaster : DINT; (*less than 32 bit int Offset = 0x80000000, greater than 32 bit int Offset = 0x7FFFFFFF*)
END_VAR
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------------------|-------|--|
| nTimeDiff | UDINT | If the difference is less than 32 bits, the time difference is returned. If the difference is greater than 32 bits, 16#FFFFFFFF is returned. |
| nOffsetFromSyncMaster | DINT | If the difference is greater than 32 bits and the offset between internal and DC Time is less than 32 bits, then 16#80000000 is returned. If the difference is greater than 32 bits and the offset between internal and DC Time is greater than 32 bits, then 16#7FFFFFFF is returned. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.3.9 FB_EcExtSyncCheck64



The function block `FB_EcExtSyncCheck64` checks whether the internal and external clocks are synchronous. See function block `FB_EcExtSyncCalcTimeDiff64` [► 96].

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  nSyncWindow      : UDINT;
  bNotConnected    : BOOL;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------------|-------|---|
| nSyncWindow | UDINT | Time window within which the internal and external clock are regarded as synchronous. |
| bNotConnected | BOOL | TRUE = connection to external clock is interrupted. |

Inputs/outputs

```
VAR_IN_OUT
  DcToTcTimeOffset : T_LARGE_INTEGER;
  DcToExtTimeOffset : T_LARGE_INTEGER;
  ExtTime          : T_DCTIME64;
  IntTime          : T_DCTIME64;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------------------|-----------------|---|
| DcToTcTime Offset | T_LARGE_INTEGER | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and the TwinCAT system time |
| DcToExtTime Offset | T_LARGE_INTEGER | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and an external time |
| ExtTime | T_DCTIME64 | External time in TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time format |
| IntTime | T_DCTIME64 | Internal time in TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time format |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bSynchronized      : BOOL;
  nTimeDiff          : UDINT;
  nOffsetFromSyncMaster : DINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------------------|-------|--|
| bSynchronized | BOOL | TRUE = external and internal clock are synchronous |
| nTimeDiff | UDINT | Current time difference between the two clocks |
| nOffsetFrom SyncMaster | DINT | Offset to sync master |

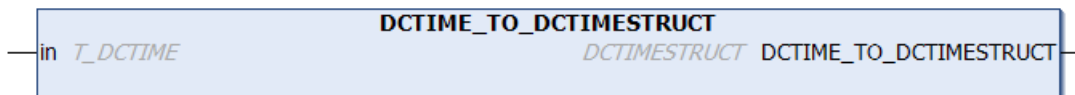
Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4 [obsolete]

10.4.1 [outdated DCTIME]

10.4.1.1 DCTIME_TO_DCTIMESTRUCT



Outdated function

i This function is outdated. Use the function [DCTIME64 TO DCTIMESTRUCT](#) [▶ 86] instead.

The function converts a 64-bit distributed clock system time variable of type [T_DCTIME](#) [▶ 124] to a structured variable of type [DCTIMESTRUCT](#) [▶ 122].

FUNCTION DCTIME_TO_DCTIMESTRUCT: DCTIMESTRUCT

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    in : T_DCTIME;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|----------|---|
| in | T_DCTIME | The "Distributed Clock System Time" variable to be converted. |

Sample:

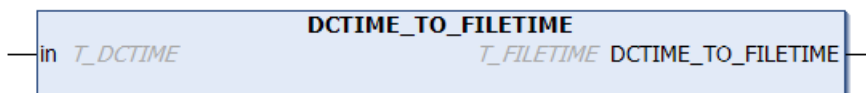
```
PROGRAM P_TEST
VAR
    dcStruct : DCTIMESTRUCT;
    dcTime : T_DCTIME;
END_VAR

dcTime := F_GetCurDcTickTime();
dcStruct := DCTIME_TO_DCTIMESTRUCT(dcTime);
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.1.2 DCTIME_TO_FILETIME





Outdated function

This function is outdated. Use the function [DCTIME64 TO FILETIME \[▶ 111\]](#) instead.

The function converts a 64-bit distributed clock system time variable of type [T_DCTIME \[▶ 124\]](#) to a 64-bit Windows file time variable of type [T_FILETIME](#).

FUNCTION DCTIME_TO_FILETIME: T_FILETIME

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    in : T_DCTIME;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|----------|--|
| in | T_DCTIME | The "Distributed Clock System Time" variable to be converted |

Sample:

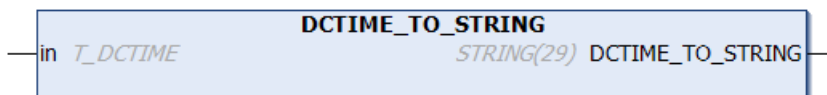
```
PROGRAM P_TEST
VAR
    ft : T_FILETIME;
    dct : T_DCTIME;
END_VAR

dct := F_GetCurDcTickTime();
ft := DCTIME_TO_FILETIME(dct);
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.1.3 DCTIME_TO_STRING



Outdated function

This function is outdated. Use the function [DCTIME64 TO STRING \[▶ 87\]](#) instead.

The function converts a string to a distributed clock system time variable of type [T_DCTIME \[▶ 124\]](#).

The string resulting the conversion has the following format: **'YYYY-MM-DD-hh:mm:ss.nnnnnnnn'**

- YYYY: year;
- MM: month;
- DD: day;
- hh: hour;
- mm: minute;
- ss: second;
- nnnnnnnn: nanoseconds;

FUNCTION DCTIME_TO_STRING: STRING(29)**Inputs**

```
VAR_INPUT
  in : T_DCTIME;
END_VAR
```

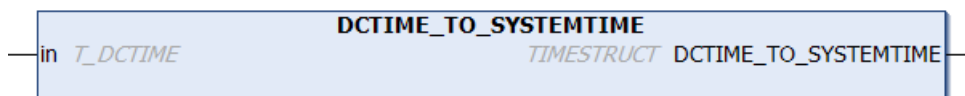
| Name | Type | Description |
|------|----------|--|
| in | T_DCTIME | The "Distributed Clock System Time" variable to be converted |

Sample:

See description of the function: [F_GetCurDcTickTime \[► 108\]](#).

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.1.4 DCTIME_TO_SYSTEMTIME

● Outdated function

i

This function is outdated. Use the function [DCTIME64_TO_SYSTEMTIME \[► 88\]](#) instead.

The function converts a 64-bit distributed clock system time variable of type [T_DCTIME \[► 124\]](#) to a structured Windows system time variable of type [Timestruct](#).

FUNCTION DCTIME_TO_SYSTEMTIME: Timestruct**Inputs**

```
VAR_INPUT
  in : T_DCTIME;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|----------|--|
| in | T_DCTIME | The "Distributed Clock System Time" variable to be converted |

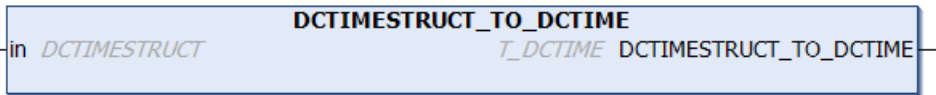
Sample:

```
PROGRAM P_TEST
VAR
  syst : Timestruct;
END_VAR
syst := DCTIME_TO_SYSTEMTIME ( F_GetCurDcTickTime () );
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.1.5 DCTIMESTRUCT_TO_DCTIME



● Outdated function

i This function is outdated. Use the function [DCTIMESTRUCT TO DCTIME64 \[▶ 88\]](#) instead.

The function converts a structured variable of type [DCTIMESTRUCT \[▶ 122\]](#) to a 64-bit distributed clock system time variable of type [T_DCTIME \[▶ 124\]](#). The structure components wDayofWeek is ignored in the conversion. The structure components wYear must be greater than or equal to 2000 and less than 2584. For invalid values of the structure components the function returns the value zero.

FUNCTION DCTIMESTRUCT_TO_DCTIME: T_DCTIME

📁 Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  in : DCTIMESTRUCT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|--------------|---|
| in | DCTIMESTRUCT | The structured variable to be converted |

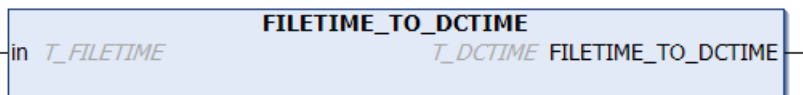
Sample:

```
PROGRAM P_TEST
VAR
  dcStruct : DCTIMESTRUCT := ( wYear := 2008, wMonth := 3, wDay := 13,
                               wHour := 1, wMinute := 2, wSecond :=3,
                               wMilliseconds := 123, wMicroseconds := 456, wNanoseconds := 789 );
  dc64 : T_DCTIME;
END_VAR
dc64 := DCTIMESTRUCT_TO_DCTIME( dcStruct );
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.1.6 FILETIME_TO_DCTIME



● Outdated function

i The function is outdated. Use the function [FILETIME TO DCTIME64 \[▶ 112\]](#) instead.

The function converts a 64-bit Windows file time variable of type T_FILETIME to a 64-bit distributed clock system time variable of type [T_DCTIME \[▶ 124\]](#). In the event of a conversion error the function returns the value zero.

FUNCTION FILETIME_TO_DCTIME: T_DCTIME

 **Inputs**

```
VAR_INPUT
  in : T_FILETIME;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|------------|--|
| in | T_FILETIME | The "Windows File Time" variable to be converted |

Sample:

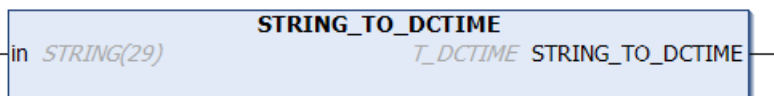
```
PROGRAM P_TEST
VAR
  fbSysFileTime : GETSYSTEMTIME;
  ft : T_FILETIME;
  dct : T_DCTIME;
END_VAR

fbSysFileTime (timeLoDW=>ft.dwLowDateTime, timeHiDW=>ft.dwHighDateTime);
dct := FILETIME_TO_DCTIME (ft);
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.1.7 STRING_TO_DCTIME



Outdated function

This function is outdated. Use the function [STRING TO DCTIME64](#) [[▶ 89](#)] instead.

The function converts a string to a distributed clock system time variable of type [T_DCTIME](#) [[▶ 124](#)].

FUNCTION STRING_TO_DCTIME: T_DCTIME

 **Inputs**

```
VAR_INPUT
  in : STRING(29);
END_VAR
```

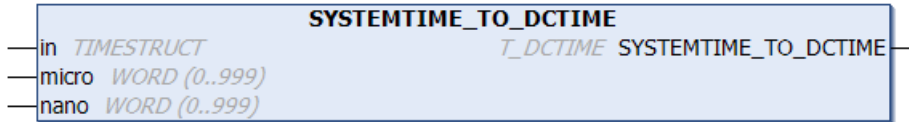
| Name | Type | Description |
|------|--------|---|
| in | STRING | The string to be converted The string must have the following format: 'YYYY-MM-DD-hh:mm:ss:nnnnnnnn' <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • YYYY: year; • MM: month; • DD: day; • hh: hour; • mm: minute; • ss: second; • nnnnnnnn: nanoseconds; |

See description of the function: [F_GetCurDcTickTime](#) [▶ 108].

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.1.8 SYSTEMTIME_TO_DCTIME



Outdated function

This function is outdated. Use the function [SYSTEMTIME TO DCTIME64](#) [▶ 90] instead.

The function converts a structured Windows system time variable of type `TIMESTRUCT` to a 64-bit distributed clock system time variable of type `T_DCTIME` [▶ 124]. In the event of a conversion error the function returns the value zero.

FUNCTION SYSTEMTIME_TO_DCTIME: T_DCTIME

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  in      : TIMESTRUCT;
  micro   : WORD(0..999); (* Microseconds: 0..999 *)
  nano    : WORD(0..999); (* Nanoseconds: 0..999 *)
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-------|------------|--|
| in | TIMESTRUCT | The "Windows System Time" variable to be converted |
| Micro | WORD | Microseconds |
| nano | WORD | Nanoseconds |

Sample:

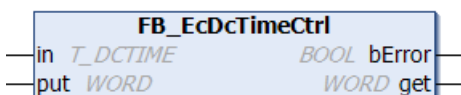
```
PROGRAM P_TEST
VAR
  syst : TIMESTRUCT := ( wYear := 2009, wMonth := 9, wDay := 16, wHour := 12, wMinute := 22, wSeco
nd := 44, wMilliseconds := 123 );
END_VAR

dct := SYSTEMTIME_TO_DCTIME( syst, 456, 789 );
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.1.9 FB_EcDcTimeCtrl



Outdated function

This function is outdated. Use the function block [FB_EcDcTimeCtrl64](#) [► 91] instead.

This function block can be used to read the individual components such as year, month, day etc. of a 64-bit "Distributed Clock System Time" variable of type [T_DCTIME](#) [► 124]. The function block has several `A_GetXYZ` actions. Once the required action has been called, the value of the XYZ component is available in the "get" output variable. The "put" input variable is currently not used.

The function block currently has the following actions:

- `A_GetYear`;
- `A_GetMonth`;
- `A_GetDay`;
- `A_GetDayOfWeek`;
- `A_GetHour`;
- `A_GetMinute`;
- `A_GetSecond`;
- `A_GetMilli`;
- `A_GetMicro`;
- `A_GetNano`;

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  put : WORD;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|------|--------------------------------------|
| put | WORD | Input parameter (currently not used) |

Inputs/outputs

```
VAR_IN_OUT
  in : T_DCTIME;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|----------|--|
| in | T_DCTIME | TwinCAT "Distributed Clock System Time" variable |

Outputs

```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bError : BOOL;
  get    : WORD;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------|------|---|
| bError | BOOL | This output is set if an error has occurred during the action call. |
| get | WORD | Output parameter (year, month, day, etc.) |

Example of an implementation in ST:

```
PROGRAM P_TEST
VAR
  dcStruct   : DCTIMESTRUCT;
  dcTime    : T_DCTIME;
  fbCtrl    : FB_EcDcTimeCtrl;

  wYear     : WORD;
  wMonth    : WORD;
  wDay      : WORD;

```



```

wDayOfWeek : WORD;
wHour      : WORD;
wMinute    : WORD;
wSecond    : WORD;
wMilli     : WORD;
wMicro     : WORD;
wNano      : WORD;
END_VAR

dcTime := F_GetCurDcTickTime();

fbCtrl.A_GetYear( in := dcTime, get => wYear );
fbCtrl.A_GetMonth( in := dcTime, get => wMonth );
fbCtrl.A_GetDay( in := dcTime, get => wDay );
fbCtrl.A_GetDayOfWeek( in := dcTime, get => wDayOfWeek );
fbCtrl.A_GetHour( in := dcTime, get => wHour );
fbCtrl.A_GetMinute( in := dcTime, get => wMinute );
fbCtrl.A_GetSecond( in := dcTime, get => wSecond );
fbCtrl.A_GetMilli( in := dcTime, get => wMilli );
fbCtrl.A_GetMicro( in := dcTime, get => wMicro );
fbCtrl.A_GetNano( in := dcTime, get => wNano );

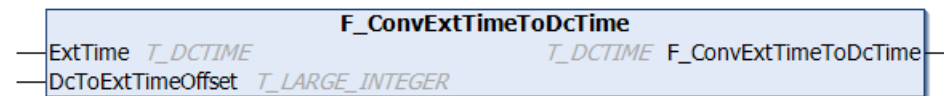
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.2 [outdated DCTIME and T_LARGE_INTEGER]

10.4.2.1 F_ConvExtTimeToDcTime



● Outdated function



This function is outdated. Use the function [F_ConvExtTimeToDcTime64](#) [► 92] instead.

The function `F_ConvExtTimeToDcTime` converts an external time to the TwinCAT distributed clock system time.

FUNCTION F_ConvExtTimeToDcTime: T_DCTIME

📁 Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
    ExtTime      : T_DCTIME;
    DcToExtTimeOffset : T_LARGE_INTEGER;
END_VAR

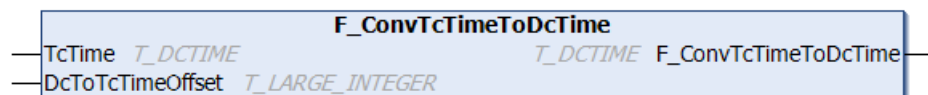
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------------------|-----------------|--|
| ExtTime | T_DCTIME | External time in TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time format |
| DcToExtTime Offset | T_LARGE_INTEGER | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and an external time |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.2.2 F_ConvTcTimeToDcTime



● Outdated function

i This function is outdated. Use the function [F_ConvTcTimeToDcTime64](#) [► 93] instead.

The function [F_ConvTcTimeToDcTime64](#) converts the TwinCAT system time to the TwinCAT distributed clock system time.

FUNCTION F_ConvTcTimeToDcTime: T_DCTIME

🔧 Inputs

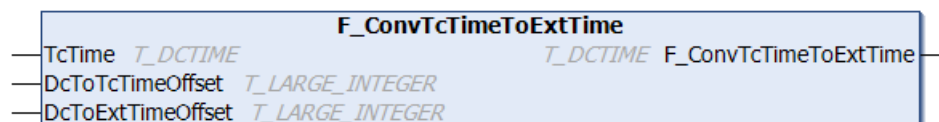
```
VAR_INPUT
    TcTime      : T_DCTIME;
    DcToTcTimeOffset : T_LARGE_INTEGER;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| TcTime | T_DCTIME | TwinCAT system time in TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time format |
| DcToTcTime Offset | T_LARGE_INTEGER | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and the TwinCAT system time |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.2.3 F_ConvTcTimeToExtTime



● Outdated function

i This function is outdated. Use the function [F_ConvTcTimeToExtTime64](#) [► 93] instead.

The function [F_ConcTcTimeToExtTime](#) converts the TwinCAT distributed clock system time to an external time.

FUNCTION F_ConvTcTimeToExtTime: T_DCTIME

🔧 Inputs

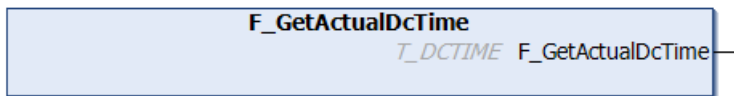
```
VAR_INPUT
    TcTime      : T_DCTIME;
    DcToTcTimeOffset : T_LARGE_INTEGER;
    DcToExtTimeOffset : T_LARGE_INTEGER;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------------------|-----------------|---|
| TcTime | T_DCTIME | TwinCAT system time in "Distributed Clock" format |
| DcToTcTime Offset | T_LARGE_INTEGER | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and the TwinCAT system time |
| DcToExtTime Offset | T_LARGE_INTEGER | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and an external time |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.2.4 F_GetActualDcTime



Outdated function

i This function is outdated. Use the function [F_GetActualDcTime64 \[► 94\]](#) instead.

This function returns the current time in TwinCAT distributed clock system time format ([T_DCTIME \[► 124\]](#)).

FUNCTION F_GetActualDcTime: T_DCTIME

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
(*none*)
END_VAR
```

Sample:

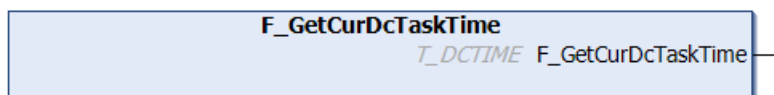
```
PROGRAM MAIN
VAR
    actDC : T_DCTIME;
    sAct : STRING;
END_VAR

actDC := F_GetActualDcTime();
sAct := DCTIME_TO_STRING( actDC );
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.2.5 F_GetCurDcTaskTime



Outdated function

i This function is outdated. Use the function [F_GetCurDcTaskTime64 \[► 94\]](#) instead.

This function returns the task start time (time at which the task should start) in TwinCAT distributed clock system time format ([T_DCTIME](#) [[▶ 124](#)]). The function always returns the start time of the task in which it was called.

FUNCTION F_GetCurDcTaskTime: T_DCTIME

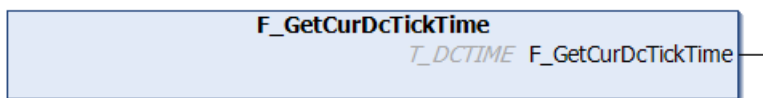
Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
(*none*)
END_VAR
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.2.6 F_GetCurDcTickTime



Outdated function

i The function is outdated. Use the function [F_GetCurDcTickTime64](#) [[▶ 95](#)] instead.

The function returns the time of the current (last) tick in TwinCAT distributed clock system time format ([T_DCTIME](#) [[▶ 124](#)]).

FUNCTION F_GetCurDcTickTime: T_DCTIME

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
(*none*)
END_VAR
```

Sample:

```
PROGRAM MAIN
VAR
  tDC : T_DCTIME;
  sDC : STRING;
  tDCBack : T_DCTIME;

  sDCZero : STRING; (* DCTIME = zero time starts on 01.01.2000 *)
  tDCBackFromZero : T_DCTIME;

  tDCFromString : T_DCTIME;
  sDCBackFromString : STRING;
END_VAR

tDC := F_GetCurDcTickTime();
sDC := DCTIME_TO_STRING( tDC );
tDCBack := STRING_TO_DCTIME( sDC );

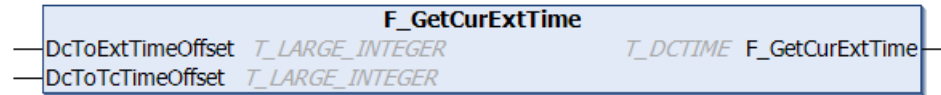
sDCZero := DCTIME_TO_STRING( ULARGE_INTEGER(0, 0) );
tDCBackFromZero := STRING_TO_DCTIME( sDCZero );

tDCFromString := STRING_TO_DCTIME( '2007-03-09-11:31:09.223456789' );
sDCBackFromString := DCTIME_TO_STRING( tDCFromString );
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.2.7 F_GetCurExtTime



Outdated function

i This function is outdated. Use the function [F_GetCurExtTime64](#) [► 95] instead.

The function returns the external time in TwinCAT distributed clock system time format ([T_DCTIME](#) [► 124]).

FUNCTION F_GetCurExtTime: T_DCTIME

Inputs

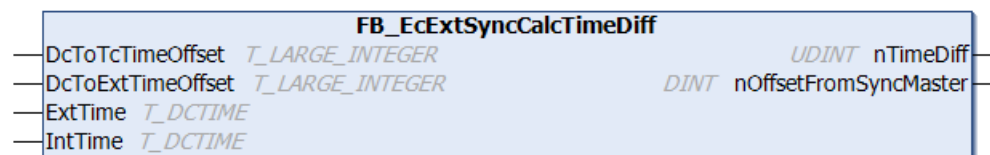
```
VAR_INPUT
    DcToExtTimeOffset : T_LARGE_INTEGER;
    DcToTcTimeOffset : T_LARGE_INTEGER;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------------------|-----------------|---|
| DcToExtTime Offset | T_LARGE_INTEGER | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and an external time |
| DcToTcTime Offset | T_LARGE_INTEGER | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and the TwinCAT system time |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.2.8 FB_EcExtSyncCalcTimeDiff



Outdated function block

i This function block is outdated. Use the function block [FB_EcExtSyncCalcTimeDiff64](#) [► 96] instead.

The function block [FB_EcExtSyncCalcTimeDiff](#) calculates the difference between external and internal time, taking into account the time offsets.

Inputs/outputs

```
VAR_IN_OUT
    DcToTcTimeOffset : T_LARGE_INTEGER;
    DcToExtTimeOffset : T_LARGE_INTEGER;
    ExtTime          : T_DCTIME;
    IntTime          : T_DCTIME;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|--------------------|-----------------|---|
| DcToTcTime Offset | T_LARGE_INTEGER | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and the TwinCAT system time |
| DcToExtTime Offset | T_LARGE_INTEGER | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and an external time |
| ExtTime | T_DCTIME | External time in TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time format |
| IntTime | T_DCTIME | Internal time in TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time format |

Outputs

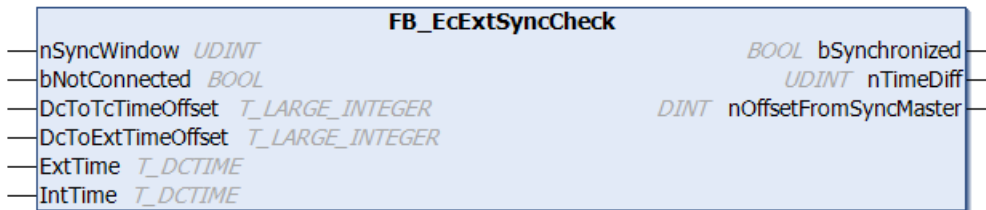
```
VAR_OUTPUT
  nTimeDiff      : UDINT; (*with difference greater than 32 bit timeDiff = 0xffffffff*)
  nOffsetFromSyncMaster : DINT; (*less than 32 bit int Offset = 0x80000000, greater than 32 bit int Offset = 0x7FFFFFFF*)
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------------------|-------|--|
| nTimeDiff | UDINT | If the difference is less than 32 bits, the time difference is returned. If the difference is greater than 32 bits, 16#FFFFFFFF is returned. |
| nOffsetFromSyncMaster | DINT | If the difference is greater than 32 bits and the offset between internal and DC Time is less than 32 bits, then 16#80000000 is returned. If the difference is greater than 32 bits and the offset between internal and DC Time is greater than 32 bits, then 16#7FFFFFFF is returned. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.2.9 FB_EcExtSyncCheck



Outdated function block

I This function block is outdated. Use the function block [FB_EcExtSyncCheck64](#) [▶ 97] instead.

The function block [FB_EcExtSyncCheck](#) checks whether the internal and external clocks are synchronous. See function block [FB_EcExtSyncCalcTimeDiff](#) [▶ 109].

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  nSyncWindow      : UDINT;
  bNotConnected    : BOOL;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------------|-------|---|
| nSyncWindow | UDINT | Time window within which the internal and external clock are regarded as synchronous. |
| bNotConnected | BOOL | TRUE = connection to external clock is interrupted. |

 Inputs/outputs

```
VAR_IN_OUT
  DcToTcTimeOffset : T_LARGE_INTEGER;
  DcToExtTimeOffset : T_LARGE_INTEGER;
  ExtTime          : T_DCTIME;
  IntTime          : T_DCTIME;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| DcToTcTimeOffset | T_LARGE_INTEGER | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and the TwinCAT system time |
| DcToExtTimeOffset | T_LARGE_INTEGER | Time offset between the TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time and an external time |
| ExtTime | T_DCTIME | External time in TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time format |
| IntTime | T_DCTIME | Internal time in TwinCAT "Distributed Clock" system time format |

 Outputs

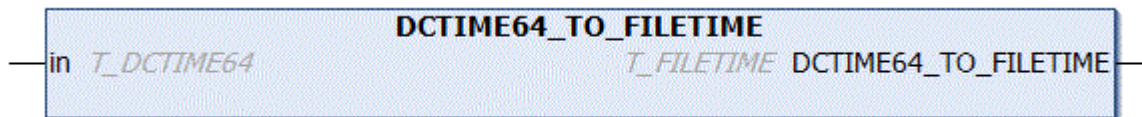
```
VAR_OUTPUT
  bSynchronized      : BOOL;
  nTimeDiff          : UDINT;
  nOffsetFromSyncMaster : DINT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------------------|-------|--|
| bSynchronized | BOOL | TRUE = external and internal clock are synchronous |
| nTimeDiff | UDINT | Current time difference between the two clocks |
| nOffsetFromSyncMaster | DINT | Offset to sync master |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.3 DCTIME64_TO_FILETIME



The function converts a 64-bit distributed clock system time variable of type `T_DCTIME64` [▶ 123] to a 64-bit Windows file time variable of type `T_FILETIME`.

FUNCTION DCTIME64_TO_FILETIME: T_FILETIME

 Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
  in : T_DCTIME64;
END_VAR;
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|------------|--|
| in | T_DCTIME64 | The "Distributed Clock System Time" variable to be converted |

Sample:

```
PROGRAM P_TEST
VAR
  ft : T_FILETIME;
  dct : T_DCTIME64;
```

```

END_VAR

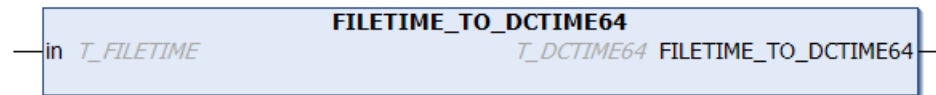
dct := F_GetCurDcTickTime64();
ft := DCTIME64_TO_FILETIME(dct);

```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

10.4.4 FILETIME_TO_DCTIME64



The function converts a 64-bit Windows file time variable of type `T_FILETIME` to a 64-bit distributed clock system time variable of type `T_DCTIME64` [► 123]. In the event of a conversion error the function returns the value zero.

FUNCTION FILETIME_TO_DCTIME64: T_DCTIME64

Inputs

```

VAR_INPUT
  in : T_FILETIME;
END_VAR

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------|------------|--|
| in | T_FILETIME | The "Windows File Time" variable to be converted |

Sample:

```

PROGRAM P_TEST
VAR
  fbSysFileTime : GETSYSTEMTIME;
  ft : T_FILETIME;
  dct : T_DCTIME64;
END_VAR

fbSysFileTime(timeLoDW=>ft.dwLowDateTime, timeHiDW=>ft.dwHighDateTime);
dct := FILETIME_TO_DCTIME64(ft);

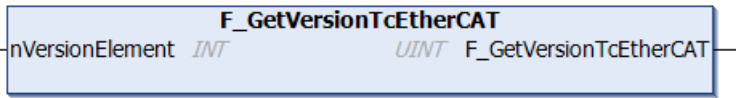
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

11 [Obsolete]

11.1 F_GetVersionTcEtherCAT



Outdated function

This function is outdated. Use the global structure instance stLibVersion_Tc2_EtherCAT instead

This function can be used to read PLC library version information.

FUNCTION F_GetVersionTcEtherCAT : UINT

Inputs

```
VAR_INPUT
    nVersionElement : INT;
END_VAR
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------------|------|---|
| nVersionElement | INT | Version element to be read. Possible parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 : major number; • 2 : minor number; • 3 : revision number; |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12 Data types

12.1 E_EcAddressingType

Addressing in EtherCAT is either position-dependent (eAddressingType_AutoInc), based on a fixed, configured address (eAddressingType_Fixed) or applies to all slaves (eAddressingType_Broadcast).

```

TYPE E_EcAddressingType :
(
  eAddressingType_AutoInc:=1, (* Address slave by it's position. (adp = 1-
  position, 1.Slave = 0, 2.Slave = 0xffff(-1) etc) *)
  (* EtherCAT commands: APRD, APWR, APRW *)
  eAddressingType_Fixed, (* Address slave by configured ethercat slave address (adp = configured address
  ) *)
  (* EtherCAT commands: FPRD, FPWR, FPRW *)
  eAddressingType_Broadcast (* Address all slaves. *)
  (* EtherCAT commands: BRD, BWR, BRW *)
);
END_TYPE

```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.2 E_EcFoeMode

Access mode for the “File access over EtherCAT” mailbox protocol.

```

TYPE E_EcFoeMode :
(
  eFoeMode_Write := 1,
  eFoeMode_Read
);
END_TYPE

```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.3 E_EcMbxProtType

Supported EtherCAT mailbox protocol types.

```

TYPE E_EcMbxProtType:
(
  eEcMbxProt_CoE := 3, (* CANopen over EtherCAT *)
  eEcMbxProt_FoE := 4, (* File over EtherCAT *)
  eEcMbxProt_SoE := 5 (* Servo Drive Profile over EtherCAT *)
);
END_TYPE

```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.4 ST_EcCrcError

Structure containing the CRC error counters of the individual ports (A, B and C) of an EtherCAT slave device.

```

TYPE ST_EcCrcError :
STRUCT
    portA : UDINT;
    portB : UDINT;
    portC : UDINT;
END_STRUCT
END_TYPE
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-------|-------|-----------------------------|
| portA | UDINT | CRC error counter of Port A |
| portB | UDINT | CRC error counter of Port B |
| portC | UDINT | CRC error counter of Port C |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.5 ST_EcCrcErrorEx

Structure containing the CRC error counters of the individual ports (A, B, C and D) of an EtherCAT slave device.

```

TYPE ST_EcCrcErrorEx :
STRUCT
    portA : UDINT;
    portB : UDINT;
    portC : UDINT;
    portD : UDINT;
END_STRUCT
END_TYPE
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-------|-------|-----------------------------|
| portA | UDINT | CRC error counter of Port A |
| portB | UDINT | CRC error counter of Port B |
| portC | UDINT | CRC error counter of Port C |
| portD | UDINT | CRC error counter of Port D |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.6 ST_EcLastProtErrInfo

The structure ST_EcLastProtErrInfo contains additional error information relating to the most recent EtherCAT mailbox protocol error.

```

TYPE ST_EcSlaveState :
STRUCT
    ownAddr : ST_AmsAddr;
    orgAddr : ST_AmsAddr;
    errCode : UDINT;
    binDesc : ARRAY[0..MAX_STRING_LENGTH] OF BYTE;
END_STRUCT
END_TYPE
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------|-------------------------------------|--|
| ownAddr | ST_AmsAddr | Own AMS address (address of the communication device that queries the error information) |
| orgAddr | ST_AmsAddr | AMS address of the error originator (address of communication device that has triggered or caused the protocol error) |
| errCode | UDINT | Mailbox protocol error number [▶_126] (SoE, CoE, FoE error code) |
| binDesc | ARRAY[0..MAX_STRING_LENGTH] OF BYTE | Additional error information as binary data. The additional error information is device-specific and can include a string or binary data, for example. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.7 ST_EcMasterStatistic

```

TYPE ST_EcMasterStatistic :
STRUCT
  nSysTime          : UDINT;
  nCycFrameCnt      : UDINT;
  nCycFrameMissedCnt : UDINT;
  nQueuedFrameCnt   : UDINT;
  nQueuedFrameMissedCnt : UDINT;
END_STRUCT
END_TYPE

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------------------|-------|--|
| nSysTime | UDINT | System time in μ s |
| nCycFrameCnt | UDINT | Number of cyclic EtherCAT frames |
| nCycFrameMissedCnt | UDINT | Number of lost cyclic EtherCAT frames |
| nQueuedFrameCnt | UDINT | Number of acyclic EtherCAT frames |
| nQueuedFrameMissedCnt | UDINT | Number of lost acyclic EtherCAT frames |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.8 ST_EcSlaveConfigData

The structure `ST_EcSlaveConfigData` contains the EtherCAT configuration data for an EtherCAT slave device.

```

TYPE ST_EcSlaveConfigData:
STRUCT
  nEntries          : WORD;
  nAddr             : WORD;
  sType             : STRING[15];
  sName             : STRING[31];
  nDevType          : DWORD;
  stSlaveIdentity   : ST_EcSlaveIdentity;
  nMailboxOutSize   : WORD;
  nMailboxInSize    : WORD;
  nLinkStatus       : BYTE;
END_STRUCT
END_TYPE

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| nEntries | WORD | Used internally |
| nAddr | WORD | Address of an EtherCAT slave |
| sType | STRING | EtherCAT type of a slave |
| sName | STRING | Name of an EtherCAT slave |
| nDevType | DWORD | EtherCAT device type of a slave |
| stSlaveIdentity | ST_EcSlaveIdentity | Identity of an EtherCAT slave (see ST_EcSlaveIdentity [► 117]) |
| nMailboxOutSize | WORD | Mailbox OutSize of an EtherCAT slave |
| nMailboxInSize | WORD | Mailbox InSize of an EtherCAT slave |
| nLinkStatus | BYTE | Link status of an EtherCAT slave |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.9 ST_EcSlaveIdentity

The structure `ST_EcSlaveIdentity` contains the EtherCAT identity data for an EtherCAT slave device.

```

TYPE ST_EcSlaveIdentity :
STRUCT
  vendorId      : UDINT;
  productCode   : UDINT;
  revisionNo    : UDINT;
  serialNo      : UDINT;
END_STRUCT
END_TYPE
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-------------|-------|--|
| vendorId | UDINT | Vendor-ID of the slave device |
| productCode | UDINT | Product code of the slave device |
| revisionNo | UDINT | Indicates the revision number of the slave device. |
| serialNo | UDINT | Indicates the serial number of the slave device. |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.10 ST_EcSlaveScannedData

The `ST_EcSlaveScannedData` structure contains the EtherCAT configuration data of a scanned EtherCAT slave device.

```

TYPE ST_EcSlaveConfigData:
STRUCT
  nEntries      : WORD;
  nAddr         : WORD;
  stSlaveIdentity : ST_EcSlaveIdentity;
  ndlStatusReg  : WORD;
END_STRUCT
END_TYPE
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| nEntries | WORD | Used internally |
| nAddr | WORD | Address of an EtherCAT slave |
| stSlaveIdentity | ST_EcSlaveIdentity | Identity of an EtherCAT slave (see ST_EcSlaveIdentity [►_117]) |
| ndlStatusReg | WORD | Link status of an EtherCAT slave from ESC register 0110/0111 _{hex} or 272/273 _{dec} . Status 0 is displayed if the slave cannot be reached or is offline. The "port number <=> socket/Ebus contact" assignment can be found in the respective device documentation. Unless described otherwise, port 0 is the left-hand Ebus contact of an EL/ES terminal or the RJ45 socket of an EP box, port 1 is the right-hand outgoing Ebus contact/RJ45 socket. |

The bit meanings are:

| Bit | Meaning |
|-----|---|
| 1 | internal use |
| 2 | internal use |
| 3 | internal use |
| 4 | physical link on Port 0 0: no link, 1: Link detected |
| 5 | physical link on Port 1 0: no link, 1: Link detected |
| 6 | physical link on Port 2 0: no link, 1: Link detected |
| 7 | physical link on Port 3 0: no link, 1: Link detected |
| 8 | Loop Port 0 0: Open, 1:Closed |
| 9 | Communication on Port 0 0:no stable communication, 1:Communication established |
| 10 | Loop Port 1 0: Open, 1:Closed |
| 11 | Communication on Port 1 0:no stable communication, 1:Communication established |
| 12 | Loop Port 2 0: Open, 1:Closed |
| 13 | Communication on Port 2 0:no stable communication, 1:Communication established |
| 14 | Loop Port 3 0: Open, 1:Closed |
| 15 | Communication on Port 3 0:no stable communication, 1:Communication established |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.11 ST_EcSlaveState

The structure `ST_EcSlaveState` contains the EtherCAT state and the link state of an EtherCAT slave device.

```

TYPE ST_EcSlaveState:
STRUCT
    deviceState :BYTE;
    linkState   :BYTE;
END_STRUCT
END_TYPE

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-------------|------|--|
| deviceState | BYTE | EtherCAT state of a slave (See deviceState) |
| linkState | BYTE | Link state of an EtherCAT slave (see linkState) |

deviceState

EtherCAT state of a slave. The status can adopt one of the following values:

| Constant | Value | Description |
|---------------------------|-------|------------------------|
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_INIT | 0x01 | Init state |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_PREOP | 0x02 | Pre-operational state |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_BOOTSTRAP | 0x03 | Bootstrap state |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_SAFEOP | 0x04 | Safe-operational state |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_OP | 0x08 | Operational state |

In addition, the following bits can be set:

| Constant | Value | Description |
|--------------------------------|-------|---|
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_ERROR | 0x10 | State machine error in the EtherCAT slave |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_INVALID_VENDOR | 0x20 | Invalid vendor ID, product code, revision number or serial number |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_INITCMD_ERROR | 0x40 | Error during sending of initialization commands. |
| EC_DEVICE_STATE_DISABLED | 0x80 | Slave is disabled |

linkState

Link status of an EtherCAT slave. The Link state can consist of an ORing of the following bits:

| Constant | Value | Description |
|---------------------------------|-------|--|
| EC_LINK_STATE_OK | 0x00 | |
| EC_LINK_STATE_NOT_PRESENT | 0x01 | No EtherCAT communication with the EtherCAT slave |
| EC_LINK_STATE_LINK_WITHOUT_COMM | 0x02 | Error at port X (specified through EC_LINK_STATE_PORT_A/B/C/D). The port has a link, but no communication is possible via this port. |
| EC_LINK_STATE_MISSING_LINK | 0x04 | Missing link at port X (specified through EC_LINK_STATE_PORT_A/B/C/D). |
| EC_LINK_STATE_ADDITIONAL_LINK | 0x08 | Additional link at port X (specified through EC_LINK_STATE_PORT_A/B/C/D). |
| EC_LINK_STATE_PORT_A | 0x10 | Port 0 |
| EC_LINK_STATE_PORT_B | 0x20 | Port 1 |
| EC_LINK_STATE_PORT_C | 0x40 | Port 2 |
| EC_LINK_STATE_PORT_D | 0x80 | Port 3 |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.12 ST_EcSlaveStateBits

The structure `ST_EcSlaveStateBits` contains the EtherCAT state and the link state of an EtherCAT slave device.

```

TYPE ST_EcSlaveStateBits:
STRUCT
  bInit          : BOOL;
  bPreop        : BOOL;
  bBootStrap    : BOOL;
  bSafeOp       : BOOL;
  bOp           : BOOL;
  bError        : BOOL;
  bInvVPRS      : BOOL;
  bInitCmdError : BOOL;
  bLinkNotPresent : BOOL;
  bLinkWithoutComm : BOOL;
  bLinkMissing  : BOOL;
  bAdditionalLink : BOOL;
  bPortA        : BOOL;
  bPortB        : BOOL;
  bPortC        : BOOL;
  bPortD        : BOOL;
END_STRUCT
END_TYPE

```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.13 ST_EcSlaveStateBitsEx

The structure `ST_EcSlaveStateBitsEx` contains the EtherCAT state and the link state of an EtherCAT slave device.


```

TYPE ST_EcSlaveStateBitsEx:
STRUCT
  bInit          : BOOL;
  bPreop         : BOOL;
  bBootStrap     : BOOL;
  bSafeOp        : BOOL;
  bOp            : BOOL;
  bError         : BOOL;
  bInvVPRS       : BOOL;
  bInitCmdError  : BOOL;
  bDisabled      : BOOL;
  bLinkNotPresent : BOOL;
  bLinkWithoutComm : BOOL;
  bLinkMissing   : BOOL;
  bAdditionalLink : BOOL;
  bPortA         : BOOL;
  bPortB         : BOOL;
  bPortC         : BOOL;
  bPortD         : BOOL;
END_STRUCT
END_TYPE
    
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.14 ST_PortAddr

The structure `ST_PortAddr` contains EtherCAT topology information for EtherCAT slave device. EtherCAT slave devices typically have 2 to 4 ports.

```

TYPE ST_PortAddr:
STRUCT
  portA : UINT;
  portB : UINT;
  portC : UINT;
  portD : UINT;
END_STRUCT
END_TYPE
    
```

| Name | Type | Description |
|-------|------|---|
| portA | UINT | Address of the previous EtherCAT slave at port A of the current EtherCAT slave |
| portB | UINT | Address of the optional subsequent EtherCAT slave at port B of the current EtherCAT slave |
| portC | UINT | Address of the optional subsequent EtherCAT slave at port C of the current EtherCAT slave |
| portD | UINT | Address of the optional subsequent EtherCAT slave at port D of the current EtherCAT slave |

12.15 ST_TopologyDataEx

The structure `ST_TopologyDataEx` contains information on EtherCAT topology and hot-connect groups.

```

TYPE ST_TopologyDataEx:
STRUCT
  nOwnPhysicalAddr : UINT;
  nOwnAutoIncAddr  : UINT;
  stPhysicalAddr   : ST_PortAddr;
  stAutoIncAddr    : ST_PortAddr;
  aReserved1       : ARRAY [0..3] OF UDINT;
  nStatusBits      : DWORD;
  nHCslaveCountCfg : UINT; (*nStatusBits.0 = TRUE: DcSupprt;.1 = TRUE: DC64Supprt;.2=TRUE: Slave Present following hot connect info requires runtime >= TC 2.11 R3 B2246 nStatusBits.3 = TRUE: HotConnectGroupStart;.4 = HotConnectSlave;.5 = TRUE: HotConnectInvalidB;.6 = TRUE: HotConnectInvalidC;.7 = TRUE: HotConnectInvalidD*)
  nHCslaveCountAct : UINT;
    
```

```

aReserved2      : ARRAY [0..4] OF UDINT;
END_STRUCT
END_TYPE

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|------------------|-----------------------|--|
| nOwnPhysicalAddr | UINT | Dedicated physical EtherCAT address of the EtherCAT slave device |
| nOwnAutoIncAddr | UINT | Dedicated auto-increment EtherCAT address of the EtherCAT slave device |
| stPhysicalAddr | ST_PortAddr | Physical address information of the EtherCAT slave devices at port A...D |
| stAutoIncAddr | ST_PortAddr | Auto-increment address information of the EtherCAT slave devices at port A...D |
| aReserved1 | ARRAY [0..3] OF UDINT | Reserved |
| nStatusBits | DWORD | nStatusBits.0 = TRUE: Distributed clock is supported nStatusBits.1 = TRUE: Distributed Clock is supported (64-bit) nStatusBits.2 = TRUE: slave is present nStatusBits.3 = TRUE: slave is start node of a Hot Connect group nStatusBits.4 = TRUE: slave is in a Hot Connect group nStatusBits.5 = TRUE: Hot Connect is invalid at port B nStatusBits.6 = TRUE: Hot Connect is invalid at port C nStatusBits.7 = TRUE: Hot Connect is invalid at port D |
| nHCSlaveCountCfg | UINT | Configured number of Hot Connect group devices |
| nHCSlaveCountAct | UINT | Found number of Hot Connect group devices |
| aReserved2 | ARRAY [0..4] OF UDINT | Reserved |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.16 DCTIMESTRUCT

Structured TwinCAT "Distributed Clock System Time" format. The smallest unit is a nanosecond. This data type represents the **number of nanoseconds since 01.01.2000 (GMT)**.

```

TYPE DCTIMESTRUCT :
STRUCT
  wYear      : WORD;
  wMonth     : WORD;
  wDayOfWeek : WORD;
  wDay       : WORD;
  wHour      : WORD;
  wMinute    : WORD;
  wSecond    : WORD;
  wMilliseconds : WORD;
  wMicroseconds : WORD;
  wNanoseconds : WORD;
END_STRUCT
END_TYPE

```

| Name | Type | Description |
|---------------|------|--|
| wYear | WORD | Year: 2000 ~ 2584 |
| wMonth | WORD | Month: 1 ~ 12 (January = 1, February = 2 etc.) |
| wDayOfWeek | WORD | Day of the week: 0 ~ 6 (Sunday = 0, Monday = 1 etc.) |
| wDay | WORD | Day of the month: 1 ~ 31 |
| wHour | WORD | Hour: 0 ~ 23 |
| wMinute | WORD | Minute: 0 ~ 59 |
| wSecond | WORD | Second: 0 ~ 59 |
| wMilliseconds | WORD | Millisecond: 0 ~ 999 |
| wMicroseconds | WORD | Microsecond: 0 ~ 999 |
| wNanoseconds | WORD | Nanosecond: 0 ~ 999 |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.17 T_DCTIME32

32-bit TwinCAT distributed clock system time format. The smallest unit is a nanosecond.

This 32-bit DC system time is formed from the full absolute 64-bit DC system time (T_DCTIME [▶ 124]) by using only the lowest-order 32 bits. This means the property of an absolute unique time is lost, and it is assumed that this 32-bit time is only used within a narrow time window of ± 2,147 seconds around the current system time, to ensure that it is unambiguous. There are many applications in which this assumption is possible.

If this assumption is violated, errors may occur in the interpretation and further processing of this time.

```
TYPE T_DCTIME32 : UDINT;
END_TYPE
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.18 T_DCTIME64

The data type T_DCTIME64 represents the distributed clock system time (abbreviated as DC time) as a linear 64-bit integer value. The time is expressed in nanoseconds since 1/1/2000 UTC. The smallest unit is a nanosecond.

```
TYPE T_DCTIME64 : ULINT;
END_TYPE
```

| Useful distributed clock system time constants | Description |
|--|---|
| EC_DCTIME_DELTA_OFFSET64 | Number of 100-nanosecond ticks between 1601-01-01 and 2000-01-01. This is the difference between the "Windows File Time" and the "Distributed Clock System Time". |
| EC_DCTIME_DATEDELTA_OFFSET | Number of days that have passed between the year zero and January 1, 2000 |
| EC_DCTIME_TICKSPERMSEC64 | Number of distributed clock system time nanoseconds per millisecond |
| EC_DCTIME_TICKSPERSEC64 | Number of distributed clock system time nanoseconds per second |
| EC_DCTIME_TICKSPERDAY64 | Number of distributed clock system time nanoseconds per day |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.19 T_DCTIME

i Outdated data type

This data type is outdated. Use the data type [T_DCTIME64 \[► 123\]](#) instead.

The data type `T_DCTIME` represents the distributed clock system time (abbreviated as DC time) as a linear 64-bit integer value. The time is expressed in nanoseconds since 1.1.2000 UTC. The data type is represented as two 32-bit `DWORD` variables, so that it can easily be processed in the PLC. Operations (addition and subtraction of times) can be executed with `ui64` functions from the `Tc2_Utilities` library.

```
TYPE T_DCTIME : T_ULARGE_INTEGER;
END_TYPE
```

| Useful distributed clock system time constants | Description |
|--|---|
| <code>EC_DCTIME_DELTA_OFFSET</code> | Number of 100-nanosecond ticks between 01.01.1601 and 01.01.2000. This is the difference between the Windows file time and the distributed clock system time. |
| <code>EC_DCTIME_DATEDELTA_OFFSET</code> | Number of days that have passed between the year zero and 1 January 2000 |
| <code>EC_DCTIME_TICKSPERMSEC</code> | Number of distributed clock system time nanoseconds per millisecond |
| <code>EC_DCTIME_TICKSPERSEC</code> | Number of distributed clock system time nanoseconds per second |
| <code>EC_DCTIME_TICKSPERDAY</code> | Number of distributed clock system time nanoseconds per day |

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

12.20 T_HFoe

“File access over EtherCAT” handle. Before the handle can be used, it must be initialized once with the function block [FB_EcFoeOpen \[► 64\]](#). The variables of this structured type must not be written directly.

```
TYPE T_HFoe :
STRUCT
  sNetID : T_AmsNetId := '';
  nPort : T_AmsPort := 0;
  handle : UDINT := 0;
  eMode : E_EcFoeMode := eFoeMode_Write;
END_STRUCT
END_TYPE
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

13 Constants

13.1 Global constants

VAR_GLOBAL CONSTANT

```

EC_AMSPORT_MASTER :UINT :=16#FFFF;
EC_MAX_SLAVES     :UINT :=16#FFFF;

(*ethercat commands*)
EC_CMD_TYPE_APRD :BYTE :=1;
EC_CMD_TYPE_APWR :BYTE :=2;
EC_CMD_TYPE_APRW :BYTE :=3;
EC_CMD_TYPE_FPRD :BYTE :=4;
EC_CMD_TYPE_FPWR :BYTE :=5;
EC_CMD_TYPE_FPRW :BYTE :=6;
EC_CMD_TYPE_BRD  :BYTE :=7;
EC_CMD_TYPE_BWR  :BYTE :=8;
EC_CMD_TYPE_BRW  :BYTE :=9;
EC_CMD_TYPE_LRD  :BYTE :=10;
EC_CMD_TYPE_LWR  :BYTE :=11;
EC_CMD_TYPE_LRW  :BYTE :=12;

(* Device states *)
EC_DEVICE_STATE_MASK :BYTE :=16#0F;
EC_DEVICE_STATE_INIT :BYTE :=16#01;
EC_DEVICE_STATE_PREOP :BYTE :=16#02;
EC_DEVICE_STATE_BOOTSTRAP :BYTE :=16#03;
EC_DEVICE_STATE_SAFEOP :BYTE :=16#04;
EC_DEVICE_STATE_OP :BYTE :=16#08;
EC_DEVICE_STATE_ERROR :BYTE :=16#10;
EC_DEVICE_STATE_INVALID_VPRS :BYTE :=16#20;
EC_DEVICE_STATE_INITCMD_ERROR :BYTE :=16#40;

(* Link states *)
EC_LINK_STATE_OK :BYTE :=16#00;
EC_LINK_STATE_NOT_PRESENT :BYTE :=16#01;
EC_LINK_STATE_LINK_WITHOUT_COMM :BYTE :=16#02;
EC_LINK_STATE_MISSING_LINK :BYTE :=16#04;
EC_LINK_STATE_ADDITIONAL_LINK :BYTE :=16#08;
EC_LINK_STATE_PORT_A :BYTE :=16#10;
EC_LINK_STATE_PORT_B :BYTE :=16#20;
EC_LINK_STATE_PORT_C :BYTE :=16#40;
EC_LINK_STATE_PORT_D :BYTE :=16#80;

(* Device/Link state IG/IO *)
EC_ADS_IGRP_MASTER_STATEMACHINE :UDINT :=16#00000003;
EC_ADS_IOFFS_MASTER_CURSTATE :UDINT :=16#00000100;
EC_ADS_IOFFS_MASTER_REQSTATE :UDINT :=16#00000101;
EC_ADS_IOFFS_MASTER_INTERNALSTATE :UDINT :=16#00000102;

EC_ADS_IGRP_MASTER_COUNT_SLAVE :UDINT :=16#00000006;
EC_ADS_IOFFS_MASTER_COUNT_SLAVE :UDINT :=16#00000000;
EC_ADS_IOFFS_MASTER_COUNT_PORT :UDINT :=16#00000001;
EC_ADS_IOFFS_MASTER_COUNT_ROUTER :UDINT :=16#00000002;

EC_ADS_IGRP_MASTER_SLAVE_ADDRESSES :UDINT :=16#00000007;
EC_ADS_IGRP_MASTER_SENDCMD :UDINT :=16#00000008;
EC_ADS_IGRP_SLAVE_STATEMACHINE :UDINT :=16#00000009;
EC_ADS_IGRP_MASTER_SLAVE_IDENTITY :UDINT :=16#00000011;
EC_ADS_IGRP_MASTER_SLAVE_CRC :UDINT :=16#00000012;
EC_ADS_IGRP_MASTER_SLAVE_ABNORMAL_STATE_CHANGES :UDINT :=16#00000013;
EC_ADS_IGRP_MASTER_SLAVE_SETPRESENT_CHANGES :UDINT :=16#00000016;
EC_ADS_IGRP_MASTER_DEVICESTATE :UDINT :=16#00000045;
EC_ADS_IGRP_MASTER_COUNT_FRAME :UDINT :=16#00000048;

(* SoE IG/IO *)
EC_ADS_IGRP_ECAT_SOE :UDINT :=16#0000F420;
EC_ADS_IGRP_ECAT_SOE_LASTERROR :UDINT :=16#0000F421;

EC_SOE_ELEMENT_DATASTATE :BYTE :=16#01;
EC_SOE_ELEMENT_NAME :BYTE :=16#02;
EC_SOE_ELEMENT_ATTRIBUTE :BYTE :=16#04;
EC_SOE_ELEMENT_UNIT :BYTE :=16#08;
EC_SOE_ELEMENT_MIN :BYTE :=16#10;

```

```

EC_SOE_ELEMENT_MAX :BYTE :=16#20;
EC_SOE_ELEMENT_VALUE :BYTE :=16#40;
EC_SOE_ELEMENT_DEFAULT :BYTE :=16#80;

(* FoE IG/IO *)
EC_ADS_IGRP_FOE_FOPENREAD :UDINT :=16#0000F401;
EC_ADS_IGRP_FOE_FOPENWRITE :UDINT :=16#0000F402;
EC_ADS_IGRP_FOE_FCLOSE :UDINT :=16#0000F403;
EC_ADS_IGRP_FOE_FREAD :UDINT :=16#0000F404;
EC_ADS_IGRP_FOE_FWRITE :UDINT :=16#0000F405;
EC_ADS_IGRP_FOE_PROGRESSINFO :UDINT :=16#0000F406;
EC_ADS_IGRP_FOE_LASTERROR :UDINT :=16#0000F407;

(* CoE IG/IO *)
EC_ADS_IGRP_CANOPEN_SDO :UDINT :=16#0000F302;
EC_ADS_IGRP_CANOPEN_SDO_LASTERROR :UDINT :=16#0000F303;

EC_DCTIME_DATEDELTA_OFFSET : DWORD := 730120; (* Number of past days since year zero until 1 January
2000 *)
EC_DCTIME_DELTA_OFFSET : T_ULARGE_INTEGER := ( dwHighPart := 16#01BF53EB, dwLowPart := 16#256D4000 )
; (* Number of 100ns ticks between 1.1.1601 and 1.1.2000 *)
EC_DCTIME_TICKSPERMSEC : T_ULARGE_INTEGER := ( dwHighPart := 16#00000000, dwLowPart := 16#000F4240);
(* Number of nanosecond ticks per millisecond *)
EC_DCTIME_TICKSPERSEC : T_ULARGE_INTEGER := ( dwHighPart := 16#00000000, dwLowPart := 16#3B9ACA00);
(* Number of nanosecond ticks per second *)
EC_DCTIME_TICKSPERDAY : T_ULARGE_INTEGER := ( dwHighPart := 16#00004E94, dwLowPart := 16#914F0000);
(* Number of nanosecond ticks per day *)

EC_DCTIME_DELTA_OFFSET64 : ULINT := ULINT#16#01BF53EB_256D4000;
(* Number of 100ns ticks between 1.1.1601 and 1.1.2000 *)
EC_DCTIME_TICKSPERMSEC64 : ULINT := ULINT#16#00000000_000F4240;
(* Number of nanosecond ticks per millisecond *)
EC_DCTIME_TICKSPERSEC64 : ULINT := ULINT#16#00000000_3B9ACA00;
(* Number of nanosecond ticks per second *)
EC_DCTIME_TICKSPERDAY64 : ULINT := ULINT#16#00004E94_914F0000;
(* Number of nanosecond ticks per day *)

bSeqReadDrvAttrAndValue : BOOL := FALSE;
    
```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

13.2 Library version

All libraries have a certain version. The version is indicated in the PLC library repository, for example. A global constant contains the information about the library version:

Global_Version

```

VAR_GLOBAL CONSTANT
    stLibVersion_Tc2_EtherCAT : ST_LibVersion;
END_VAR
    
```

stLibVersion_Tc2_EtherCAT: Version information of the Tc2_EtherCAT library (type: ST_LibVersion)

To check whether the version you have is the version you need, use the function F_CmpLibVersion (defined in the Tc2_System library).



All other options for comparing library versions, which you may know from TwinCAT 2, are outdated!

13.3 EtherCAT mailbox protocol error codes

VAR_GLOBAL CONSTANT

```

(* FoE mailbox protocol error codes *)
EC_FOE_PROTERR_NOTDEFINED : UDINT := 0;
EC_FOE_PROTERR_NOTFOUND : UDINT := 1;
    
```

```

EC_FOE_PROTERR_ACCESS      : UDINT := 2;
EC_FOE_PROTERR_DISKFULL   : UDINT := 3;
EC_FOE_PROTERR_ILLEGAL    : UDINT := 4;
EC_FOE_PROTERR_PACKENO    : UDINT := 5;
EC_FOE_PROTERR_EXISTS     : UDINT := 6;
EC_FOE_PROTERR_NOUSER     : UDINT := 7;
EC_FOE_PROTERR_BOOTSTRAPONLY : UDINT := 8;
EC_FOE_PROTERR_NOTINBOOTSTRAP : UDINT := 9;
EC_FOE_PROTERR_INVALIDPASSWORD : UDINT := 10;

(* CoE mailbox protocol error codes *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_TOGGLE : UDINT := 16#05030000; (* Toggle bit not alternated. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_TIMEOUT : UDINT := 16#05040000; (* SDO protocol timed out. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_CCS_SCS : UDINT := 16#05040001; (* Client/
server command specifier not valid or unknown. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_BLK_SIZE : UDINT := 16#05040002; (* Invalid block size (block mode only). *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_SEQNO : UDINT := 16#05040003; (* Invalid sequence number (block mode only). *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_CRC : UDINT := 16#05040004; (* CRC error (block mode only). *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_MEMORY : UDINT := 16#05040005; (* Out of memory. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_ACCESS : UDINT := 16#06010000; (* Unsupported access to an object. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_WRITEONLY : UDINT := 16#06010001; (* Attempt to read a write only object. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_READONLY : UDINT := 16#06010002; (* Attempt to write a read only object. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_INDEX : UDINT := 16#06020000; (* Object does not exist in the object dictionary. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_PDO_MAP : UDINT := 16#06040041; (* Object cannot be mapped to the PDO. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_PDO_LEN : UDINT := 16#06040042; (* The number and length of the objects to be mapped
would exceed PDO length. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_P_INCOMP : UDINT := 16#06040043; (* General parameter incompatibility reason. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_I_INCOMP : UDINT := 16#06040047; (* General internal incompatibility in the device. *)
)
EC_COE_PROTERR_HARDWARE : UDINT := 16#06060000; (* Access failed due to an hardware error. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_DATA_SIZE : UDINT := 16#06070010; (* Data type does not match, length of service para
meter does not match *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_DATA_SIZE1 : UDINT := 16#06070012; (* Data type does not match, length of service par
ameter too high *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_DATA_SIZE2 : UDINT := 16#06070013; (* Data type does not match, length of service par
ameter too low *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_OFFSET : UDINT := 16#06090011; (* Sub-index does not exist. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_DATA_RANGE : UDINT := 16#06090030; (* Value range of parameter exceeded (only for wri
te access). *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_DATA_RANGE1 : UDINT := 16#06090031; (* Value of parameter written too high. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_DATA_RANGE2 : UDINT := 16#06090032; (* Value of parameter written too low. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_MINMAX : UDINT := 16#06090036; (* Maximum value is less than minimum value. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_GENERAL : UDINT := 16#08000000; (* general error *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_TRANSFER : UDINT := 16#08000020; (* Data cannot be transferred or stored to the appli
cation. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_TRANSFER1 : UDINT := 16#08000021; (* Data cannot be transferred or stored to the appl
ication because of local control. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_TRANSFER2 : UDINT := 16#08000022; (* Data cannot be transferred or stored to the appl
ication because of the present device state. *)
EC_COE_PROTERR_DICTIONARY : UDINT := 16#08000023; (* Object dictionary dynamic generation fails or n
o object dictionary is present (e.g. object dictionary is generated from file and generation fails b
ecause of an file error). *)

```

Requirements

| Development environment | Target platform | PLC libraries to include |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TwinCAT v3.1.0 | PC or CX (x86, x64, ARM) | Tc2_EtherCAT |

14 Sample

Sample project and sample configuration for diagnostics

See https://infosys.beckhoff.com/content/1033/tcplclib_tc2_ethercat/Resources/2364613387/.zip

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